Alaska Regional Response Team March 7, 2024, Anchorage, AK and Virtual (Zoom.gov) **Meeting Summary**

Introductions and Tri-Chairs Report

Mary Goolie, EPA ARRT Coordinator, conducted a roll call of the ARRT Members and the On-scene Coordinators. Alaska RRT Tri-Chairs Beth Sheldrake (EPA R10), CAPT Brian McLaughlin (USCG D17), and Teresa Melville (ADEC) offered opening remarks.

Actions Since the Last Meeting

An overview of the actions of the ARRT since the September 2023 meeting is presented in slides 9 and 10.

ARRT Committee Reports

The table below provides a summary of the major activities of these committees and associated presentation slide numbers.

ARRT Committee	Major Activities	Presentation
Cultural Resources Committee	 Report delivered by Job Aids for cultural resource identification hardcopies distributed for use by responders in the field. Addition information presented in slides 	Slides 12-13
Wildlife Protection Committee	 The Wildlife Protection Committee invites input and participation in efforts to update the Wildlife Protection Guidance, beginning in the summer of 2024. 	Slide 14
Pribilof Islands Working Group	All updates are included on slides.	Slides 15-16
Science and Technology Committee	 The Science and Technology Committee is now Chaired by Liza Sanden (NOAA). The committee anticipates that membership will grow to include pertinent subject matter experts as the subcommittee identifies specific tasks to pursue. 	Slides 17-19
Statewide Planning Committee	 The committee continues to practice "joint planning without joint plans," utilizing the sponsorship model to foster efficiencies in plan development. The Alaska Inland Area Contingency Plan (ACP) is the next plan scheduled to undergo public comment, followed by the Arctic and Western Alaska ACP. 	Slides 21-25
Regional Stakeholder Committee Task Force	All updates are included on slides.	Slides 26-30

Tribal Committee	•	The goal of this is to determine if there is a need to form a committee	Slides 31-34
Task Force			

Area Committee Reports

Each of the four Area Committees updated their activities and recent significant areas, summarized below.

Area Committee	Major Activities	Presentation
Arctic and Western Alaska (AWA)	 Report delivered by LTCDR Ahrens The Area Committee has extended the public comment period for Alaska Oil Spill Planning Criteria until May 4, 2024. AWA AC invites planning partners to provide input. The most recent AWA ACP was signed in 2023, and the next version will incorporate a Worst Case Discharge (WCD) in the Beaufort Sea and the Cook Inlet, provided by BSSE. Recent responses and updates are summarized in the associated slides. Next Area Committee Meeting Date: May 7, 2024; Location: UAA Gorsuch Commons, Anchorage, AK 	Slides 37-44
Prince William Sound Area Committee	 Report delivered by Andrew Waltland, Civilian Planner Prince William Sound Ara Committee introduces USCG Civilian Andrew Watland, who will support the AC in planning. Recent responses and updates are summarized in the associated slides. Next Area Committee Meeting Date: March 14, 2024; Location: Valdez, AK 	Slides 45-50
Southeast Alaska Area Committee	 Report delivered by LT Lindsey Wheeler and LTMCACKEY?MAYLOR? Alaska Tanker Company and the National Weather Service presented at the most recent AC meeting. LT Wheeler will serve as the AC Chair until USCG hires a civilian to fill the position. Next Area Committee Meeting Date: September 2024, specific date and location to be determined. 	Slides 51-57
Alaska Inland Area Committee	 Report delivered by Bob Whittier (EPA) and Kimberly (ADEC) A public 60-day comment period for the Inland Area Contingency Plan will open in March 2024. In addition to responses included in the presentation slide deck, a diesel spill caused by a truck rollover occurred implement 29 on state-managed land and a federal landmark. Next Area Committee Meeting Date and location: To be determined. 	Slides 59-64

Afternoon: Special Topics

The afternoon session consisted of three special topics presentations. A thorough summary of the presentations is not included in this meeting summary due to the complexity and detail; interested parties should review the presentation slides.

Summary of Cultural Resources Job Aids Project

Shina DuVall, representatives from the National Park Service Alaska Interior Region 11, presented the newly completed Cultural Resource Job Aids for Coastal Alaska and one for Inland Alaska. The job aids assist spill responders in recognizing and protecting cultural resources in the field. National Park Service representatives in the Inland Oil Spill Preparedness Program created the job aids with input from multiple planning partner agencies, and leveraged the expertise of local and Tribal partners. A video overview may be viewed at Alaska Job Aids Video. Presenters summarized how to use the Job Aids, and distributed laminated hardcopies for field use. Electronic copies are available at Oil Spill Response (alaska.gov). Presentation provided as slides 68-82.

Dept. of Health and Environmental Public Health Program: Support During an Oil Spill or Hazmat Release

Allison Natcher of the Alaska Dept. of Health Environmental Public Health Program (EPHP) presented capabilities offered by EPHP and ATSDR to support public health concerns during spill response. The presentations included program and agency resources and capabilities, receipt of initial notification, communication process flow between public health-facing organizations, and functions within the Incident Command System (ICS). Presentation provided as slides 83-99.

Wildlife Response at University Lake

Torri Huelskoetter (EPA R10 FOSC) and Anna Carey (ADEC) presented a case study of wildlife deterrence and management during a spill response at University Lake in Anchorage, AK. The spill and response occurred in June and July 2023. Presenters shared wildlife survey tactics, as well as deterrence tactics, challenges, and successes. Additional information on the spill response is found at Site Profile - University Lake Discharge - EPA OSC Response. Presentation provided as slides 100-129.

Maui Case Study: Lithium-Ion Batteries

Chris Meyer (EPA R9 FOSC) presented a case study of lithium-ion battery removal and disposal from fire-damaged areas of Maui after the 2023 wildfires. Meyer presented an overview of lithium-ion battery sources, battery hazards, and response-specific methods of battery recovery, hazard mitigation, and disposal. EPA continues to address lithium-ion battery hazards through prevention and preparedness measures including training development, operational procedures, exercises, and a National EPA OSC Task Force. Additional information on Maui-specific response is available at EPA's Maui Wildfire Webpage. Presentation provided as slides 130-153.

Response Support Capabilities of the NOAA SSC

Liza Sanden (NOAA) took the role of Scientific Support Coordinator (SSC) in November 2023 and is stationed in Alaska at USCG 17. Sanden presented an overview of overview of response support capabilities offered by the SSC and capabilities of various response tools including GNOME, and offered guidance on critical data to provide to the SSC when requesting support. Presentation provided as slides 154-174.

USDOT Response Support Capabilities

Chris Barry (Department of Transportation) presented response capabilities offered by DOT including technical assistance, regulatory relief, and equipment under the National Transportation Response and Recovery Program. Dot can support small to large-scale responses and offers support in transportation permits, waivers, and other regulatory support during a response. Presentation provided as slides 175-192.

Meeting Close-out

Public Comment

- Joel Curtis (NOAA National Weather Service) Shared guidance with the group on how to
 produce more accurate NWS SPOT Forecasts to aid spill response. Responders can request a
 SPOT forecast by first visiting NWS Spot Forecast Request (weather.gov), and entering accurate
 data (accurate lat/long are especially important). Additional Information is presented on slide
 194.
- Audience members noted that the Regional Stakeholder Committee is a valuable resource for incorporating local knowledge in support of spill response, and that Liaison Officers in the UC can maximize valuable local input.

Closing Remarks:

ARRT Tri-chairs offered closing remarks and thanked all presenters and attendees for participating.

Upcoming ARRT Meeting Dates

- September 12, 2024; Location Anchorage, AK
- March 20, 2025; Location to be determined
- September 11, 2025; Location to be determined
- March 5, 2026; Location to be determined
- September 10, 2026; Location to be determined

Participant Summary:

Attendees represented RRT member agencies, other tribal governments, federal, and state agencies, industry, and other non-governmental organizations.

Member Agencies in Attendance			
Member Agency	Present	Not Present	
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation	•		
Department of Agriculture	•		
Department of Commerce	•		
Department of Defense	•		

Department of Energy	•	
Department of Health and Human Services	•	
Department of the Interior	•	
Department of Justice		•
Department of Labor	•	
Department of State		•
Department of Transportation	•	
Environmental Protection Agency	•	
Federal Emergency Management Agency	•	
General Services Agency	•	
U.S. Coast Guard	•	
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission		•

Non-member Organizations in Attendance

- U.S. Department of Commerce, NOAA Fisheries
- U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement
- U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish & Wildlife Service
- U.S. Department of Transportation, Pipelines and Hazardous Material Safety Administration
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forrest Service
- U.S. Dept. of Energy RAP Team

Alaska Division of Homeland Security & Emergency Management

Alaska Dept. of Natural Resources, Office of History and Archaeology

Alaska Dept. of Fish and Game

City of Gustavus

Twin Hills Village Council

Oregon Dept. of Environmental Quality

Federally Recognized Tribes & Consortia

Nondalton Tribal Council

Chickaloon Village Traditional Council (CVTC)

National Weather Service

Industry

ConocoPhillips Alaska, Inc.

Hilcorp Alaska

Non-governmental Organizations and Response and Environmental Services

Integrity Environmental

Nuka Research

International Bird Rescue	
Zender Environmental	
Mat-SU Hazmat	
Global Diving & Salvage, Inc.	
Alaska Clean Seas	
Prism Alaska	
Resolve Marine	
Pearson Consulting	
Crowley Alaska Tankers	
Prism Alaska	
Non-Governmental Organizations	
Ocean Conservancy	
Cook Inlet Regional Citizens Advisory Council	



Alaska Regional Response Team







March 7, 2024

MEETING PURPOSE AND "RULES"

- **▶**This is a business meeting of the **ARRT**
 - Questions and discussions is for ARRT Members and OSCs
- ➢ Items discussed that are the responsibility or content of the Area Committees will be referred to appropriate Area Committee and not included in the meeting discussion, except for how the ARRT can provide support, if requested/needed
- ➤ While open to the public, it is not a public meeting
 - As time allows, questions may be taken from the public. Please type questions in the Chat box. Non-ARRT members are invited to sign up for Public Comment.

MEETING SIGN-IN

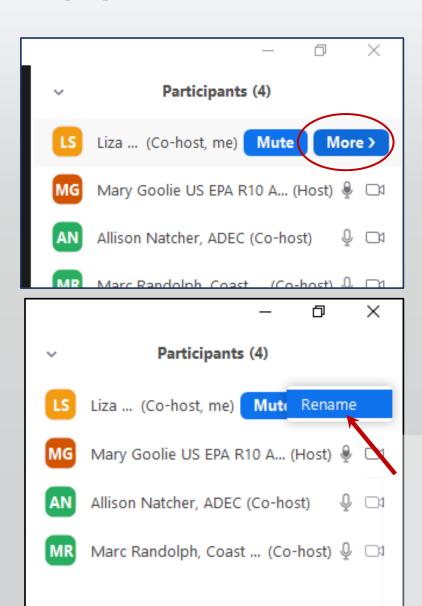


www.AlaskaRRT.org

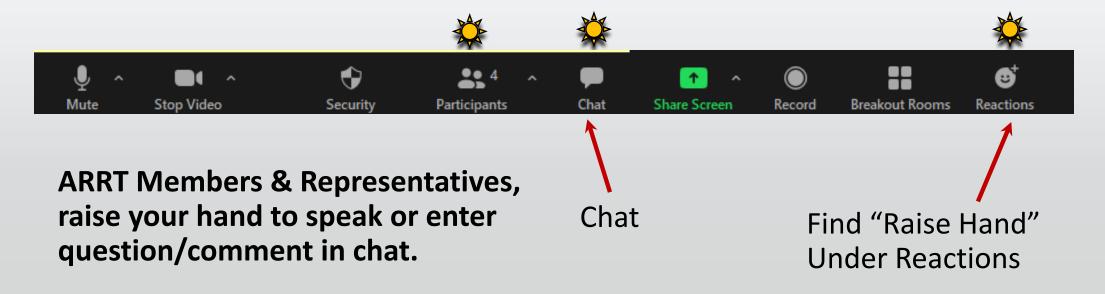
TIPS: USING ZOOM

Change your name to,
 FULL NAME and AGENCY

Please mute your mic & turn off video, except when speaking



ZOOM TIPS: RAISE HAND AND CHAT



Please use "Everyone" Chat when asking or responding to questions or making general comments/requests during this meeting.

MORNING AGENDA

9:00 INTRODUCTIONS AND REVIEW ACTIONS

SINCE LAST MEETING

9:40 ARRT COMMITTEE REPORTS (10 Minutes Each)

10:40-10:50 BREAK

10:50 AREA COMMITTEE REPORTS (10 Minutes Each)

11:30 LUNCH (Until **1:00**)

INTRODUCTIONS & REPORT FROM TRI-CHAIRS



Alaska Regional Response Team







MEMBER ROLL CALL

ARRT Coordinators will facilitate ARRT member and FOSC/SOSC roll call.

For other attendees and members of the public, an attendee list will be based on Participant Names

NEW MEMBERS, OSCS, AND AREA PLANNERS



Andy Watland, PWS Area Secretary

LT Lindsay Wheeler, SEAK Area Secretary

SINCE LAST MEETING (SEPT 2023)

Alaska Regional Response Team

- Tribal Engagement Task Force First Meeting Feb 13, 2024 (next meeting April 3, 2024)
- ARRT Information Sharing Genius Star XI

Other Goings On

- National Contingency Plan, Subpart J final rule (Effective Dec 11, 2023)
 - NCP Product Schedule testing and listing requirements
 - Authorization of use procedures
- WOTUS (Revised rule effective Sept 8, 2023)
 - Conforms rule to May 25, 2023 Supreme Court ruling
- DEC Alaska Native Outreach Meeting (March 1, 2024)

ARRT Staffing Changes

USCG

- CAPT McLaughlin Acting ARRT Tri-Chair
 CDR McFerran Acting ARRT Alt Tri-Chair

ADEC

- Teresa Melville New ARRT Tri-Chair
- Graham Wood Renewed ARRT Alt Tri-Chair
- Ytamar Rodriguez ARRT Coordinator

EPA

 Stephanie Wenning back from temporary assignment (ARRT Alt Tri-Chair)

ALASKA REGIONAL RESPONSE TEAM COMMITTEES



Alaska Regional Response Team









CULTURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE WILDLIFE PROTECTION COMMITTEE PRIBILOF ISLANDS WORKING GROUP

Cultural Resources Committee (CRC)

- No meetings this reporting period
- Current Work: Revising the *Alaska Implementation Guidelines*
 - New Title: "Alaska Historic Properties Implementation Guidelines for Federal On-Scene Coordinators"
 - Revision process paused
 - Next steps: subcommittees to address specific topics
- Cultural Resource Job Aids completed, available on the Alaska Office of History and Archaeology website: https://dnr.alaska.gov/parks/oha/oilspill/aiccrjobaid.htm
- Next meeting to be scheduled in early 2024

Wildlife Protection Committee (WPC)

- Wildlife Protection Guidelines for Oil Spill Response in Alaska (WPG)
 - UPDATE your WPG bookmark on the ARRT Website: https://alaskarrt.org/PublicFiles/WPG-v2020.2-FINAL.pdf.
 - Wildlife Protection Tab on the ARRT Website: https://www.alaskarrt.org/Home/Documents/50
 - ALL the updated WPG forms and tools are available at:
 ADEC Area Plan References and Tools
- Wildlife Observation Job Aid
 - Printing more copies for field use
- Future work
 - Begin content update of WPG this summer (will likely take 1-2 years to complete)
- Next meeting TBD

Pribilof Islands Working Group

- Pribilof Islands Wildlife Protection Guidelines (PI WPG)
 - Completed revision available on the ARRT website:
 - https://alaskarrt.org/PublicFiles/PribilofIslandsWPG April2023.pdf
 - PI WPG also available at:
 ADEC Area Plan References and Tools
- WPC is considering a Pribilof Island wildlifefocused drill in 2024 to practice using the new PI WPG







Wildlife Protection Committee

Pribilof Islands Working Group

> Version 2023.1 April 2023

Questions?

ADEC: mike.donnellan@alaska.gov

ADFG: jeanette.alas@alaska.gov

DOI: lisa_fox@ios.doi.gov

grace_cochon@ios.doi.gov

FWS: bridget_crokus@fws.gov

NMFS: sadie.wright@noaa.gov

SHPO: judy.bittner@alaska.gov





SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

- Liza Sanden (DOC/NOAA)
 - liza.sanden@noaa.gov
- Heather Parker (DOD/ Navy)
 - heather.a.parker.civ@us.navy.mil
- Sara Benovic (DOD/ Navy)
 - sara.l.benovic.civ@us.navy.mil
- Mike Donnellan (ADEC)
 - mike.donnellan@alaska.gov

NATIONAL RESPONSE TEAM SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY PROJECTS

2 Official Projects

- Updating SMART Protocols for Dispersants and In Situ Burning
- Updating old fact sheets
 - (16 fact sheets, average age 20 years old.)
- 2 Possible Projects
- Develop an FAQ on SMART Dispersant Monitoring vs Subpart J dispersant monitoring.
- Develop a simple modelling tools guide.
 - Tools & options for modeling pollutants in air and water.



STATEWIDE PLANNING COMMITTEE

Statewide Planning Committee members

ARRT Coordinators

- EPA: Mary Goolie
- USCG D17:
 Angella Gebert
- ADEC: Ytamar Rodriquez

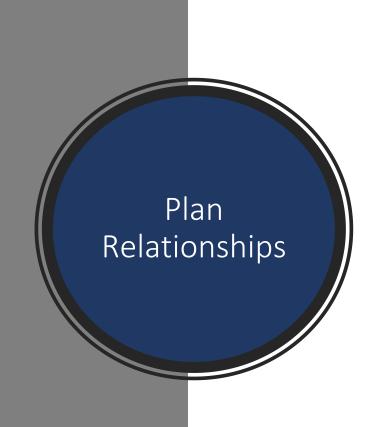
USCG Area Secretaries and ADEC/EPA Area Planners

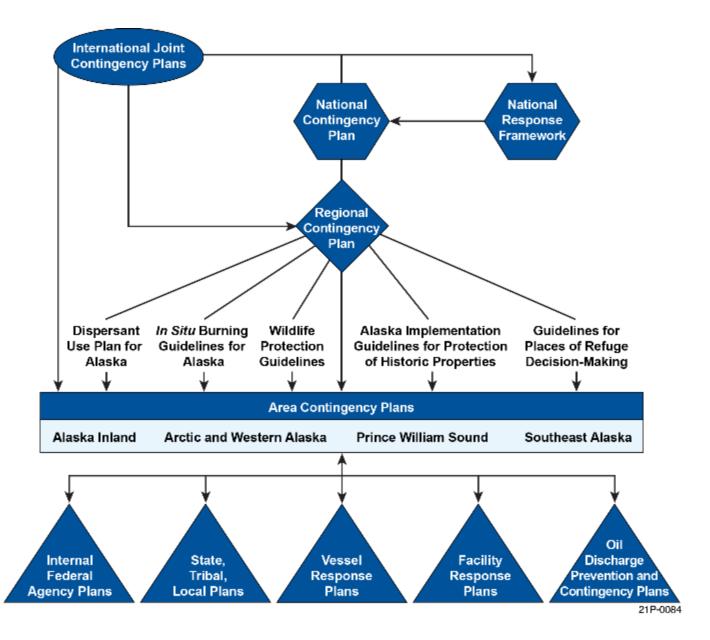
- USCG PWS: LT Shelby Frasca & Andy Watland
- USCG SEAK: LT Lindsay Wheeler & LT Matthew Naylor
- **USCG AWA:** LCDR JoEllen Arons
- ADEC: Victoria Colles
- **EPA:** Mary Goolie

Statewide Planning Committee Activity

- Monthly SPC Meetings
- Upcoming ACP Reviews: AK Inland ACP & Arctic Western Alaska ACP
- Outreach: bimonthly announcement email & quarterly newsletter
- Recommending & and coordinating ADEC and ARRT Website Updates
- Planning a May workshop for the SPC members to look at the new USCG ACP template

Overall: Interagency coordination of planning efforts





Regional Contingency Plan

- Planner Centric
- Region-wide policy issues
- Updates: ARRT

Area Contingency Plan

- Responder Centric
- Area resources and procedures
- Updates: Area Committee





REGIONAL STAKEHOLDER COMMITTEE TASK FORCE

RSC Task Force

Task Force Initiated by ARRT Tri-Chairs 2/17/2022,

Task Force Members

- Environmental Protection Agency
- United States Coast Guard
- Alaska Department Environmental Conservation
- Native Village of Eyak
- Aleutian Pribilof Islands Association
- Prince William Sound Regional Citizens Advisory Council (RCAC)
- Cook Inlet RCAC
- Alaska Clean Seas
- Crowley Marine
- Alyeska Pipeline Service Co.
- Hilcorp Alaska LLC

Task Force Meeting History

- 2/28/2024
- 1/17/2024
- 9/5/2023
- 7/25/2023
- 6/14/2023
- 4/28/2023
- 2/21/2023
- 1/24/2023
- 12/20/2022
- 11/30/2022
- 11/15/2022
- 9/27/2022
- 8/2/2022

RSC Task Force

Deliverables (under development)

- Liaison Officer Job Aid
- Regional Stakeholder Committee (RSC) Member Job Aid
- Updated Definitions for RSC and Regional Citizens Advisory Council (RCAC)
- Updated RSC content/language for Area Contingency Plans and the Regional Contingency Plan

What's Happening Now/ What's Next

- Work on the RSC Member Job Aid
- Tri-Chair Review for all deliverables
- Public Review (2024 with the Arctic Western Alaska ACP Public Review)

Contact us:

Alaska Regional Response Team Coordinators

Mary Goolie – EPA

goolie.mary@epa.gov

Angella Gebert – USCG

angella.r.gebert1@uscg.mil

Ytamar Rodriquez— ADEC

Ytamar.rodiquez@alaska.gov





TRIBAL COMMITTEE TASK FORCE

Tribal Task Force

Task Force Initiated by ARRT Tri-Chairs March 2023

Task Force Members

- Environmental Protection Agency
- United States Coast Guard
- Alaska Department Environmental Conservation
- Native Village of Napaimute
- Native Village of Chickaloon
- Aleutian Pribilof Islands Association
- Kawerak
- Department of the Interior
- Federal Emergency Management Agency
- Department of Defense/Navy
- Department of Transportation

First Task Force Meeting

• February 13, 2024

Proposed Tasking from the ARRT Tri-Chairs

- 1. Review Article VIII of ARRT Charter.
- 2. Review Presidential Memoranda of January 26, 2021 and November 30, 2022.
- 3. Review current guidance and other relevant law, regs, policies and documentation.
- 4. Make recommendations re:
 - a. Edits to current guidance
 - b. Inclusion of DOI guidance re. ANCSA Corporations
 - c. Adopting new approaches & technologies for better outcomes
 - d. Establishing a permanent ARRT Tribal Affairs committee and identifying committee goals
- 5. Produce/present report to ARRT full membership.

Contact us:

Alaska Regional Response Team Tribal Task Force Co-Chairs

Mary Goolie – EPA

goolie.mary@epa.gov

CDR Jim McFerran– USCG
james.c.mcferran@uscg.mil







Please don't forget to SIGN IN

BREAK

ALASKA REGIONAL RESPONSE TEAM AREA COMMITTEE REPORTS



Alaska Regional Response Team









ARCTIC AND WESTERN ALASKA AREA COMMITTEE

AREA COMMITTEE UPDATE

Notable initiatives within the Arctic and Western Alaska Area Committee:

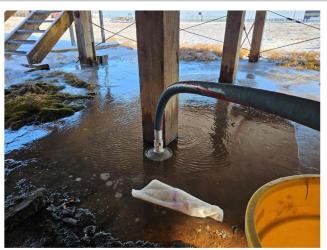
- Conducting outreach on the Western AK Planning Criteria
 - Attended "Alaska Forum on the Environment"
 - Pending "Alaska Tribal Conference on Environmental Management"
- Geographic Response Strategy Progress
 - Tier 1 and 2 Field in conjunction with UAS Validations throughout Western Alaska Region
- Next Area Committee Meeting: May 7th UAA Gorsuch Commons

AREA CONTINGENCY PLAN UPDATE

- Area Contingency Plan signed Jan 2023
 - Integrating BSEE Worst Case Discharge (Beaufort Sea & Cook Inlet)
- Future ACP Updates
 - Convening workgroup meeting with planners/secretaries in May 2024 to commence ACP re-architecture per CG-MER guidance
 - Re-architecture ETA December 2024

CASE SUMMARY - POINT LAY



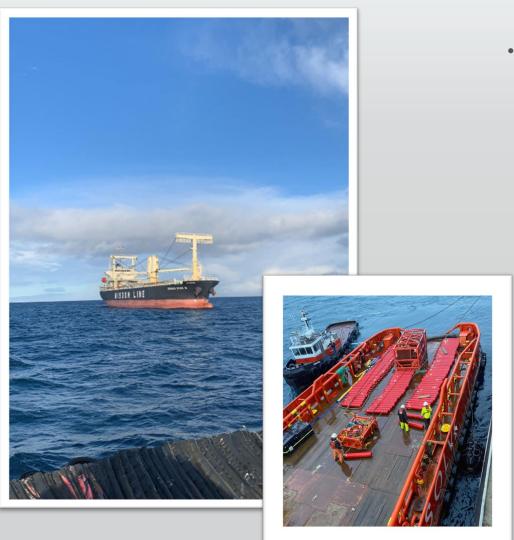


- On 09 Oct 23, 2,500 gal. diesel reported discharged from a tank in Point Lay:
 - Secondary containment failed & impacted community buildings.
 - Weather and ice inhibited response capability and only 270 gallons were recovered.
 - Winterization plan created and response efforts will continue in the spring.





CASE SUMMARY – GENIUS STAR XI



- 25-28 Dec 2023, USCG responded to 2 fires reported on the M/V GENIUS STAR IX, a 410-foot vessel containing 800 tons of Lithium-Ion Batteries.
 - GENIUS STAR XI expended its CO2 suppression system while fighting the fire.
 - A UC Command was established with USCG, ADEC, and Gallagher Marine Systems.
 - The COTP directed the vessel to a mooring buoy in Dutch Harbor to ensure SOLAS.
 - Gallagher Marine hired Resolve Marine, T&T Salvage and technical experts to make the vessel seaworthy.
 - Pacific Strike Team deployed to conduct continuous air monitoring for the duration of the response.

CASE SUMMARY – POINT THOMSON EXPORT PIPELINE



- On 16 Jan, USCG/ADEC responded to an oil spill 35 miles East of Prudhoe Bay:
 - An maximum potential 275 barrels of natural gas condensate spilled from a 22-mile pipeline.
 - Unified Command established with USCG, ADEC, North Slope Borough, & Harvest (RP).
 - Clamp was installed on pipeline; source of leak is secured.
 - RP mobilized gear and commenced removal of contaminated snow between intermittent weather windows.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

- Further development of UAS policy and program expansion
- Expansion of Arctic Deployment Operations
- Upcoming Exercises:
 - 02-03 May North Slope Borough (Utqiagvik)
 - 16-17 Apr Prudhoe Bay/Hilcorp (Anchorage)
 - TBD Aug Kodiak Tsunami IMT (Kodiak)
 - TBD Sep Red Dog IMT (Red Dog Mine)



AREA COMMITTEE CONTACTS

ADEC Area Planning website:

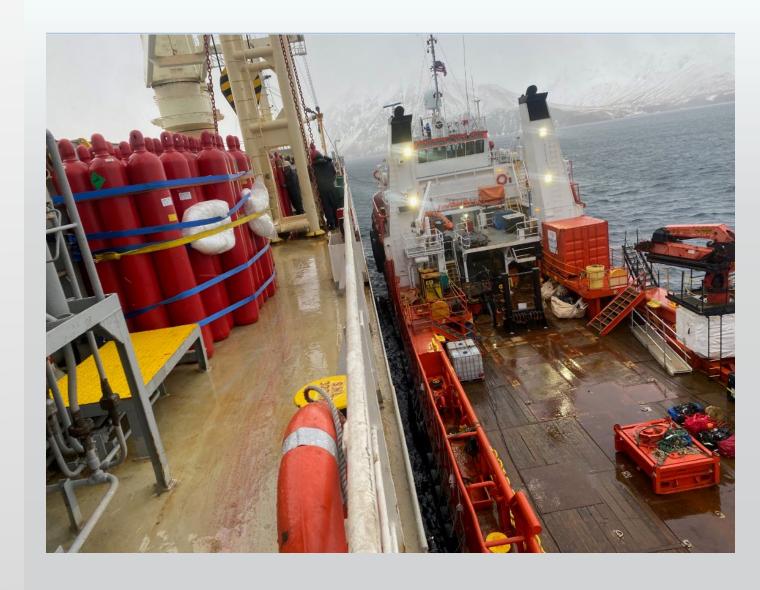
http://alaska.gov/go/7EKN

Contact us:

Victoria Colles Victoria.Colles@alaska.gov

LCDR JoEllen Arons

<u>Joellen.m.arons@uscg.mil</u>





PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND AREA COMMITTEE BRIEF

AREA COMMITTEE UPDATE

Notable initiatives within the PWS Area Committee:

- Last Steering Committee Meeting:
 - January 30th
- Next Area Committee Meeting:
 - March 14th, 2024 (Valdez)
 - Fall (Cordova)

Photo credit: Gary Minish, Kelsey Dock, State Ferry



AREA CONTINGENCY PLAN UPDATE

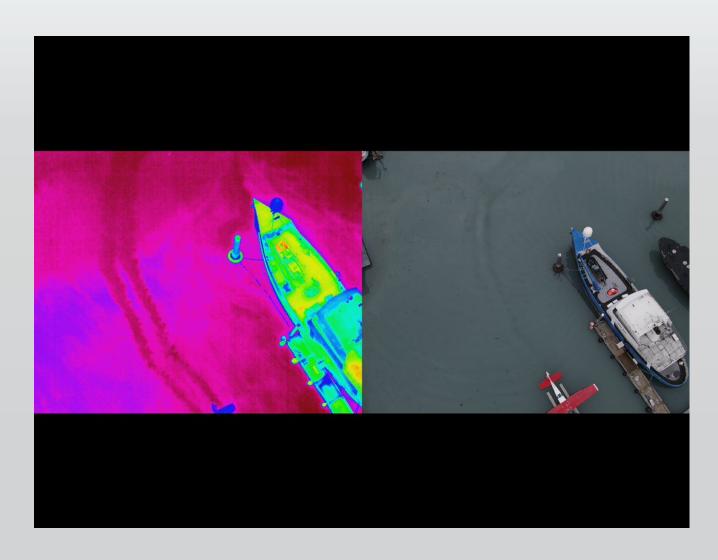
Current Version (2020.1) signed 1/9/2023

Plan updates:

- Convening workgroup meeting in May 2024 to commence ACP architecture per CG-MER guidance
- Continue to streamline formatting.
 Incorporate applicable changes
 made in AWA and Inland ACPs
- Use reference and tools boxes directing readers to updated information.
- Public comment late 2024

Future considerations:

- GRS digitalization
- RSC Job aids



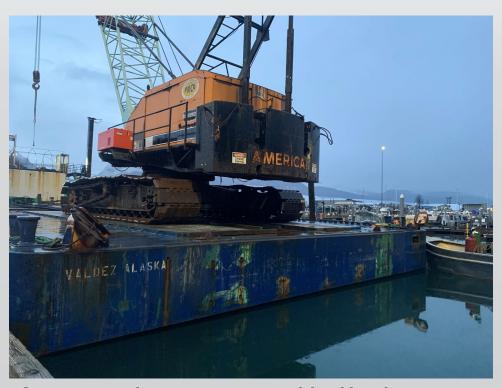
CASE SUMMARY/ENFORCEMENT

Valdez Petroleum Terminal Spill 04JAN24



During a transfer of diesel, a partially open valve caused a discharge into the Port of Valdez resulting in the halting of transfer operations and OSRO response conducted.

Harris Sand and Gravel 03NOV23



A construction crane owned by Harris Sand & Gravel discharged hydraulic oil from a leaking hose while sitting atop of a barge causing a sheen upon the surface of Valdez harbor.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

 ICS-400 & Operations Section Chief training completed Jan. 25, 2024 (Valdez)

Upcoming Exercises 2024:

- March 12 Fisheries/ESA S7
 presentation March 12 (USCG MSU Valdez)
- March 13 TableTop Exercise "F/V Other Guys" March 13 (Valdez PWSC)
- May 8 Alyeska VMT FE (Valdez SERVS VEOC)
- May 30 AlaskaEX Valdez
- Oct. 15 to 17 PWS Shippers Drill Andeavor (Valdez SERVS VEOC)



PWS AREA COMMITTEE CONTACTS

PWS Area Planning website:

Prince William Sound Area (alaska.gov)

Contact us:

Sarah.K.Rousseau@uscg.mil

Anna.Carey@alaska.gov

Andrew.M.Watland2@uscg.mil

Victoria.Colles@alaska.gov



East view of the Valdez Small Boat Harbor Photo credit: Gary Minish



SOUTHEAST ALASKA AREA COMMITTEE

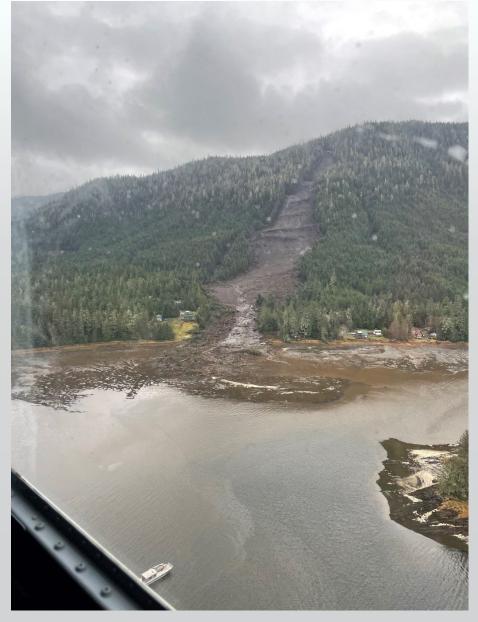
AREA COMMITTEE UPDATE

Recent Actions:

- Area Committee Meeting 12 Feb, 2024
- LT Wheeler is the new SEAK Executive Secretary
- Next meeting in September, 2024

Initiatives:

 Tactics Exercise/GRS Validation – April 22-25, 2024 -Sitka, Alaska



Wrangell Landslide as seen from CG-6026 on November 18, 2023

AREA CONTINGENCY PLAN UPDATE

- Latest Version: March, 2021
- Future Updates:
 - GRS and UAS protocol IAW Sponsorship Model
 - Administrative update
 - Pending Public Comment Period

WRANGELL LANDSLIDE CASE SUMMARY

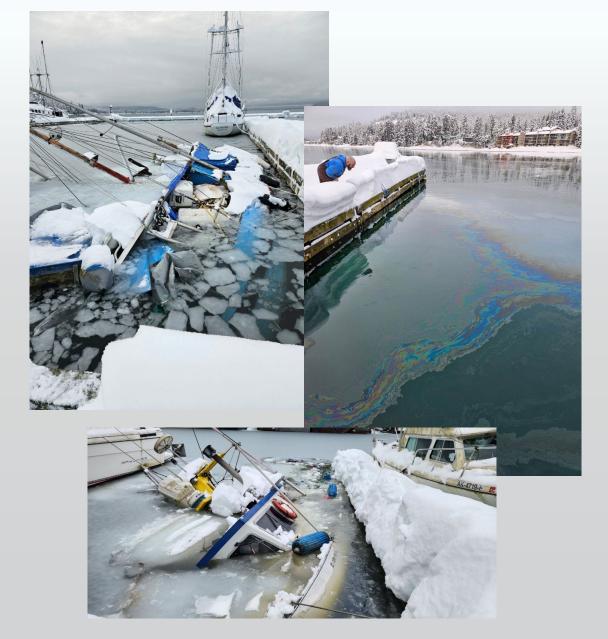
- 20 Nov 2023: USCG and local/state/tribal partners were notified in the evening of a landslide on Zemovia Highway in Wrangell, AK
- 3 homes were wiped out and 6 people missing or confirmed deceased; 1 survivor
- Immediate response focused on SAR of missing individuals
- Pollution response carried out over next few days to address reports of sheening and fuel odors
- Responders from USCG MSD Ketchikan arrived on scene with contractor Alaska Commercial Divers (ACD) to assess pollution reports and determine sources
- After a couple days, no definitive pollution sources located; ACD unable to safely dive in area due to shifting mud and debris
- Source estimates included 6 cars, 2 excavators, 1 dump truck, and 1 container of home heating oil; none were recovered
- Light sheen observed in area presumed to originate from submerged vehicles or heavy equipment
- USCG and ACD continued to work with local officials and the EOC before demobilizing



Wrangell Landslide photos from CGC BAILEY BARCO, UAS, and MSD Ketchikan from 21-24 November 2023

JUNEAU SNOWSTORM CASE SUMMARY

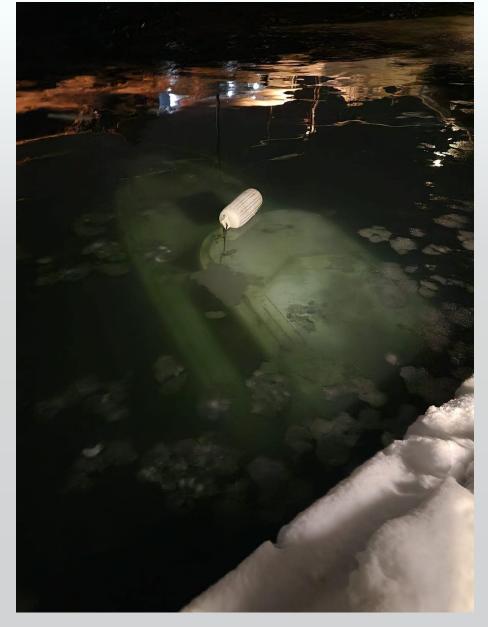
- 16-25 Jan 2024: Juneau experienced a series of snow storms over the course of several days, generating over 60 in of snow
- USCG and ADEC responded to reports of 9 vessels sunk or partially sunk in 3 harbors across Juneau; owners, contractors, city officials, and ADEC responders employed boom and sorbents
- Respective oil products included gasoline and diesel; estimated amounts onboard all vessels totaled at least 585 gal gasoline & 200 gal diesel
- USCG opened federal funds for 5 of the vessels (later downgraded to 4) with total NPFC expenditures over \$183,000
- Event highlighted the importance of boat owners to maintain snow accumulation to avoid costly incidents



Photos by USCG responders of sunken boats and associated sheens in Juneau harbors

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

- Exercises:
 - GRS/Tactics Ex, 22-25 April 2024 in Sitka
 - Tabletop with DEC, September 2024 in Juneau
- Emergency Management Specialist position opening for Sector Southeast Alaska



Sunken vessel in Aurora Harbor, Juneau from 15 Jan 2024

AREA COMMITTEE CONTACT

ADEC Area Planning website:

http://alaska.gov/go/7EKN



Sunken vessel in Aurora Harbor, Juneau from 25 Jan 2024



ALASKA INLAND AREA COMMITTEE

AREA COMMITTEE UPDATE

Working Groups Sponsored by AK Inland Area Committee

- Administrative: Going out for public comment
- In Situ Burning: Task Completed. ISB Decision-Making Checklist posted on ADEC website.
 Checklist will be incorporated into 2023 ACP
- Hazardous Substance Response: Task Update ACP Chapter 7000 & HazSub Job Aid. On Hold
- Response Logistics: Task Update Chapter 5000 Logistics & Logistics Job Aid. On Hold

AREA CONTINGENCY PLAN UPDATE

Version 2020.1 approved March 2021
Public Review Period planned for March 2024

2023 Tasks: Annual Review Kick off at March 6 Area Committee/ Admin Subcommittee meeting

Focus of Modifications:

Incorporate applicable changes made in AWA and PWS ACPs

Incorporate products of ISB Working Group

Contact <u>Mary Goolie</u> and <u>Victoria Colles</u> with proposed plan modifications or to be on the AK Inland Admin Subcommittee

CASE SUMMARY – MATANUSKA RESPONSE

- October 2023 Old Matanuska Townsite
- Response Actions Summary:
 - Nine-day removal conducted in partnership with the Matanuska-Susitna Borough
 - Disposed of:
 - 84 tons of lead and thallium soil
 - 25 cubic yards of hazardous substances such as lead-based paint, corrosive material, solvents, and asbestoscontaining material





CASE SUMMARY – RED DOG MP 14.5 TRUCK ROLLOVER

- October 18, 2023
- Estimated 1-2 metric tons of mining concentrate released, including lead, zinc, and cadmium
- Coincided with fall caribou migration
- Limited weather windows for cleanup
- Trying to maximize clean up while minimizing impacts to the tundra plant community

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

- Proposing Capacity Building Outreach and Training-Coordinated by EPA, ADEC
- Removals planned at Shungnak School, potential removals at ANCSA sites
- Future focus discussions on lithium-ion battery preparedness and response in Alaska
- Upcoming exercises

• ?



AREA COMMITTEE CONTACTS

ADEC Area Planning website:

ADEC Area Planning website: http://alaska.gov/go/7EKN
Contact us:

huelskoetter.torri@epa.gov whittier.robert@epa.gov anna.carey@alaska.gov rachael.krajewski@alaska.gov kimberley.maher@alaska.gov bernie.nowicki@alaska.gov







Please SIGN IN

LUNCH

Meeting will restart at 1:00 PM (Alaska time)

 If you want to offer a public comment, sign up in "Chat" or the sign up sheet located in the room

 Must sign up by the end of this lunch break.

WELCOME BACK

Meeting Sign-In



www.AlaskaRRT.org

AFTERNOON AGENDA

AVAILABLE SUPPORT FROM NOAA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

3:15

3:30

1:30 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, ENVIRONMENTAL PUBLICHEALTH PROGRAM, SUPPORT DURING AN OIL SPILL OR HAZMAT RELEASE (30 Minutes)

2:00-2:15 BREAK

2:15 WILDLIFE RESPONSE AT UNIVERSITY LAKE (30 Minutes)

2:45 MAUI CASE STUDY: LITHIUM-ION BATTERIES (30 Minutes)

(15 Minutes)

(15 Minutes)



CULTURAL RESOURCES JOB AID

Summary of Cultural Resources Job Aids Project

Inland Oil Spill Preparedness Program (IOSPP)

Jennifer Pederson Weinberger, Cultural Resources Program Manager Shina duVall, Regional Archeologist Interior Region 11 – Alaska Regional Office, National Park Service

Job Aids for Oil Spill Response Personnel

- Intended for use during an incident by non-cultural resource experts (e.g., members of SCAT teams, Incident Command, etc.)
- Ideally used in coordination with a designated Historic Properties Specialist (HPS) if assigned on a spill
- Also useful if no HPS is assigned

Job Aids for Oil Spill Response Personnel

- Simple, straightforward, user-friendly
- Two versions Coastal and Inland (per oil spill response structure under either USCG and EPA)
- Translatable to other regions/agencies

Alaska Coastal Cultural Resource Job Aid

It is a privilege to live and work on these lands stewarded by Alaska Native people since time immemorial

What are cultural resources?

Objects, places, traditions, and beliefs that are significant to a group of people and form a collective cultural identity. Cultural resources include objects/artifacts made of stone, ceramic, bone, metal, glass, or wood, or buildings, structures, cemeteries, monuments, shipwrecks, railroads, trails, and subsistence areas. There are federal and state laws protecting cultural resources. Treat cultural resources with respect and help protect them.

IMPORTANT!

If you observe bone or possible human remains, immediately notify your Supervisor/Authorized Official (AO) or Historic Property Specialist (HPS).



Scan here - Access a short tutorial on how to use this form, and other resources here.

Make a call - An AO or Incident HPS

may call the State Historic Preservation

Office at (907) 269-8700 for assistance.



Know where you are - Record GPS coordinates and nearby permanent landmarks.



Take some notes - Describe what you see. Consider size, extent, location, condition, and threats.



Do not disturb - Do not collect or move anything. Doing so can risk damaging an artifact or its historic integrity.



Take a photo - Photograph the location and any artifacts using the provided scale and north arrow.

Incident	Your name				
AO/HPS Name, Ph	none			Date _	
Lat/Long					.
Observations (attac	ch pages if necessary)				
Place this scale and north arrow in your photos.	5 CM			5 CM	NORTH
iii youi pilotos.		1 CM			7

Examples of Coastal Cultural Resources









ilings, shipwrecks/watercraft, potentially-historic marine debris, petroglyphs

















oncentrations of bone, stone, wood, metal tools/artifacts, pottery, glass, rock rings, house pits/depressions













Cabins, churches, trails, corrals, railroad tracks, totems, abandoned buildings, caches























Alaska Inland Cultural Resource Job Aid

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GPS coordinates and nearby permanent landmarks.



Take some notes - Describe what you see. Consider size, extent, location, condition, and threats.

Know where you are - Record



Do not disturb - Do not collect or move anything. Doing so can risk damaging an artifact or its historic integrity.



Take a photo - Photograph the location and any artifacts using the provided scale and north arrow.

Incident		Y	Your name				
AO/HPS Name, Ph	ione		Date				
Lat/Long							
Observations (attac	ch pages if necessary)						
Place this scale and north arrow in your photos.	5 CM			5 CM	NO RTH		
iii your pilotos.		1 CM			7		

Examples of Inland Cultural Resources











camps, shipwrecks/watercraft, dredges, rock art, fish traps/wheels

















Concentrations of bone, stone, wood, metal tools/artifacts, pottery, glass, rock rings, house pits/depressions



































Components of the form: Definitions

What are cultural resources?

Objects, places, traditions, and beliefs that are significant to a group of people and form a collective cultural identity. Cultural resources include objects/artifacts made of stone, ceramic, bone, metal, glass, or wood, or buildings, structures, cemeteries, monuments, shipwrecks, railroads, trails, and subsistence areas.

There are federal and state laws protecting cultural resources.

Treat cultural resources with respect and help protect them.

Important Reminders

IMPORTANT!

If you observe bone or possible human remains, immediately notify your Supervisor/Authorized Official (AO) or Historic Property Specialist (HPS).

Simple Icons



Scan here – Access a short tutorial on how to use this form, and other resources here.



Make a call – An AO or Incident HPS may call the State Historic Preservation Office at (907) 269-8700 for assistance.



Do not disturb – Do not collect or move anything. Doing so can risk damaging an artifact or its historic integrity.



Know where you are – Record GPS coordinates and nearby permanent landmarks.



Take some notes – Describe what you see. Consider size, extent, location, condition, and threats.



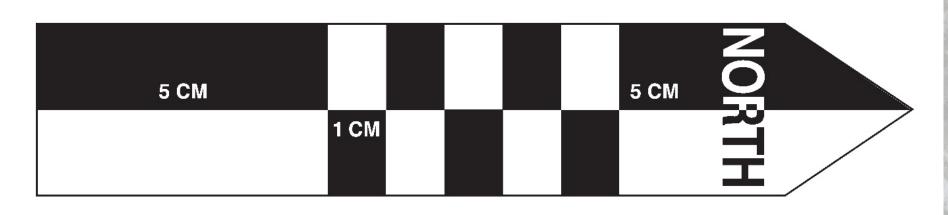
Take a photo – Photograph the location and any artifacts using the provided scale and north arrow.

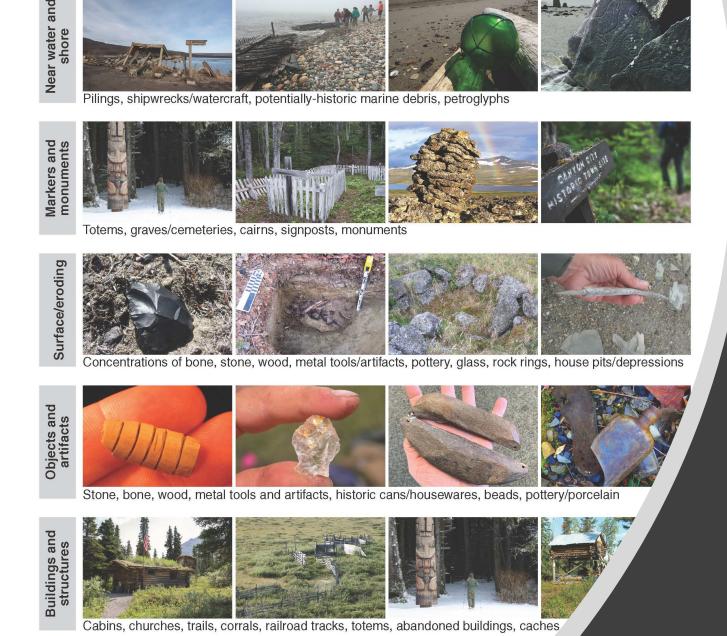
Prompts for Recording Key Information

Your name
Date

North Arrow & Scale for Photographs

Place this scale and north arrow in your photos.





Representative Photographs by Category







Naghe nduniyu! (Dena'ina) Welcome!

myAlaska Departments State Employee

THE GREAT STATE

Naghe nduniyu!

OHA HOME PROGRAMS TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE OHA NEWS ABOUT US FREQUENTLY USED

myAlaska Departments State Employees

OFFICE OF HISTORY AND ARCHAEOLOGY O DNR State of Alask

Parks Home / Office of History and Archaeology / Oil Spill Response

Alaska Oil Spill Response and Cultural Resources

The 1989 EXXON VALDEZ oil spill and response activities that followed necessitated the development of emergency and long-term measures to protect cultural resources along Alaska's affected coastline. The Alaska State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) played a key role in developing and monitoring these efforts, along with other government and industry cultural resource specialists.

dditional Preservation Planning Resources K Inland and Coastal Cultural Resource Job Aids NEW

In many ways, the response to cultural resources and quick development of an infrastructure to address the challenges were unprecedented. There were lessons learned as protocols, guidelines, and organizational structure evolved over the course of several field seasons. One of the important accomplishments in the aftermath of the EXXON VALDEZ oil spill was the development of a "National Programmatic Agreement on Protection of Historic Properties During Emergency Response Under the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan" and the complimentary "Alaska Implementation Guidelines for Federal On-Scene Coordinators for the Programmatic Agreement On Protection Of Historic Properties During Emergency Response Under The National Oil And Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan."

Chris Wooley (Chumis Cultural Resource Services), who has played a key role as an industry contractor for the EXXON VALDEZ spill response and for subsequent spill responses and spill drills, offers this advice for cultural resource professionals responding to a major multi-state oil

"[Response] ... will likely require the organization of a joint Cultural Technical Advisory Group from a number of SHPOs across the spill area. The first thing that typically is done is implement a cleanup-wide cultural resource policy... (customized to the event) that shows the unified command supports the historic properties issues... If there are cultural resource issues (sites in the spill area), get archaeologists on the SCAT (shoreline assessment) teams to document site condition prior to response if at all possible. Keeping site confidentiality is a challenge, so using shoreline segment numbers - not site names or locations when dealing with the documentation - help protect locations. Get monitors into the cleanup. As you know, this takes coordination with all the Unified Command elements, and most importantly, good communications with the Operations element. The folks involved in laying boom, collecting oil, doing cleanup need to understand we're not some pinhead "ologists" doing research and standing in the way of cleanup. Rather we're there to help them work around these sensitive areas - just liv or spawning area of biological concern. That's a message that needs to be understood early in the response."



Parks Home / Office of History and Archaeology / Oil Spill Response / Alaska Inland and Coastal Cultural Resource Job Aids

Alaska Inland and Coastal Cultural Resource Job Aids

The Alaska Inland and Coastal Cultural Resource Job Aids are two-page visual aids that provide simple, straightforward guidance on how to appropriately and respectfully identify and report observations of cultural resources during spill/incident response. The two versions are intended to correspond to the overarching structure of oil spill response in the United States - inland response led by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and coastal response led by the U.S. Coast Guard (USCG). Each form provides a definition for cultural resources, color photos of representative examples of cultural resources, and directions on what to do if one observes cultural resources when in the field. There are prompts on the form for the type of information that is critical to record, and guidance on photographing and documenting location information. The job aids were developed for incident response professionals assigned to SCAT teams, incident command, etc. They may be used in coordination with a designated Historic Properties Specialist (HPS) if one is assigned, or on incidents where no HPS is assigned. As designed, they are easily customized to other regions/agencies.

These Job Aids were produced in partnership amongst the U.S. Department of National Park Service Alaska Regional Office, U.S. Bureau of Land Management, Alaska Department of Natural Resources Office of History and Archaeology, State of Chickaloon Native Village.

The project was supported by a generous grant from the U.S. Department of the Interior. Laminated hard copies can be obtained by contacting Shina duVall, Regional Archeologist at the Alaska Re the scale provided on the forms.

Alaska Inland Cultural Resource Job Aid Alaska Coastal Cultural Resource Job Aid

Alaska Job Aids Video

Watch this video to hear from cultural resource professionals, Tribal leaders, and agency personnel about why protect cultural resources during incident response and how to do it using the Alaska Inland and Coastal Cultural Resource,

Where are these tools located?

Purpose and Use

Alaska Coastal Cultural Resource Job Aid

It is a privilege to live and work on these lands stewarded by Alaska Native people since time immemorial

Introduction and use

Alaska Inland Cultural Resource Job Aid

It is a privilege to live and work on these lands stewarded by Alaska Native people since time immemorial

Alaska Job Aids Video -YouTube





Toolkit

Cultural Resource Job Aids Toolkit

Do you like the Job Aids but you're not in Alaska? Or you have an idea for how they can be used in other ways? The partners who developed the Alaska Job Aids have developed a toolkit for use by other entities or regions to customize their own Cultural Resource Job Aids. The toolkit includes a 'Tips and Tricks' guidance document, as well as Interior and Coastal folders with blank InDesign files, fonts, and image tables.

Tips and Tricks for CR Job Aid Templates

Alaska Interior Job Aid Template Folder Alaska Coastal Job Aid Template Folder



Tips and Tricks **Cultural Resource Job Aid Template**

Your job aid templates are provided as Adobe InDesign documents (.indd)

For ease of use, the templates use the common fonts Arial and Times, included in most computer systems. Your computer's version of these fonts may be different. The first time you open the InDesign document you will see an alert dialog box like this. Click on the Replace Fonts button to substitute the closest font on your system.



If Adobe InDesign is unavailable, you can view the .pdf file with Adobe Acrobat

5 CM

You may use this template as a guide, including use of any concepts, wording, and design elements. Feel free to directly copy and paste the text from the .pdf file into your program.

1 CM

The icons and the North Arrow are available as .eps and .jpg files in the Graphic Resources folder.







The North Arrow must not be scaled!

When you import the North Arrow, be sure all scaling options are set at 100%. The arrow should be placed as close to an edge of the document as possible, while also allowing for your printer's margins. Remember, the photographer will want to place the arrow as close to the photo subject (e.g., artifact) as possible!

Photo hints

Once you have imported your images, it is good practice to print a test copy to examine the results. Make sure each photo's overall quality and pixel resolution is sufficient to be useful to the user. Be aware that many images dowloaded from the internet may not have a resolution high enough for print quality. Always be aware of copyright rules!

Be sure to print your job aids at 100%!

Printers will often default to a "scale to margins" setting or similar wording. If printed with this option checked, the arrow size will be reduced, and scale inaccurate. If you have allowed for margins, typically a maximum of .25 inch, you can print at Actual Size and your content will not be cut off. Make sure your print dialog box settings are all set to Actual Size, or 100%!



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, ENVIRONMENTAL PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAM, SUPPORT DURING AN OIL SPILL OR HAZMAT RELEASE



Oil Spill & Hazardous Material Release Support

Allison Natcher, MPH
Environmental Public Health Program

Environmental Public Health Program (EPHP)

• Evaluate potential hazards to human health associated with toxic substances in the environment.

- Epidemiological studies and toxicological risk assessments are used to evaluate human exposures to hazardous substances and potential health risks.
- Chemical contaminants can enter our environment from emergency release events, hazardous waste disposal, global transport, local deposition and other sources.

Environmental Public Health Program (EPHP)

- Develop intervention strategies to reduce or eliminate chemical exposures of human health concerns.
- Foster two-way communication to address community concerns about contaminants.
- Provide information about the health risks associated with hazardous substances.
- Provide information about balancing the risks and benefits of subsistence food resources in Alaska.

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

- Recommends actions that need to be taken to safeguard people's health.
- Advise federal and state agencies, community members, and other interested parties on the health impacts of Superfund sites and other petitioned sites.
- Provide technical support and advice to other federal agencies and state and local governments.

What does ATSDR do?

- Identifies communities where people might be exposed to hazardous substances in the environment.
- Determines the level of public health hazard posed by a site.
- Educates physicians, other health care professionals, and community members about the health effects of-and how to lessen exposure to-hazardous substances.

What assistance can ATSDR provide?

- Assist communities by working with them to resolve their health concerns, including meeting with residents to address concerns and providing medical monitoring.
- Educates residents about any health hazards posed by environmental contaminants.
- Works with local health care providers to ensure they have the information needed to evaluate possible exposures to hazardous substances in their community.
- Provides medical monitoring in communities exposed to hazardous substances if such action is needed.

How is ATSDR's role in helping communities different from the EPA?

- Unlike EPA, ATSDR is not a regulatory agency.
- ATSDR is a public health agency that advises EPA on the health aspects of hazardous waste sites or spills.
- ATSDR makes recommendations to EPA when specific actions are needed to protect the public's health.

EPHP and ATSDR Partnership

EPHP works with the ATSDR to address issues related to contaminants that are of health concern to communities in Alaska.

- Number of hazardous substances at a site.
- Potential hazardous substance exposure and pathways to humans.
- Potential human health impacts.

EPHP and ATSDR Partnership

ATSDR's Partnership to Promote Local Efforts to Reduce Environmental Exposure (APPLETREE).

- Identify exposure pathways at specific sites.
- Educate affected communities and local health professionals about site contamination and potential health effects.
- Review health outcome data to evaluate potential links between site contaminants and community health outcomes

State Response to Oil Spills and Hazardous Materials

- For response to oil and hazardous substance releases, the Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC), Spill Prevention and Response Division is the lead state agency, in coordination with United States Coast Guard and the Environmental Protection Agency.
- State responses to oil and hazardous substance releases are conducted in accordance Alaska Regional Contingency Plan, Area Contingency Plans, State of Alaska Emergency Operations Plan, and the Department of Health Emergency Operations Plan.
- Incident Command System.

Health and Medical Services Activation

 Receipt of initial notification can come in a variety of ways, including the Section of Rural and Community Health Systems (RCHS) Duty Officer, Public Health Nurses, the State Emergency Operations Center, the DEC and/or our EPHP email.

• The Department of Health Emergency Operations Center reaches out to all the sections within the Department to request assistance as needed during a disaster or response.

ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

Health and Medical Services (Emergency Support Functions #8)

- Technical assistance to control disease and identify public health hazards.
- Coordinate the use of emergency medical, health care, public health and mental health resources.
- Provide DOH Liaison and Health/Medical branch personnel.
- Provide healthcare information and clinic support to health care providers through the Health Alert Network (HAN), and the Alaska Public Health Alert Network (APHAN).

ALASKA RCP

Evaluates incident implications for public health and welfare of the United States.

Recommends public health and welfare of the United States protection methods.

Arranges for on-scene emergency medical support and victim transport, as necessary.

Determines availability and condition of health facilities.

Coordinates public health information.

Advises on response activities as they relate to public health.

Collects and analyzes samples to identify potential human health concerns, in coordination with the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation and Alaska Department of Fish & Game.

Assesses damages to human health and welfare of the United States.

Provides disaster psychology services.

ATSDR EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Emergency Response Teams are available 24 hours a day, and are comprised of toxicologists, physicians, and other scientists available to assist during an emergency involving hazardous substances in the environment.



ATSDR EMERGENCY RESPONSE



Emergency Responders

Information for persons who respond to or oversee emergency events involving chemicals, radioactive materials, or both.

Emergency Responder Resources

ToxFAQs



Healthcare Professionals & Clinicians

Resources to assist health professionals treating individuals who have been exposed to chemicals.

Healthcare Professionals & Clinicians Resources

Medical Management Guides (MMGs)

Toxicological Profiles



Health Departments & Partners

Support for Regional, State, and Local office, and other partners, when handling an emergency.

Health Departments & Partners Resources

Regional Offices

<u>Planning & Preparedness Resources</u>

Assessment of Chemical Exposures (ACE) Teams

THE EPHP TEAM

- Allison Natcher, Program Manager. <u>allison.natcher@alaska.gov</u>
- Dr. Andrew Cyr, Toxicologist. andrew.cyr@alaska.gov
- Stacey Cooper, Environmental Health Assessor. stacey.cooper@alaska.gov
- Abby Nelson, Lead Epidemiologist. <u>abby.nelson@alaska.gov</u>

eph@alaska.gov

907-269-8000





WILDLIFE RESPONSE AT UNIVERSITY LAKE



Wildlife coordination





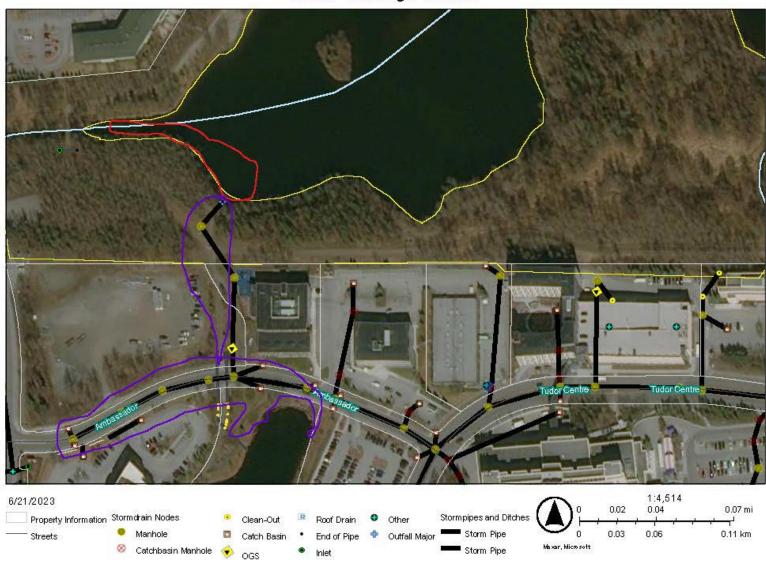


Spill overview



- June 21 sheen reported on University Lake
- June 22 ADEC EPA Unified, MOA led recovery ops
- June 28 Fuel vault on ANMC identified as source
- July 11 park reopened

MOA Drainage Viewer





University Lake Habitat

- Food sources
- Island
- Overhanging trees
- Habituated waterfowl
- Brood season
- Location in Town

Wildlife Tactics Used

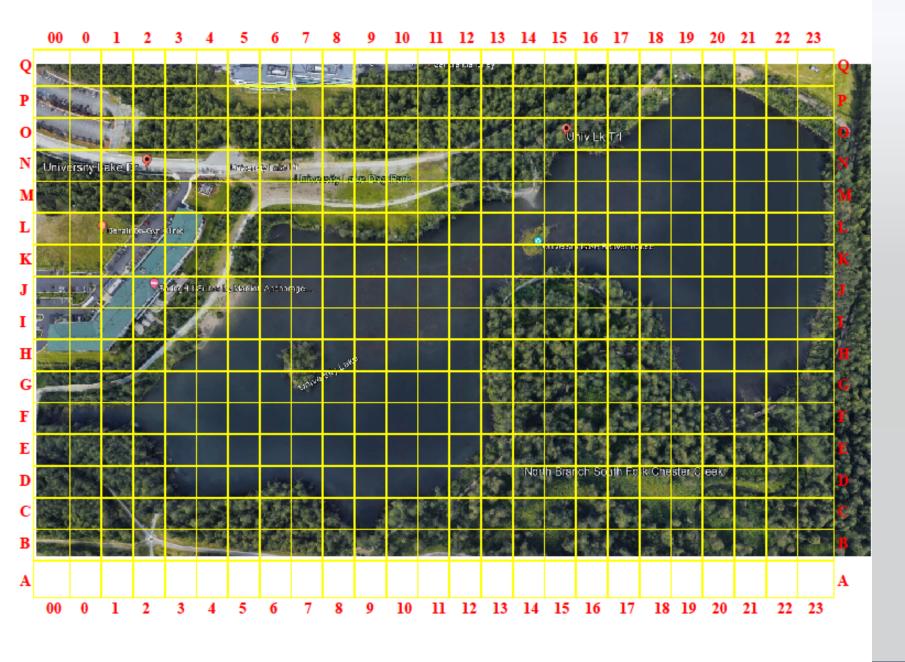
Passive Hazing

Active Hazing

Debris Removal

Exclusion Fencing

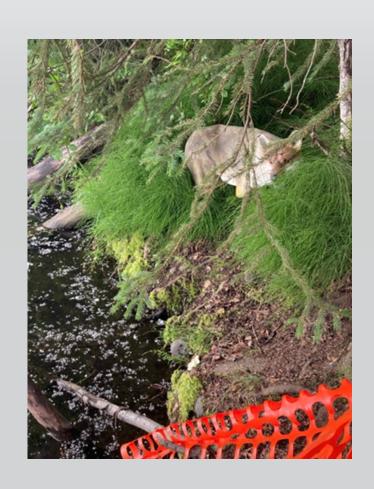
Pre-emptive Capture



Wildlife Survey Grid

- Initial wildlife survey
- Communication of areas of waterfowl sightings.

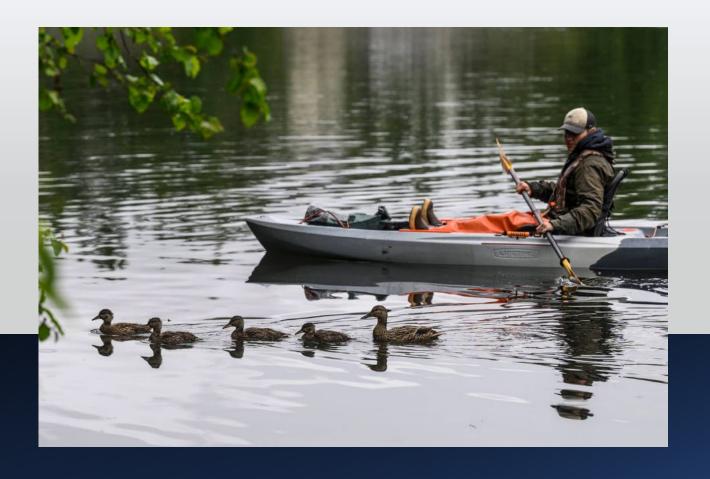
Passive Hazing







Active Hazing

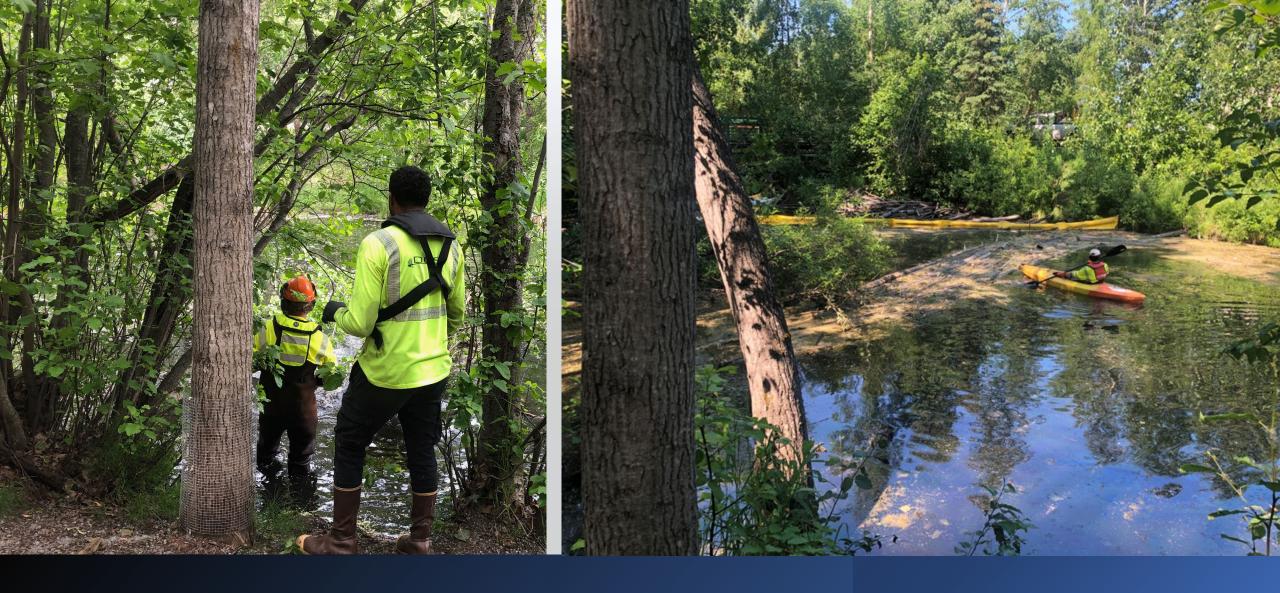


Exclusion booming and fencing



Pre-emptive Capture

present in the spin area:		Í	_	•	~	•
			Carcass Collection	Haze/ Deter	Pre- emptive Capture	Captui and Rehal
Species Group	Yes	Species, numbers (estimated or observed), and location relative to spill, etc.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bald or golden eagles						
Raptors						
Waterfowl	\boxtimes	Mallards & wigeons (10s), Canada geese (<10), common loon (1), kingfisher (1-2)	×	X	\boxtimes	
Diving ducks	\boxtimes	Grebes (10s)		\boxtimes		
Shorebirds	\boxtimes	Yellowlegs (<5)	×			
Seabirds						
Passerines						
Non-migratory birds	\boxtimes	Magpies, ravens (occasional; <5)	×	\boxtimes		
Brown or black bears	\boxtimes	Brown and black bears – none observed, ~1-5		\boxtimes		
Ungulates (moose, deer, caribou, etc.)	\boxtimes	Moose – none observed, ~1-5				
Small furbearers (fox, muskrat, river otter, etc.)	\boxtimes	River otter (~5), muskrat (~5)	×	\boxtimes		
Wolves						
Northern sea otters (Southcentral or Southeast Alaska stocks)						
Walrus						



Debris Removal

Hazing Challenges

HABITUATED DUCKS

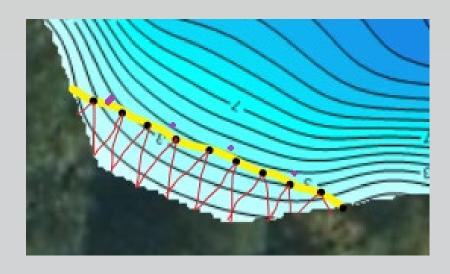
ACTIVE HAZING VERY RESOURCE INTENSIVE

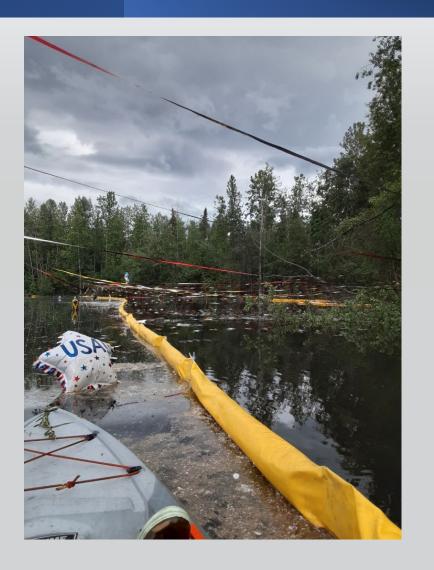
PASSIVE HAZING TACTICS NEEDED TO CHANGED OFTEN

SITE LIMITATIONS

Passive Hazing Lesson learned

• Overhang grid with mylar tape and helium ballons was the most effective tool for flyover waterfowl.

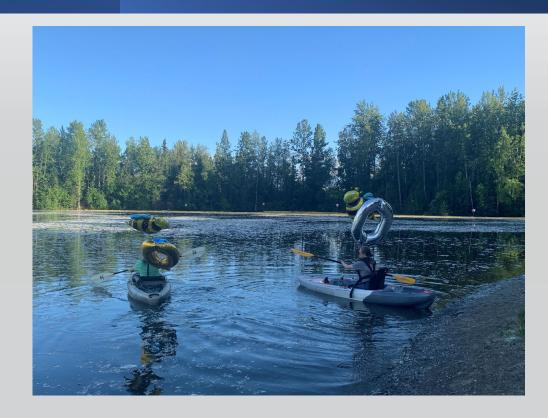




Active Hazing Lessons Learned



- Two experienced hazers working together to move waterfowl to the other side of the lake was more effective
- Aggressive physical harassment best for keeping brood out of hot zone
- Using noise effective for some species



Hazing Lessons learned

- Most effective methods to keep waterfowl broods out of the hot zone was the fully enclosed exclusion fence
- Diving Waterfowl the exception





Habitat Modifications

Shoreline vegetation that provided cover was oiled





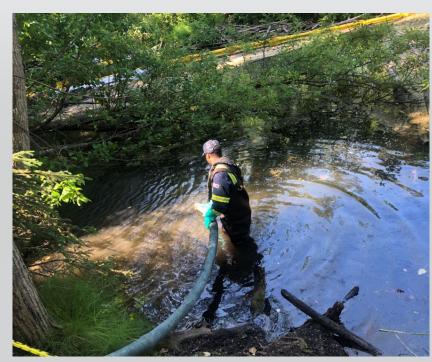


Habitat modification of grass created easier hazing areas, but fresh cut grass did provide an attractant-will need to remove loose cuttings from the area.

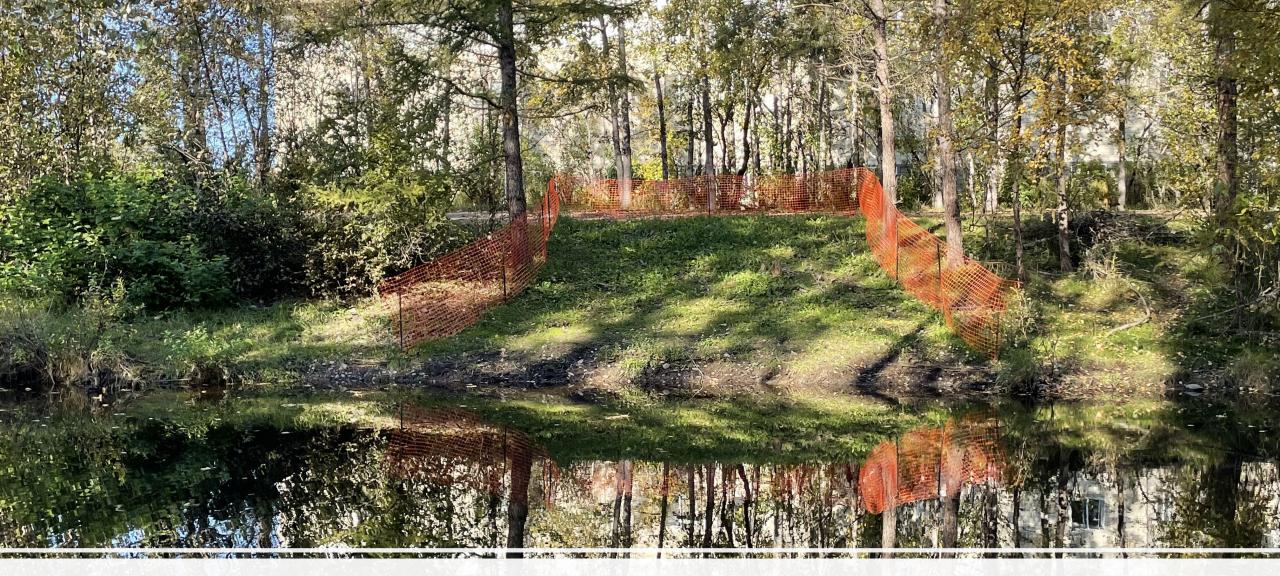
Pollen Plug





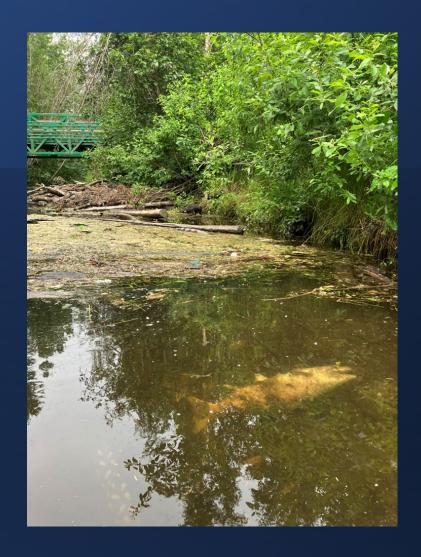


- Pollen mixed with sheen needed removal
- Cottonwood seeds are a sought-after food source for waterfowl, needed to be removed from the oil spill site to reduce attraction



Revegetation concerns

Spawning Season



Carcass Collection Form			Incident Name:				Today's E	INV (OLE Use Only):			
Use one form for each batch of carcasses			University Lake					7/19/2023	Ose Only).		
ICS Position assigned):	(Group, Task Force, S	Strike Team, or other i	name if no ICS P	osition	Positi	ass Col on assigne ew Kastr	ed):		nployer (Phone & Ema	il, if no ICS	
Data Recorde Andrew Kastnir					ave carcass collection permits & authorizations een obtained? YES 🗵 If not, Do Not Collect Carcass						
Camera & SD IMG_7958	SPS & SD Card ID #:				GPS Datum: (WGS84 preferred) NAD83 NAD27 Other:						
General Locat North shore at lake o	ion or Shoreline Se	egment:			,	f applical	ole, fil	l out Shoreli	ne Search Informatio	on on revers	
			INDIVIDUA	L CARCA	SS LO						
Carcass ID#	Latitude (decimal degrees)	Longitude (decimal degrees)	Species	FRESH, MUI	DEG,	Oilin NO, LT, I HV, UI	MOD,	Photo #	Comments		
01	61.185353	-149.806927	sockeye	DEG		unk		7958	female, belly felt empty of egg likely post spawning mortality, no visible wounds		
02											
03											
04											
05											
06											
07											
80											
09											
10											
	and a second code by the Commerce	s Chain of Custod	. Ton our maint	ad Datala	The second			and Tatal	number of carcass		

Spill Response Equipment Lessons Learned





Site Control Challenges

Hazing Site Control Lessons Learned

- Worked with Anchorage Parks and Recreation Department to close the park
 - Continued pedestrian traffic
- Waterfowl habituated to some hazing tactics
- Dogs scare birds towards spill location
- Residential location limited hazing tactics
 - Noise concerns







Personnel Challenges



Trained Wildlife Personnel



Access to Wildlife Contractors



Extensive Hazing Resources Needed

Personnel Limitations and Lessons learned

- Wildlife specific training and HAZWOPER training needed
- Access to trained personnel challenging even in populated area
- Considerations on what level of trained wildlife personnel to request for event
 - When to plan for more than Hazing
 - Trained personnel for capture/transport/stabilization levels
 - Likelihood of oiled birds high in this case



Federal and State funding

- Find out what spill clean up contractor has for wildlife contractor capabilities
- Length of time to get contracts in place
- Pollution Removal Funding Authorizations
- State Term Contractors





Lessons learned

- Create wildlife plan early on, and identify paths for funding
- Access to wildlife contractors
- Limited wildlife trained personnel in Alaska
- Hazing lessons learned for the area





Report oiled or injured wildlife to:

US Fish & Wildlife Service Spill Response 907-242-6893



For more information on this response check the EPA site :

https://response.epa.gov/site/site_profile.aspx?site_id=16097



MAUI CASE STUDY: LITHIUM-ION BATTERIES

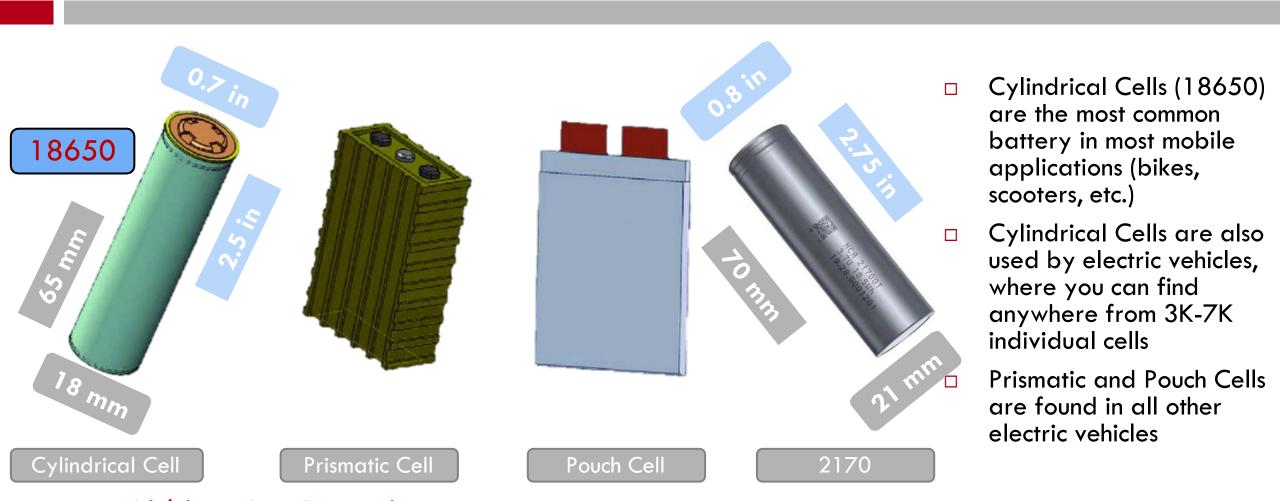


LITHIUM ION BATTERIES: MAUI WILDFIRES CASE STUDY



Lithium-Ion Battery Types





Lithium-lon Batteries Good memory resistance Very stable High energy density Toxic, corrosive, flammable, and explosive gas generation during thermal runaway



Three Primary Presentations of LIB





Energy Storage Systems

Electric Vehicles

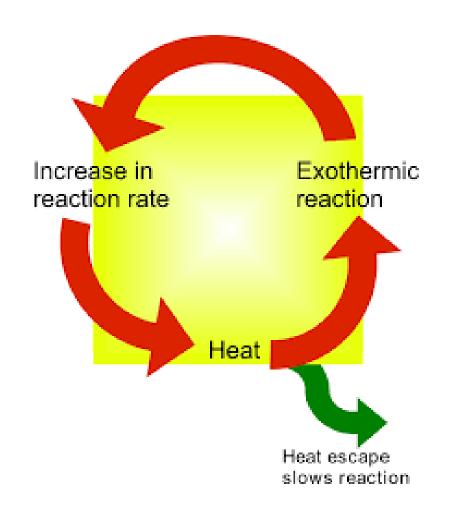
Micro-mobility





Differences in Lithium-Ion Battery Fires

- Very toxic atmospheres
- Burn temperatures are higher than normal
- Fires can burn without Oxygen can't smother!
- Explosive potential Hydrogen Gas
- Thermal Runaway reaction
 - Chemical reaction rapid degradation
 - Does not require Oxygen
 - Nearly impossible to stop once it starts
 - Could happen in seconds or days
- Re-ignition is common <u>as much as 30 days</u> or more!





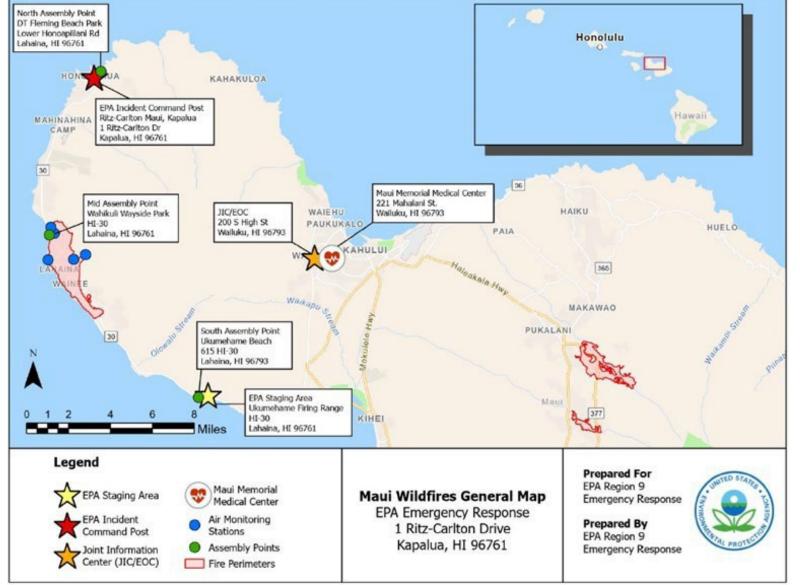
Scooter



MAUI WILDFIRES RESPONSE







Maui Lithium-Ion Battery Operations

Sources of Li-Ion Batteries

- BESS (Battery Energy Storage System)
- Vehicles
- Other

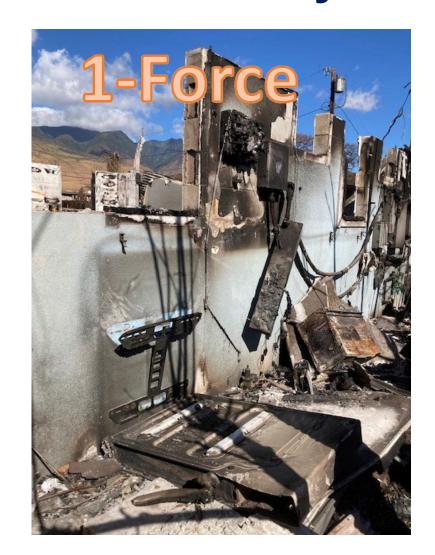
Reconnaissance

- BESS: Information provided by manufacturer, utility company, self-assessment (residents), field recon (OPS section)
- Electric Vehicles: County data, Motor Vehicles Data, National Insurance Crime Bureau, self-assessment (owner), hotline/commercials/PSAs, field-recon (OPS section)

Operations

- Removal from site/field. BESS vs EV
- Transport to staging area
- Processing (de-energizing, crushing)
- Shipment

Removal/Recovery of "Powerwalls" (Residential BESS)





Removal/Recovery of "Powerwalls" (Residential BESS)



3-"Lau Lau"

Tyvek/FB





4-Buffalo-Convoy Relo-Staging



Battery Processing – De-Energizing



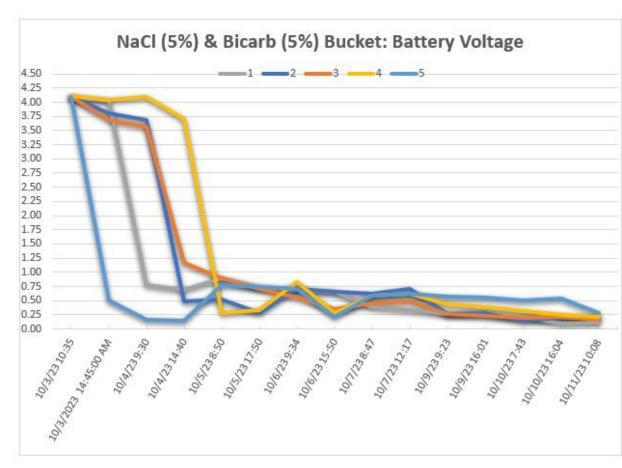






Battery Processing – De-Energizing





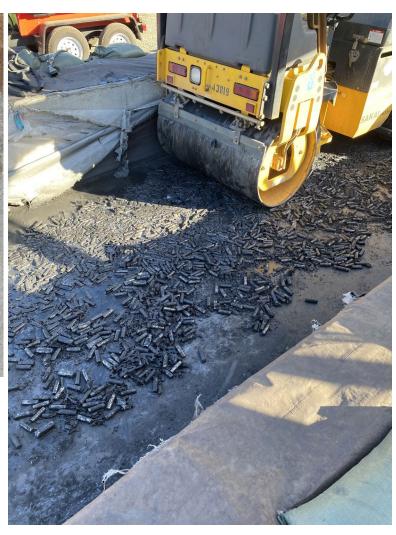


Battery Processing – Crushing











Battery Recovery - EVs



Different Make = Different Battery
Different Model = Different Battery
Different Year = Different Battery
Different Option = Different Battery



Removal/Recovery of Burned Electric Vehicle Batteries



Electric Vehicle - Battery Removal Ops





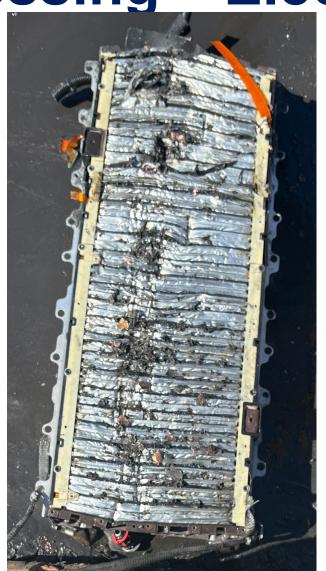
EV-Battery Removal Ops/Processing

4-Harvest



Battery Processing – Electric Vehicles







Waste Determination and Transportation

- Material still observed to generated very limited toxic and flammable gases (Electrolysis, hydrolysis, oxidation, and/or decomposition)
- Material moved in packaging that provides:
 - Ventilation
 - Particulate Control
 - Water Intrusion Control
- Packaging transported in open top containers





Battery Processing – Packaging









NEXT STEPS

- Online Training Modules
- Train-the-Trainer
- SOPs
- TTXs
- National OSC Taskforce



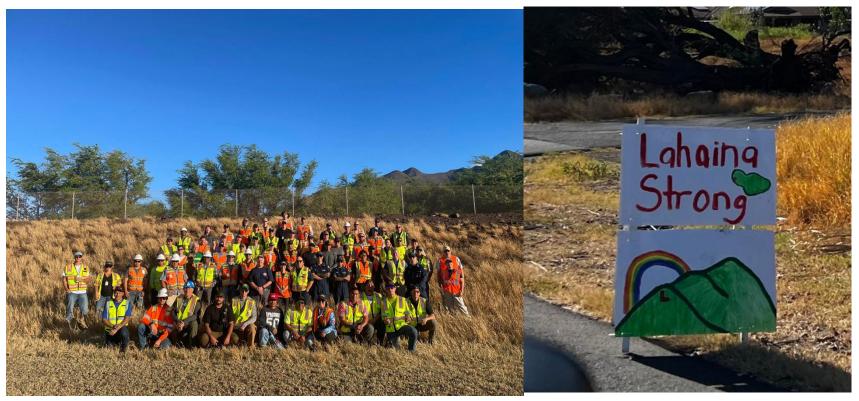


Li-Ion Battery Taskforce

Region	Contact(s)	Region	Contact(s)
1	Lina Takahashi Michael Cofsky	7	Gregory Dillon
2	Stephen Simonetti Keith Glenn	8	Eric Sandusky Joe Payne
3	Christopher Guzzetti	9	Christopher Myers Eric Nuchims
4	Bryan Vasser	10	Stephen Ball
5	Leonard Zintak	ERT	Joseph Bundens Brian Kovak
6	David Robertson	RM Reps	Peter Guria James Webster



QUESTIONS?



• EPA Storymap: 2023 Maui Wildfires

• EPA Webpage: Maui Wildfires

• Website for survivors: Maui Recovers



AVAILABLE RESPONSE SUPPORT FROM THE NOAA SSC



How the NOAA Emergency Response Division & the Scientific Support Coordinator Can Support Your Response

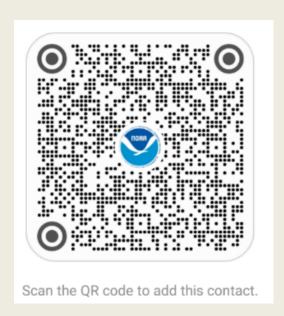
Liza Sanden

Scientific Support Coordinator Regional Preparedness Coordinator Alaska/ USCG D17

Cell: 907-529-9157

24/7 Emergency: 206-526-4911

liza.sanden@noaa.gov



What was spilled?

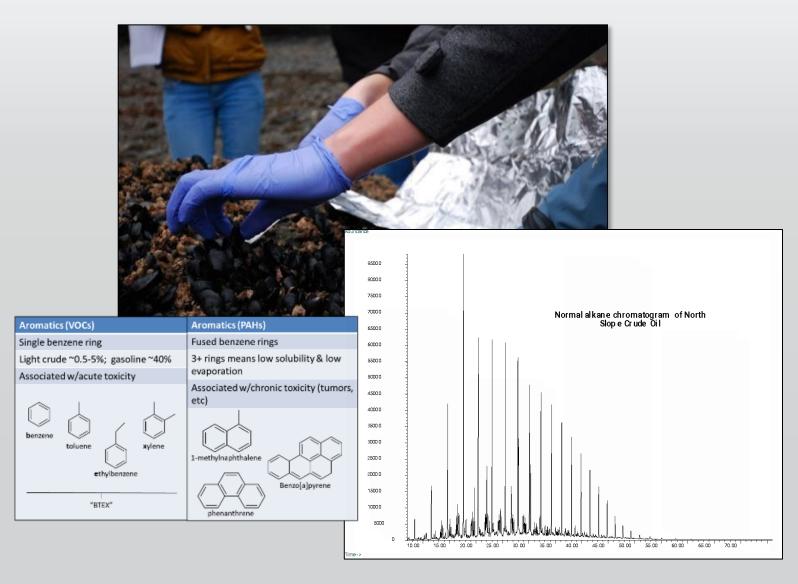
Chemistry support

Expertise & Tools:

- -Staff chemists
- Contract laboratory
- —Oil fate model
- -Chemical databases

Typical Questions:

- -Is it oil or a chemical?
- —Will it float or sink?
- —How long will it persist?
- -Will it burn? Disperse?
- -How will it react?



Where will it go? Observations & modeling

Overflight support:

- Trained observers
- Satellites
- Un-manned aerial systems (UAS or "drones")

Computer models:

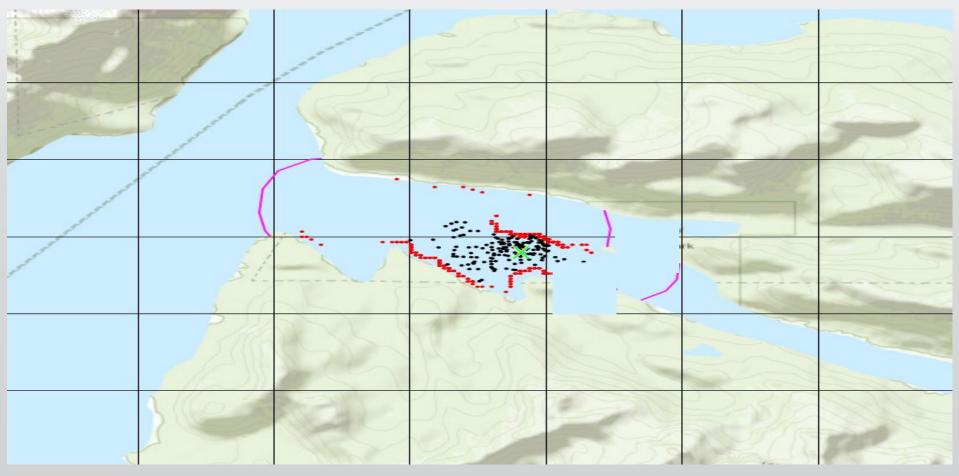
- Oil trajectories
- Chemical air plumes





Example Products

Oil Spill Trajectory



Trajectory results showing predicted transport for a release. Red particles represent shoreline impacts, black particles are floating on the water surface. Purple line designates uncertainty boundary.

Oil Name: DIESEL FUEL OIL (ALASKA)

API: 38.9

Wind Speed: Constant 5 knots

Pour Point: -36 °C

Wave Height: Computed from wind

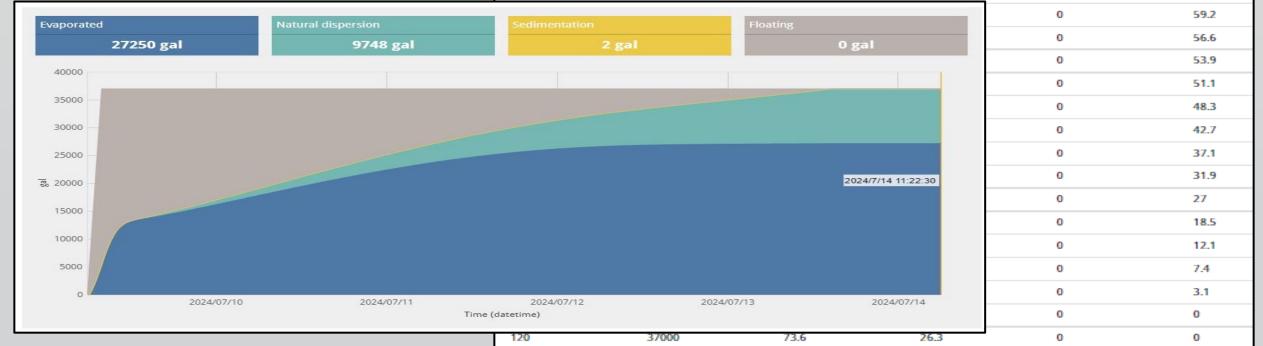
Water Temp: 55 °F

Total Amount of Oil Released: 37000 gal

Spill Rate: 18500.00 gal/hour Spill Duration: 2 hours

Oil Weathering

Time Amount released Evaporated Natural dispersion Sedimentation Floating (%) (%)(%) (hours) (gal) 18500 11.9 0 0 88 2 37000 15.5 0.1 0 84.5 0 3 37000 24.7 0.1 75.1 0 37000 0.2 69 4 30.8 5 37000 34 0.3 0 65.7 6 37000 35.6 0.40 64 9 37000 37.7 0.7 0 61.6



Diesel Behavior and Effects

- Light refined products, such as diesel, typically have very high evaporation and dispersion rates and do not tend to create persistent slicks
- When spilled, the diesel spreads quickly into thin films often forming patches of rainbow and silver sheens.
- In quiescent conditions (low wind/waves) sheens could persist for several days
- Diesel fuel oils can have a relatively high concentration of light aromatic compounds and tend to be more soluble and more toxic than heavier oils. These oils do not generally present an involved cleanup problem. However, they can result in an initial toxic shock to biota and can persist as a biological threat in low energy marine environments.

Trajectory Analysis

BTEX concentrations in Bakken can vary between 1 - 5%. This means the source strength of the dissolved fraction can vary by a factor of 5 depending upon the oil chemistry. We assume that since most of the river system is covered by ice, the evaporative loss of BTEX has been reduced. We also assume that some oil would be trapped in pockets under the ice or within the ice.

The discharge rate of the Yellowstone River is about 7,000 cfs and will remain in this range for the next few days. The discharge rate of the Missouri is about 20,000 cfs. We would expect the concentration of BTEX in the water would dilute by a factor of 3 in the Missouri River. The river velocity will drop significantly when the Missouri reaches Lake Sakakawea. Any contaminated water will linger in the lake for a significant time but it will also dilute further.

Trajectory Analysis

There are a wide variety of products that are known as "asphalt". These analyses are assuming that this is a typical asphalt, such as paving asphalt.

Asphalt is usually more dense that fresh water at environmental conditions, but may float when hot. Past experience with hot asphalt spills indicate that hot asphalt that make it into the river is likely to form floating patties that rapidly cool and will sink, likely within 100 yards or so. As they sink, they can be transported downstream, perhaps as far as about 1 mile or so. Any asphalt that impacts the shorelines is likely to become stranded.

Atmospheric Plume Model



Layer: 1 unit - 840 cells - HF ALOHA - Genius Star

City Pier

Time: January 28, 2024 2023 hours AST Chemical Name: HYDROGEN FLUORIDE

Wind: 16 miles/hour from 230° true at 10 meters

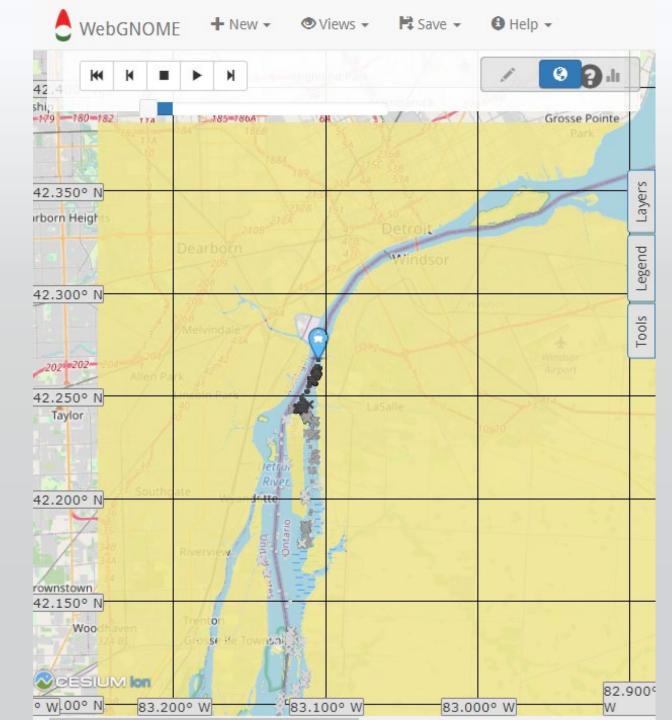
THREAT ZONE

Red	229 yards	44 ppm = AEGL-3 (60 min)
Crange	314 yards	24 ppm = AEGL-2 (60 min)
Yellow	1.1 miles	1 ppm = AEGL-1 (60 min)

Model: ALOHA Gaussian



Modeling Oil Spills in Rivers



Oil Spills into Rivers: Challenges to Modeling

GNOME can model surface movement of oil on large rivers but we are often data limited.

Several inputs needed for accurate modeling.

MebGNE

Typically this detailed information is not available on response time scales and we are more likely produce "time of travel" estimates than detailed maps showing stranding locations



Oil Spills into Rivers: Challenges to Modeling In Rivers

Factors influencing Oil behavior in River

- Currents & Flow Conditions:
 - Velocity (kn or mph) and discharge (cfs)
- · Type of river (braided, meandering, etc.) available
 - Topography of flood plain, extent of flooded areas

often poorly

- Depth & Water Levels
- Turbidity/Sediment load
- Water **Temperature**
 - Cold Water Temp = Lower Oil Viscosity
- Ice Conditions

Tidal ranges on rivers

Lacking algorithms for oil/ice

Extent of tide up rivers nteractions in rivers

Typically only

volume

discharge is

Is data

(maps/imagery)

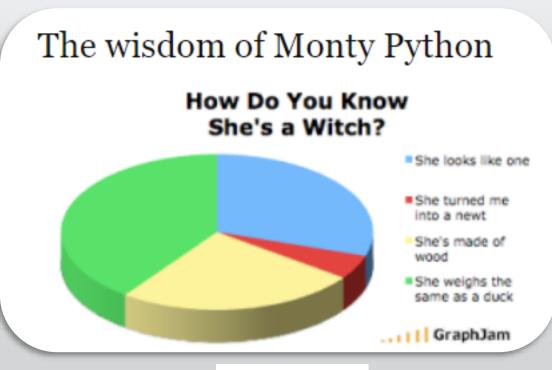
current for

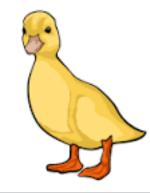
dynamic rivers?

Does it Float?

Does oil float? Yes, often...but.....

- Salt water is denser than fresh water.
- Oil can interact with sediment in the water column AND along shorelines – behaving differently
- Future topic: heavy oils





Oil Interaction with Suspended Sediments

Turbulence disperses surface oil in the form of small droplets

Low concentrations of suspended sediments:

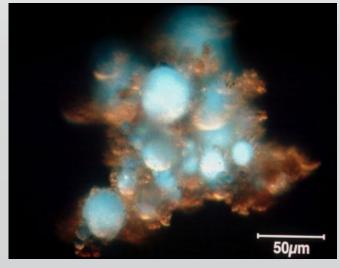
Moderate to high concentrations of suspended sediments:

Oil droplets may resurface in lower turbulence areas

Oil droplets may become coated with heavier solid particles, stay suspended and eventually sink

Oil Interaction with Suspended Sediments

- OPAs will stay suspended under even moderate stream flows; however, they will settle out in slow, low turbulance areas.
 - Many Alaskan rivers have braids & channels with higher or lower velocity and turbulence,
- In large, silty rivers, such as the Copper River, this process can remove a large % of the oil from the surface.
- It happens naturally, so need to be aware of this pathway and fate.



Oil-mineral aggregates
(OMA): oil droplets
stabilized by fine mineral
particles. Oil droplets
(blue) with sediment
attached.

Lab Studies with ANS Crude & Yukon River Water

McCourt and Shier, 1989 IOSC

Oil and Suspended Sediments interaction can occur at TDS levels as low as 140 ppm total;

The most important factors affecting the oil-sediment interaction process:

Primary Factors:

- mixing energy
- 2. temperature (affecting oil viscosity)

Secondary Factors

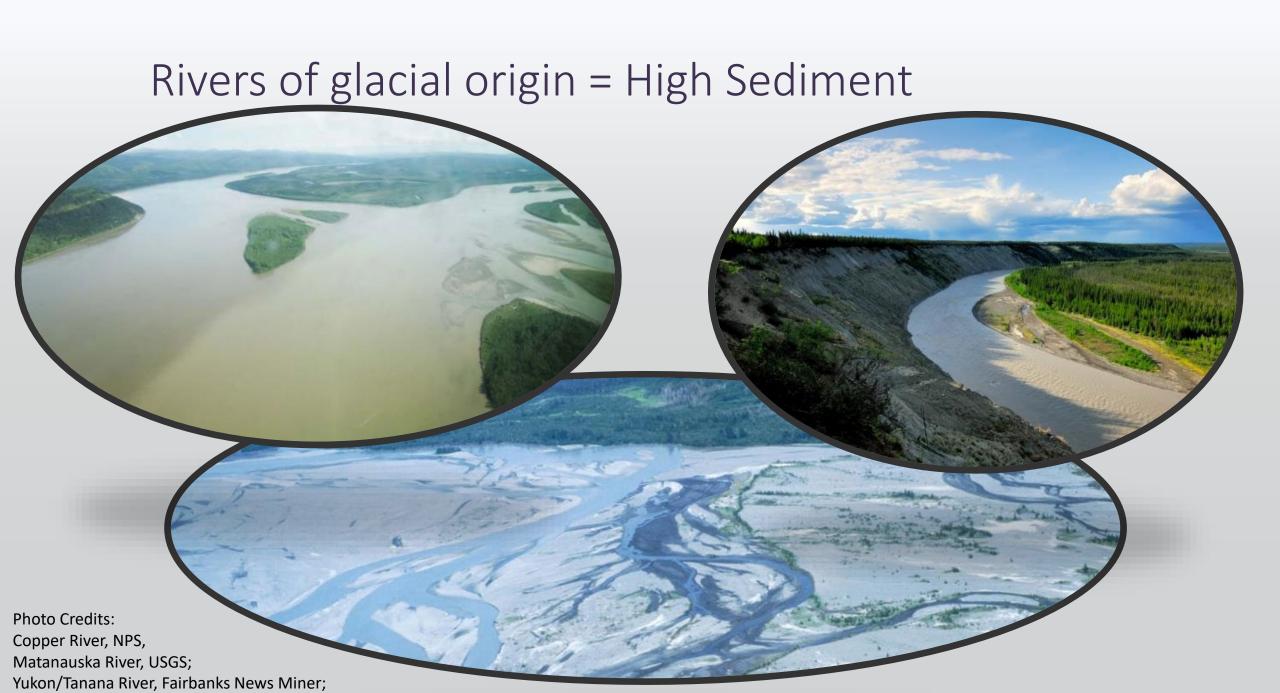
- 1. oil volume
- 2. settling time

Oil Interaction with River Shorelines

Oil on the surface of water can interact with **shoreline sediments** Considerations:

- Oil/Sand or Oil/Silt mixtures are different from OMAs
- May float, sink or get stranded on shorelines

Flood Conditions can result in stranded oil outside of the 'normal' river banks or across mid-channel bars/islands







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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Department of Transportation Office of the Secretary



Emergency Support Function #1
Transportation
Regional Response Team Support to National
Contingency Plan and On Scene Coordinator

Emergency Support Function 1

- Monitor and report status of and damage to the transportation system and infrastructure
- Identify temporary alternative transportation solutions that can be implemented by others
- Perform activities conducted under the direct authority of DOT elements
- Coordinate the restoration and recovery of the transportation system and infrastructure
- Coordinate and support prevention, preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation activities among transportation stakeholders



Partners

- Department of Agriculture
 - US Forest Service



- Department of Commerce
 - NOAA



- Department of Defense
 - Transcom
 - US Army Corps of Engineers
- Department of Energy
- General Services
 Administration



GNEWAL SERVICES

- Department of Homeland Security
 - CBP
 - FEMA
 - TSA
 - USCG
 - CISA
- Department of the Interior
 - Department of Justice
- Department of State

US Postal Service











ESF-1: Regional Personnel

Regional Emergency Transportation Coordinator (RETCO)

- Secretary's executive-level regional representative
- Ensure effective regional transportation emergency programs
- Collateral Duty

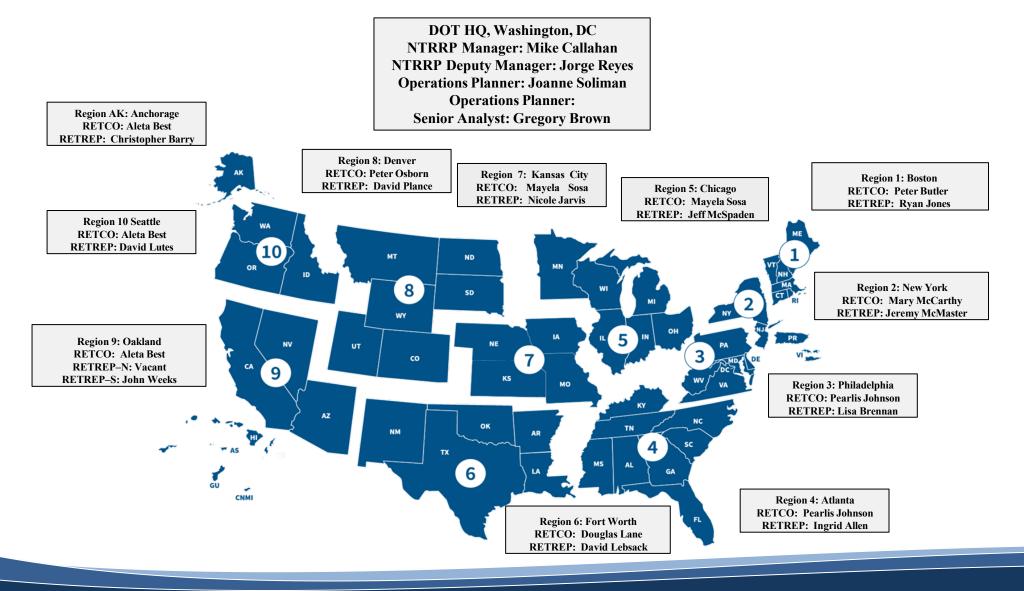
Regional Emergency Transportation Representative (RETREP)

- Coordinate Federal, State, Local, and Private Sector disaster planning
- Develop a regional ESF-1 response team
- Conduct training and exercises
- Lead ESF-1
 operations in the
 RRCC/JFO

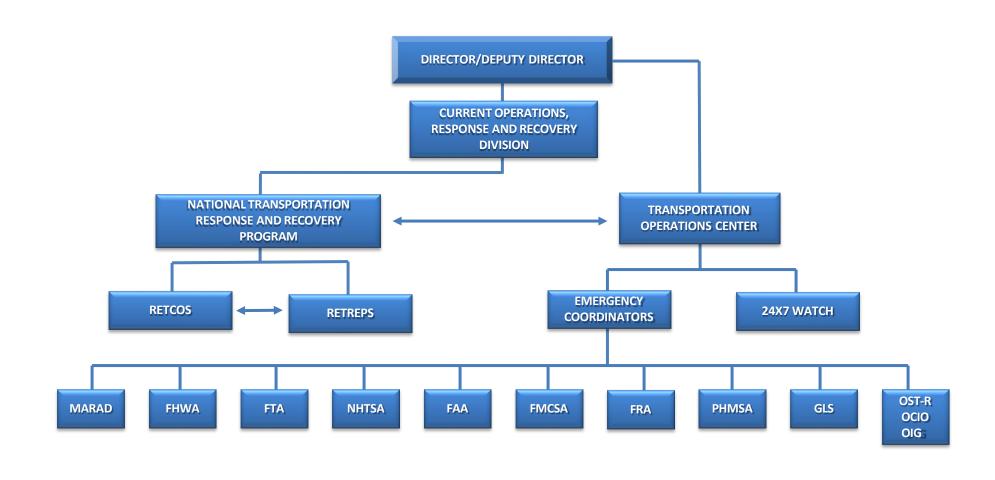
Regional Emergency Transportation Cadre (RET-C)

- Support ESF-1 mission in variety of locations
- Members of various Operating Administrations
- Volunteer

National Transportation Response and Recovery Program



Operations Division Organization Chart



TOC 2022





USDOT Capabilities

Technical Assistance

- NTRRP Personnel
- Air Navigation Services
- Evacuation Liaison Team
- Joint Damage Assessment Teams
- Emergency Relief Funding
- Routing Assistance Hotline

Regulatory Relief

- Federal Motor Carrier Waivers
- HAZMAT Special Permits
- Oversize/Overweight Permits (facilitate)
- Toll Relief (facilitate)
- Temporary Flight Restrictions
- Railroad Inspection Relief
- Jones Act Waiver Concurrence

Assets

- MARAD Ready Reserve Force
- Operation SafeStor
- Mobile Air
 Navigation Services
 assets
- Washington Flight Program

ESF-1: Technical Assistance

- National Transportation Response and Recovery Program Personnel
 - Lead Federal ESF-1 Operations at the National and Regional Response Coordination Centers
 - Coordinate USDOT field response
- Evacuation Liaison Team
 - Provide technical assistance to State and local jurisdictions regarding evacuations
- Air Navigation Services, including Airspace Management
- Emergency Relief Funding FHWA and FTA

ESF-1: Assets and Capabilities

- Maritime Administration (MARAD)
 - Ready Reserve Force
 - Operation SafeStor: Storage of emergency response vehicles
- Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)
 - Washington Flight Program
 - Mobile Air Navigation Services assets

USDOT Response Assets



FAA Citation V (Hangar 6, DCA)



FAA Mobile Air Traffic Control Facility



MARAD Ready Reserve Force Ships

RECOVERY COORDINATION

Dependent on severity or complexity of the disaster:

- Small scale disasters (Nebraska Flooding)
 - RETCO/RETREP coordinate with local DOT office (FHWA, FTA, MARAD)
 - RETREP responsible for DOT wide coordination if necessary
 - Local POC attends meeting at JRFO, or another site as appropriate
 - Collateral Duty
- Large scale more complex disaster (Super Storm Sandy)
 - RETCO/RETREP assign full time POC
 - RETREP attends recovery planning and coordination meetings
 - Collateral Duty/Detail Assignment
 - Represents DOT to all RSFs and FEMA recovery leadership
- Catastrophic or extremely complex (Hurricane Maria)
 - NTRRP/S-60 coordinates with Modal Administrators
 - Full time dedicated Recovery Coordinator
 - Represents DOT to all RSFs and FEMA recovery leadership
 - Puerto Rico/USVI
- Alternative Recovery Coordinator Consideration
 - Volpe Center
 - FHWA Federal Lands Division

Technology

WebEOC

 Web-enabled crisis information management system and provides secure real-time information sharing

• GIS:

 Create, analyze, edit, and print maps to assist in identifying the status of the transportation system

USDOT Emergency Website: <u>www.dot.gov/emergency</u>

 One-stop shop for information related to transportation permits, waivers, and other regulations and authorities that are applicable during an emergency. Also contains links to ESF-1 partners websites.

Contact Us

Office of Intelligence, Security and Emergency Response 1200 New Jersey Ave, SE Washington, DC 20590 United States

Email: Emergency@dot.gov m

If you are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability, please dial 7-1-1 to access telecommunications relay services.

DOT Emergency Preparedness, Response, and **Recovery Information**

During emergency situations, DOT will post information related to transportation permits, waivers, and other regulations and authorities that are applicable during an emergency. Under the National Response Framework, ${\tt DOT} is the primary federal agency for the \underline{{\tt Emergency Support Function - 1 - Transportation}} ({\tt ESF-1}).$

DOT Modal Information

Aviation

- Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Temporary Flight Restrictions
- FAA Flight Delay Information
- FAA Notice to Airmen (NOTAM)

Maritime

- . Maritime Administration Ready Reserve Force (RRF)
- RRF Characteristics Pamphlet
- RRF Locations Map

Pipelines and Hazmat

Pipelines and Hazardous Materials Administration (PHMSA) Approvals and Permits

Public Transportation

- Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Emergency Management
- Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Emergency Relief Manual

Railroads

Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) Emergency Declarations

Roadway and Bridges

- Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) National Road Closure Information
- Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Oversize/Overweight Load Permits
- Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Emergency Relief Program

Trucking and Motor Coaches

· Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) Declarations, Waivers, Exemptions and Permits

HOS exemption under State or FMCSA emergency declaration extends to interstate transportation – if providing direct assistance

Overview

The Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) is coordinating with the following states that have Declared Emergency Declarations. We recommend you check each State's Web site and search for "Issued Emergency Declarations" if you are interested in more details. For those carriers or drivers interested in providing services or who need to understand FMCSA regulations, the following applies.

Category

- . Declarations by FMCSA
- · Federal Emergency Declarations by FMCSA Service Centers
- Federal Notice of Enforcement Discretion Determination
- · Canadian Emergency Declarations
- State Emergency Declarations by State
- Emergency Declaration Information

Contact Us

Related Links

Archives 2021

Archives 2020 Archives 2019

Archives 2018

Archives 2017

General Emergency FAQs

• Subscribe to Email Updates

For information on FMCSA Emergency Declarations Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE Washington, DC 20590 United States

Email:

FMCSADeclaration@dot,gov

Phone: 877-831-2250

J

If you are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability, please dial 7-1-1 to

Federal Emergency Declarations by FMCSA

There are no active Emergency Declarations at this time.

Federal Emergency Declarations by FMCSA Service Centers

There are no active Emergency Declarations at this time.

Federal Notice of Enforcement Discretion Determination

There are no active Emergency Declarations at this time.

Trucking and Motor Coacnes

· Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) Declarations, Waivers, Exemptions and Permits

ESF-1 Federal Partner Agency Information

- Department of Agriculture
- Department of Commerce
 - National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- Department of Defense
 - United States Army Corps of Engineers
- Department of Energy
 - o DOE Energy Waiver Library
- · Department of Homeland Security
 - o <u>US Customs and Border Protection</u>
 - o Federal Emergency Management Agency
 - Transportation Security Administration
 - United States Coast Guard
 - o Office of Infrastructure Protection
- Department of the Interior
- Department of Justice
- Department of State
- General Services Administration
- National Interagency Fire Center
- United States Postal Service

Stay Updated

Sign up for email updates about DOT Emergency Preparedness, Response, and Recovery Information.

Related Links

- <u>USDOT Office of Intelligence, Security, and Emergency Response</u>
- · Ready.gov: Plan, Prepare, and Stay Informed

Related Documents

- USDOT Recovery Resource Guide
- Maritime Emergency Response Guide

Transportation Emergency Response Factsheets (TERF)

TERF 1: National Response Program



24 Hour Contact: 202-366-1863

toc-01@dot.gov

For Emergency Related Information Visit:

www.transportation.gov/emergency

PUBLIC COMMENT



Alaska Regional Response Team







NWS SPOT Forecasts weather.gov/spot/request

- First Response Initial Forecast 24 / 7 / 365
- Great for Exercises!
 - Please Notify NWS Forecast Office Prior to Exercise to prepare staff

Tips and Tricks:

- 1) Accurate Lat/Long for 3 X 3 Km square
- 2) Ask for only weather elements that you need.
- 3) Remarks:
 - Aviation Operations? Departing from where?
 - Marine transit to the incident? From what Port?
- 4) Anyone on scene? WEATHER OBSERVATIONS needed
- 5) Daily observations to "calibrate" our forecasts
- 6) FEEDBACK is welcome!

Joel.Curtis@noaa.gov

NEXT MEETINGS

- September 12, 2024
- March 20, 2025
- September 11, 2025
- March 5, 2026
- September 10, 2026

REVIEW OF PARKING LOT ISSUES & CLOSING REMARKS



Alaska Regional Response Team





