

#### Alaska Regional Response Team meeting September 14, 2023

#### Anchorage, AK: Gorsuch Commons, University of Alaska Anchorage

3700 Sharon Gagnon Lane, Anchorage, AK 99508 **Join via** https://usepa.zoomgov.com/j/1608387914

Meeting ID: 160 838 7914

Note: \*FREE PARKING at nearby Willow Lot, off Elmore Road

**AGENDA** 

9:00 AM - 4:00 PM

Time	Topic	Speaker	Notes
30 A.M.	In-person Option: Conference Room open		
	ARRT Coordinators will facilitate ARRT member and FOS All attendees (in person and virtu Public Comment: Please sign up	ial) please <u>sign-in online</u>	iew.
9:00	Introductions & Review Actions Since Last Meeting	Tri-Chairs:      Beth Sheldrake (EPA),      Brian McLaughlin (USCG), and      Tiffany Larson (ADEC)	
9:50	ARRT Committees Reports (10 min each)	<ul> <li>Wildlife Protection Committee</li> <li>Cultural Resources Committee</li> <li>Science and Technology Committee</li> <li>Statewide Planning Committee</li> <li>Regional Stakeholder Committee         <ul> <li>Task Force</li> </ul> </li> <li>Tribal Committee/Task Force</li> </ul>	
	10:40 BREAK (10 N	AINUTES)	
10:50	Area Committee Reports; Requests for Support (10 min each)	<ul><li>Arctic &amp; Western Alaska</li><li>Prince William Sound</li><li>Southeast Alaska</li><li>Alaska Inland</li></ul>	
	11:30-1:00 LU	JNCH	
1:00	Alaska Railroad Corporation (30 minutes)	Matt Kelzenberg (AKRR)	
1:30	East Palestine, Ohio Train Derailment Emergency Response (30 minutes)	Mark Durno (Region 5 EPA FOSC)	

2:15	Alternate Planning Criteria (30 minutes)	Commander Matthew Richards (USCG)	
2:45	Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA) (30 minutes)	Gabrielle St. Pierre (PHMSA)	
	3:15 BREAK (10 min	)	
MEETING	G CLOSE-OUT		
3:25	Public Comment (3 minutes each) Please Sign Up via "Chat" in Zoom or with the QR code by end of lunch break (1:00)		
3:40	Review of parking lot issues & closing remarks		
4:00	Adjourn		



# Alaska Regional Response Team







September 14, 2023

### Meeting Purpose and "Rules"

- >This is a business meeting of the ARRT
  - Questions and discussions is for ARRT Members and OSCs
- Items discussed that are the responsibility or content of the Area Committees will be referred to appropriate Area Committee and not included in the meeting discussion, except for how the ARRT can provide support, if requested/needed
- >While open to the public, it is not a public meeting
  - As time allows, questions may be taken from the public. Please type questions
    in the Chat box. Non-ARRT members are invited to sign up for Public Comment.

## Meeting Sign-In

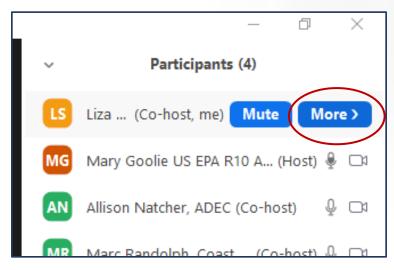


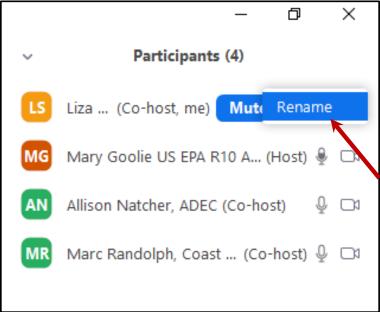
www.AlaskaRRT.org

## **Tips: Using Zoom**

Change your name to,
 FULL NAME and AGENCY

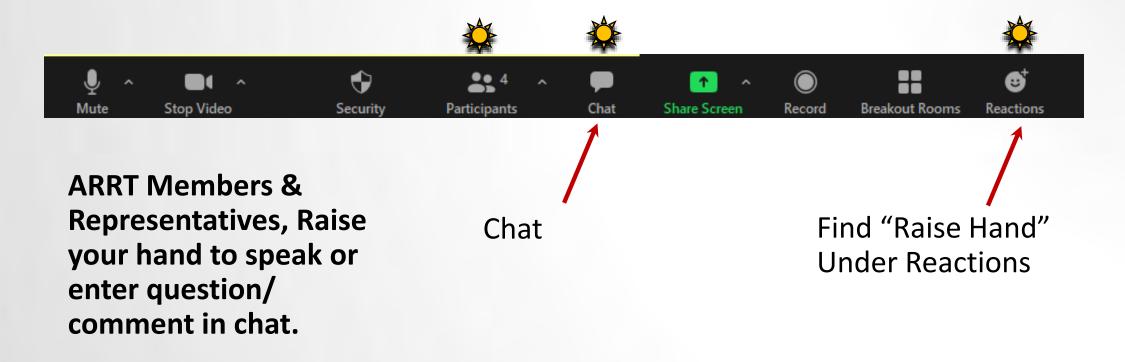
Please mute your mic & turn off video, except when speaking





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#### **ZOOM TIPS: RAISE HAND AND CHAT**



Please use "Everyone" Chat when asking or responding to questions or making general comments requests during this meeting.

#### MORNING AGENDA

9:00 INTRODUCTIONS AND REVIEW ACTIONS

SINCE LAST MEETING

9:50 ARRT COMMITTEE REPORTS (10 Minutes Each)

10:40-10:50 BREAK

10:50 AREA COMMITTEE REPORTS (10 Minutes Each)

**11:30 LUNCH** (Until **1:00**)

# INTRODUCTIONS & REPORT FROM TRI-CHAIRS



# Alaska Regional Response Team







#### MEMBER ROLL CALL

ARRT Coordinators will facilitate ARRT member and FOSC/SOSC roll call.

For other attendees and members of the public, and attendee list will be based on Participant Names

#### New Members, OSCs, Area Planners



CAPT Christopher Culpepper, Sector Anchorage FOSC USCG

CDR Sarah Rousseau, MSU Valdez FOSC USCG

LCDR JoEllen Arons, AWA-AC Secretary USCG

LT Lindsay Wheeler, SEAK-AC Secretary USCG

Melinda Brunner, Alternate Tri-Chair ADEC

## Since Last Meeting (March 8, 2023)



#### Alaska Regional Response Team

- Tribal Engagement Task Force Commissioned
- ARRT Activation Drill Bering Strait Dispersant Application (May 23)

#### **Other Goings On**

- USCG Bering Strait (June 7) and CANUSDIX Exercises (June 21-22)
- National Contingency Plan, Subpart J final rule (June 12, effective Dec 11)
  - NCP Product Schedule testing and listing requirements
  - Authorization of use procedures
- WOTUS
  - Sackett vs EPA Supreme Court decision (May 25)
  - Revised WOTUS rule (August 29)

#### **ARRT Staffing Changes**

- USCG
  - Mark Everett (ARRT Tri-Chair) retired, replacement in process
  - CAPT Brian McLaughlin Acting Tri-Chair
- ADEC
  - Graham Wood (ARRT Alt Tri-Chair) moved to Alaska DNR
  - Melinda Brunner New Alt ARRT Tri-Chair
  - Allison Natcher (ARRT Coordinator) moved to Alaska Department of Health
- EPA
  - Stephanie Wenning (ARRT Alt Tri-Chair) temporary EPA assignment
  - Lori Muller Acting Alt ARRT Tri-Chair

# ALASKA REGIONAL RESPONSE TEAM COMMITTEES



# Alaska Regional Response Team

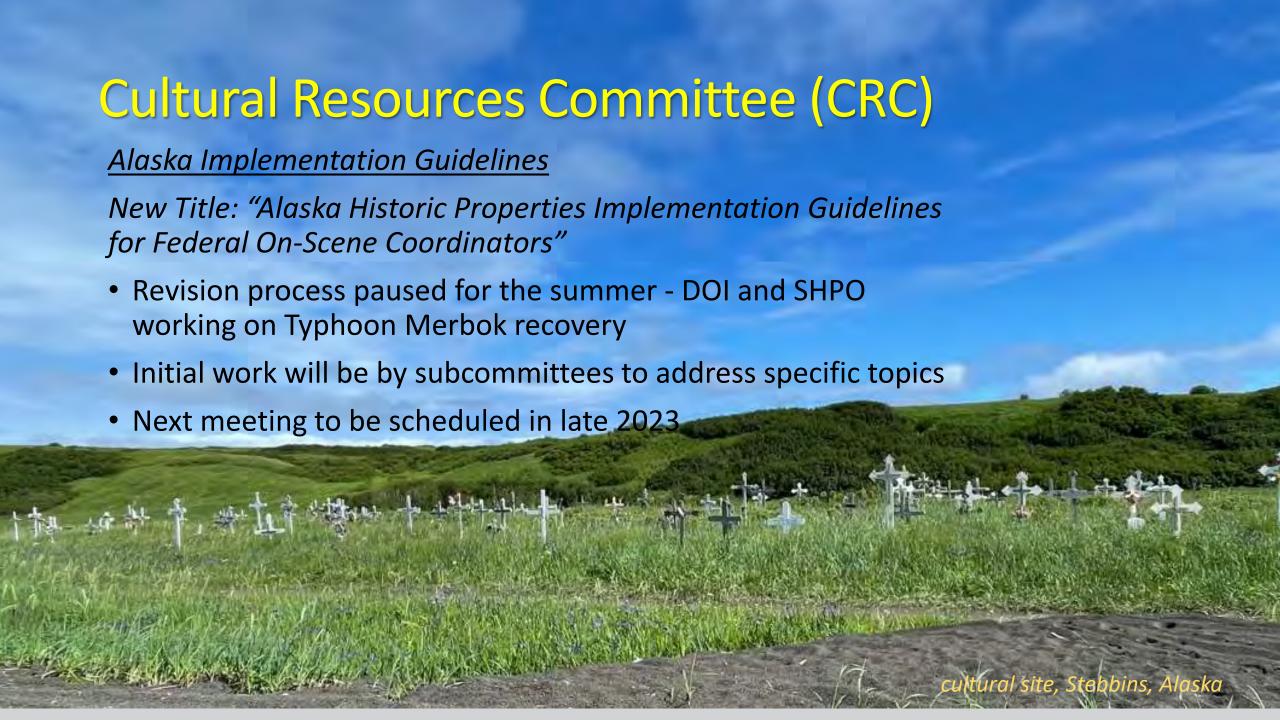








# CULTURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE WILDLIFE PROTECTION COMMITTEE PRIBILOF ISLANDS WORKING GROUP



#### Wildlife Protection Committee (WPC)

## Wildlife Protection Guidelines for Oil Spill Response in Alaska (WPG)

Core WPC agencies reviewed and provided administrative updates

Updates were completed and are under review by the full WPC

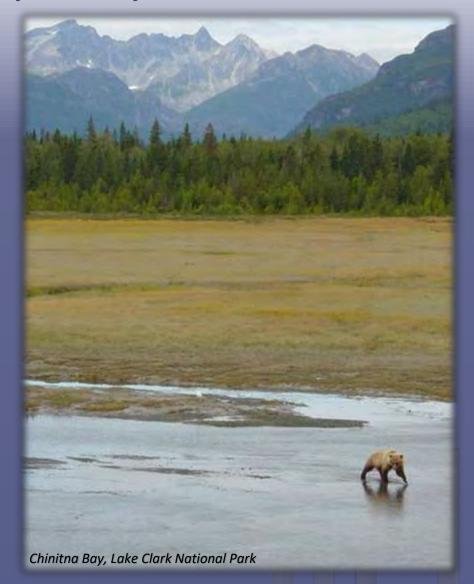
Target completion, fall 2023

Wildlife Job Aid

**ARRT Wildlife Protection Webpage** 

https://www.alaskarrt.org/Home/Documents/ 50

Next meeting – TBD



#### **Pribilof Island Working Group**

<u>Pribilof Islands Wildlife Protection Guidelines (PIWPG)</u> revision

Working Group of agencies, organizations, and stakeholders drafted new content and updated facilities and contact information

Comments from Working Group, EPA, USCG, and the public were addressed and revisions completed – April 2023

Final formatting and 508 compliance completed – June 2023

WPC is considering a Pribilof Island wildlifefocused drill in 2024 to practice using the new PI WPG







Wildlife Protection Committee Pribilof Islands Working Group

April 2023.1





#### SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

### Dispersant Use in the Arctic

June 2023 USCG Bering Strait Exercise included dispersant use decision

Does the ARRT have the most recent information on dispersant use and effects in cold waters?

Searched for new (post-DWH) research or summaries on dispersant use, efficacy, toxicity, and other topics, especially in cold or icy waters



### Dispersant Use in the Arctic

Most recent Arctic info from Coastal Response Research Center, University of New Hampshire: State-of-the-Science for Dispersant Use in Arctic Waters

**Efficacy and Effectiveness** 

**Physical Transport and Chemical** 

**Behavior** 

**Degradation and Fate** 

**Eco-toxicity and Sublethal** 

<u>Impacts</u>

**Public Health and Food Safety** 

Knowns and uncertainties presented by Kinner et al. at 2018's Alaska Oil Spill Technology Symposium



Salmon fry, USFWS

## **Post- DWH Syntheses**

Gulf of Mexico Sea Grant Programs (2021):

Dispersant Impacts Synthesis

Aquatic Animal Responses to
Oil and Dispersants

National Academies Consensus
Study Report (2020): The Use of
Dispersants in Marine Oil Spill
Response



Killer whale pod, Prince William Sound. Hosking, USFWS

#### **Contact Us:**

Kyle.Vincent@noaa.gov
Mike.Donnellan@alaska.gov
Latier.Andrea@epa.gov
Andrew.B.Sinclair@uscg.gov
Angela\_Matz@fws.gov



#### STATEWIDE PLANNING COMMITTEE

#### Statewide Planning Committee members

#### **ARRT Coordinators**

- EPA: Mary Goolie
- **USCG D17:**Angella Gebert
- ADEC: Kathy Shea

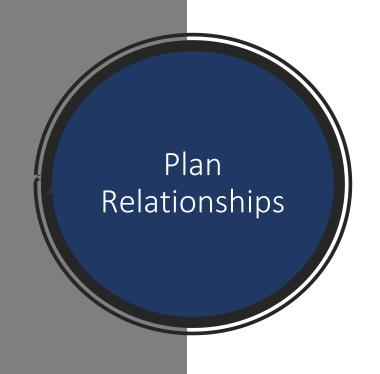
# USCG Area Secretaries and ADEC/EPA Area Planners

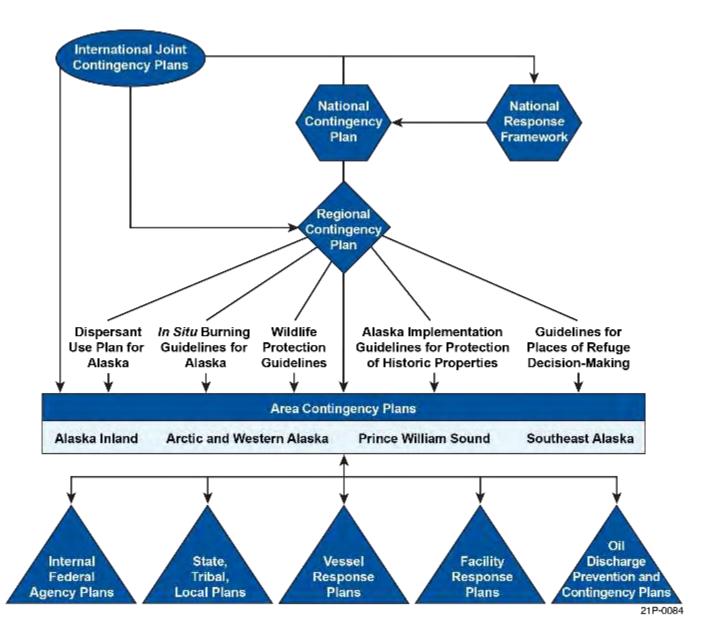
- **USCG PWS:** LT Shelby Frasca
- USCG SEAK: Kathy Hamblett, Lindsay Wheeler & Matthew Naylor
- **USCG AWA:** LCDR JoEllen Arons
- ADEC: Victoria Colles
- EPA: Mary Goolie

## Statewide Planning Committee Activity

- Monthly SPC Meetings
- Upcoming ACP Reviews: AK Inland ACP
   & RCP
- Outreach: bimonthly announcement email & quarterly newsletter
- Recommending & and coordinating ADEC and ARRT Website Updates

Overall: Interagency coordination of planning efforts





# Regional Contingency Plan

- Planner Centric
- Region-wide policy issues
- Updates: ARRT

# Area Contingency Plan

- Responder Centric
- Area resources and procedures
- Updates: Area Committee





# REGIONAL STAKEHOLDER COMMITTEE TASK FORCE

#### RSC Task Force

Task Force Initiated by ARRT Tri-Chairs 2/17/2022,

#### **Task Force Members**

- Environmental Protection Agency
- United States Coast Guard
- Alaska Department Environmental Conservation
- Native Village of Eyak
- Aleutian Pribilof Islands Association
- Prince William Sound Regional Citizens Advisory Council (RCAC)
- Cook Inlet RCAC
- Alaska Clean Seas
- Crowley Marine
- Alyeska Pipeline Service Co.
- Hilcorp Alaska LLC

#### **Task Force Meeting History**

- 9/5/2023
- 7/25/2023
- 6/14/2023
- 4/28/2023
- 2/21/2023
- 1/24/2023
- 12/20/2022
- 11/30/2022
- 11/15/2022
- 9/27/2022
- 8/2/2022

#### RSC Task Force

#### **Deliverables (under development)**

- Liaison Officer Job Aid
- Regional Stakeholder Committee (RSC) Member Job Aid
- Updated Definitions for RSC and Regional Citizens Advisory Council (RCAC)
- Updated RSC content/language for Area Contingency Plans and the Regional Contingency Plan

# What's Happening Now/ What's Next

- Work on the RSC Member Job Aid
- Tri-Chair Review
- Public Review (Winter 2023-2024)

# Liaison Officer Job Aid

#### **Contents**

HOW TO USE THIS JOB AID	
RECORD OF CHANGES	III
ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS	v
INTRODUCTION	1
WHAT IS A REGIONAL STAKEHOLDER COMMITTEE?	1
WHAT IS THE LOFR'S ROLE IN THE RSC PROCESS	2
WHEN TO STAND UP AN RSC	3
TIMEFRAME OF RSC ACTIVATION	3
WHO SERVES ON AN RSC	4
RSC PARTICIPANT ROLES	4
RSC CHAIR OR SPOKESPERSON	4
RSC Members	5
INFORMATION SHARING AND REPRESENTATION	5
RSC MEETINGS	6
RSC MEETINGS: INITIAL ORGANIZATIONAL MEETING OF THE RSC	6
1 <sup>ST</sup> MEETING OF RSC – ROLE OF THE LOFR	6
1 <sup>ST</sup> MEETING OF RSC — ROLE OF THE RSC MEMBERS	6
1 <sup>ST</sup> MEETING OF RSC –RSC CHAIR	
RSC MEETINGS: INTERNAL MEETINGS (NO UC)	7
RSC MEETINGS: MEETINGS WITH UC	7
RSC RAMP-DOWN	7
RESPONSE DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED TO THE RSC	7
LOFR BEST PRACTICES & FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS	9
DEFINITIONS	11

#### Contact us:

Alaska Regional Response Team Coordinators

Mary Goolie – EPA

goolie.mary@epa.gov

Angella Gebert – USCG

angella.r.gebert1@uscg.mil

Kathy Shea – ADEC (interim)

Kathy.shea@alaska.gov





#### TRIBAL COMMITTEE TASK FORCE



## BREAK



Please Don't Forget to SIGN IN

## ALASKA REGIONAL RESPONSE TEAM AREA COMMITTEE REPORTS



## Alaska Regional Response Team









## ARCTIC AND WESTERN ALASKA AREA COMMITTEE

### AREA COMMITTEE UPDATE

Notable initiatives within the Arctic and Western Alaska Area Committee:

Geographic Response Strategy Progress

Tier 1 and 2 Field in conjunction with UAS Validations throughout Western Alaska Region

Next Area Committee Meeting: October 25<sup>th</sup>

### AREA CONTINGENCY PLAN UPDATE

Area Contingency Plan – signed Jan 2023 Intentional Wellhead Ignition added to ACP

**Future ACP Updates** 

In-Situ Burn – integrate pre-assessed areas

Section 8000 Marine Firefighting and Salvage – continue quarterly workgroup meeting with Region Stakeholders

No Public Comment slated for 2023

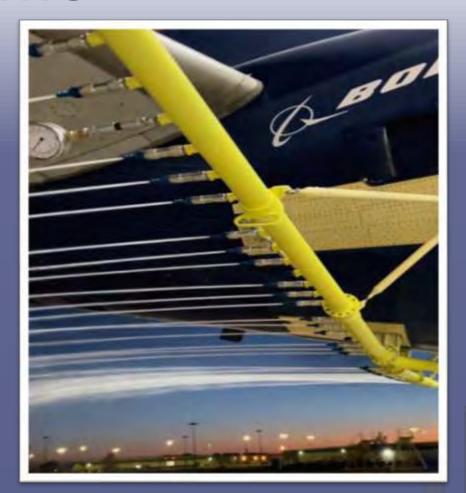
### **BERING STRAITS EXERCISE - JUNE 2023**

- AWA participation in D17 FSE
  - Stood-up a USCG Incident Management Team at Sector ANC
  - Organized field deployment with an NRC dispersant plane
  - Integrated State and Federal partners as field observers and players



### SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

- Further development of UAS policy and program expansion
- Expansion of Arctic Deployment Operations
- Updated RUS/US and CAN/US JCPs



## AREA COMMITTEE REQUEST FOR ARRT SUPPORT

- Support for tribal engagement in conjunction with the risk assessment methodology
- Guidance to implement UAS protocols and statewide policy
- Backing for continued improvement of GRS/GIS data management

### **AREA COMMITTEE CONTACTS**

ADEC Area Planning website:

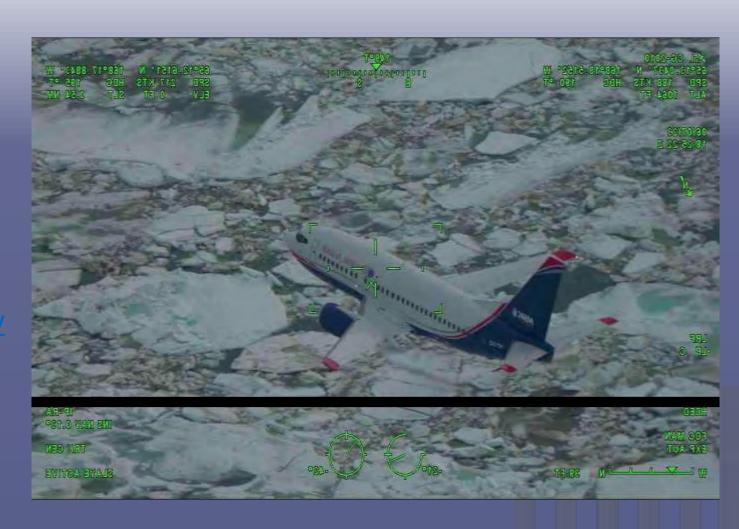
http://alaska.gov/go/7EKN

Contact us:

Kathy Shea kathy.shea@alaska.gov

LCDR JoEllen Arons

Joellen.m.arons@uscg.mi





## PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND AREA COMMITTEE BRIEF

### PWS AREA COMMITTEE UPDATE

- Notable initiatives within the PWS Area Committee:
- FOSC: CDR Sarah Rousseau, June 20<sup>th</sup>
- Last Steering Committee Meeting, July 18<sup>th</sup>
- Area Committee meeting April (Cordova)
- Alyeska Wildlife Deployment April (Cordova)
- Area Committee Meeting Oct 5<sup>th</sup> (Valdez)



Cordova, AK pc City of Cordova website

### AREA COINTINGENCY PLAN UPDATE

- Current Version (2020.1) signed 1/9/2023
- Plan updates:
  - Public comment 2024
  - Continue to streamline formatting. Incorporate applicable changes made in AWA and Inland ACPs
  - Use reference and tools boxes directing readers to updated information
- Future considerations:
  - GRS digitalization

## CASE SUMMARY/ENFORCEMENT

F/V LEGACY, Valdez Harbor spill



F/V DESIRE, by Esther Island



P/C Slow Belle, VSBH raised the vessel and removed from the water



USCG and ADEC responded to VPT dock due to report from VPT of unknown sheen, precautionary measures were taken by stopping loading barge

### SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

Shippers Drill completed, May 16-18 2023 (Valdez/Anchorage)

#### **Upcoming:**

**PWS SCAT and VMT IMT Exercise: Oct 3-4**<sup>th</sup> (Valdez)

**AlaskEX Valdez May 2024** 

Petro Star Valdez Response training September 2023



## PWS AREA COMMITTEE NEEDS FOR ARRT SUPPORT

None at this time



### AREA COMMITTEE CONTACTS

**PWS Area Planning website:** 

**Prince William Sound Area (alaska.gov)** 

Contact us:

Sarah.K.Rousseau@uscg.mil

Anna.Carey@alaska.gov

Shelby.e.Frasca@uscg.mil

Victoria.colles@Alaska.gov

#### HIGH FIVE! NEW OSRB-5 ARRIVES IN VALDEZ



The barge is in the midst of outfitting, that means crews are still in the process of mobilizing everything from response equipment to generators to mattresses, blankets and rugs.



## SOUTHEAST ALASKA AREA COMMITTEE

## AREA COMMITTEE UPDATE

Notable initiatives within the SEAK Area Committee:

#### Recent Actions:

Ketchikan PREP Full Scale Exercise/GRS Validation – April 2023 CANUSDIX – June 2023

#### Initiatives:

Tactics Exercise/GRS Validation - April 2024

#### Working Groups:

Common Operational Picture Sharing w/ Canadian Coast Guard for CANUSDIX incidents



CASE SUMMARY MENDENHALL RIVER FLOODING

5-6 August 2023: glacial dam burst in Mendenhall Lake, causing rapid record-breaking water level rise of Mendenhall River

Several structures collapsed and sent debris downriver into the nearby wetlands and surrounding ocean bays

Some debris included home heating oil tanks, gasoline canisters, propane tanks, etc.

Light sheening observed & accompanied by strong petroleum odor in Mendenhall River, Fritz Cove, Auke Bay, and Lynn Canal



CASE SUMMARY MENDENHALL RIVER FLOODING

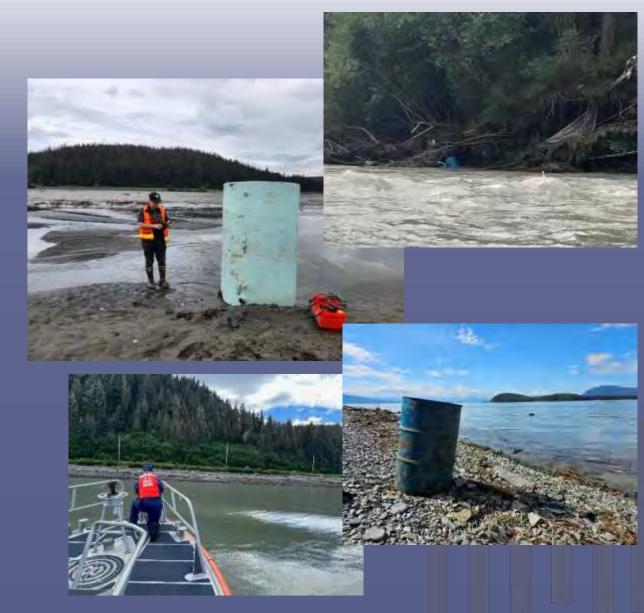
USCG & ADEC responders walked local beaches, river banks, and wetlands for several days during and after flooding event to identify and follow up on reports of sheening/odors/pollution sources

USCG launched helicopter and patrol boat to search debris in surrounding area for oil tanks and sheening

ADEC deployed sorbent boom and sweep at mouth of Duck Creek leading into Mendenhall River and responded to several spills to private properties impacted by HHOT releases

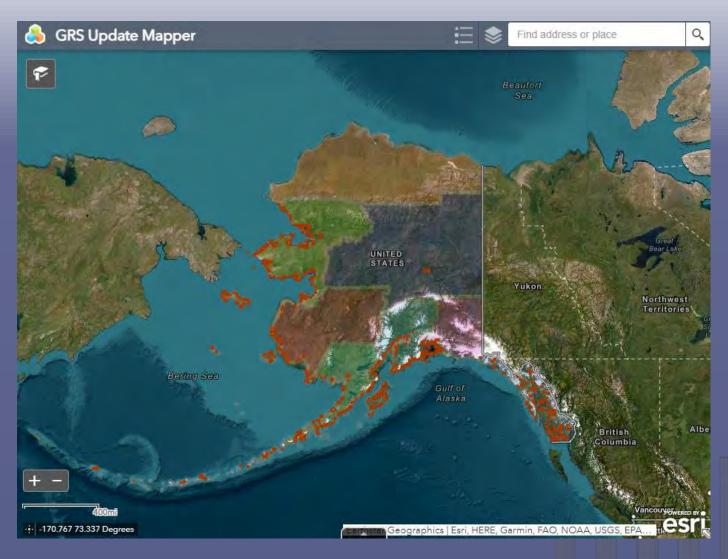
USCG opened Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund for local contractor to dispose of located oil tanks/barrels

Less than 100 gal oil products recovered; most oil tanks were empty or nearly empty upon discovery



## AREA COMMITTEE NEEDS FOR ARRT SUPPORT

Continued support for exploration of GRS documents to GIS format and improvement of technology to conduct validations with modeling software



## **AREA COMMITTEE CONTACTS**

ADEC Area Planning website:

http://alaska.gov /go/7EKN



August 2023: Aground 40-ft F/V MARCO, Gastineau Channel (Juneau), AK



## **ALASKA INLAND AREA COMMITTEE**



## Alaska Inland Area Committee update

Last Meeting March 6, 2023

**Working Groups Sponsored by AK Inland Area Committee** 

- In Situ Burning: Task Completed. ISB
   Decision-Making Checklist posted on ADEC website. Checklist will be incorporated into 2023 ACP
- Hazardous Substance Response: Task Update ACP Chapter 7000 & HazSub Job Aid. On Hold
- Response Logistics: Task Update Chapter
   5000 Logistics & Logistics Job Aid. On Hold



### Area contingency plan update Version 2020.1 approved March 2021

**Public Review Period planned for January 2024** 

**2023 Tasks:** Annual Review Kick off at March 6 Area Committee/ Admin Subcommittee meeting

#### **Focus of Modifications:**

Incorporate applicable changes made in AWA and PWS ACPs

Incorporate potential products of HazSub, Logistics & ISB Working Groups

Review & Revise Job Aids for Health & Safety, Radiation, Waste Management & Disposal

Contact <u>Mary Goolie</u> with proposed plan modifications or to be on the AK Inland Admin Subcommittee

## Case Summary #1 Spring Flooding Response

- May-June 2023 Circle, Russian Mission, Crooked Creek Responses
- Response Actions Summary:
  - Inventoried impacted fuel tanks
  - Established community collection sites for impacted fuel and hazardous materials.
  - Circle AK: hired contractor to remove fuel from impacted fuel tanks and drums, filter it, and return the filtered fuel back to the community.
  - Continue to work with the community to address their concerns.



# Case Summary #2 University Lake (Anchorage, AK) Diesel Fuel Discharge

- June 21 July 11, 2023
- Unified Command: EPA, ADEC, ANTHC/ANMC
- Supporting Agencies: USFWS, USDA/APHIS, ADFG, Municipality of Anchorage





## Special Announcements:

- ADEC and EPA Coordinated with USCG MSTF on inspections in Nome & Bethel regions (July & August 2023)
- Proposing Capacity Building Outreach and Training-Coordinated by EPA, ADEC
- Removals planned at Matanuska Townsite, Shungnak School, potential removals at ANCSA sites
- Upcoming exercises
  - Savant Badami MAD Drill, September 19-20
  - Alaska Railroad, October 13
  - Conoco Phillips Alpine October 11 & 25
  - Harvest Alaska, Pt. Thompson Unit, IMT, November 2
  - Alyeska TAPS Gunn Creek November 7



## Needs Requiring ARRT Support

Support/ideas/resources for Village Compliance Assessment.

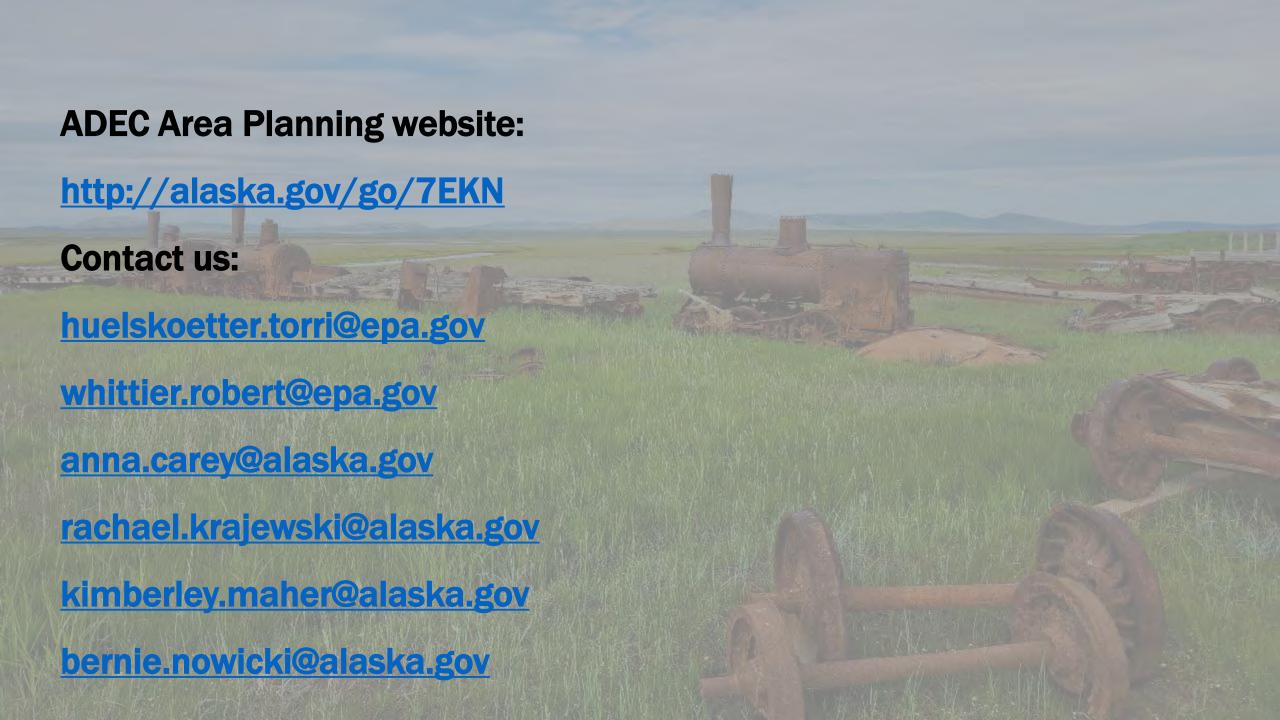
**Tank Farm Facilities** 

Response equipment

**Trained personnel (i.e. HAZWOPER training)** 

**School District Outreach** 

Continue the conversation on logistical support from ARRT member agencies – follow-up on ARRT Tabletop Exercise 9/21/2022





## LUNCH



Please SIGN IN

## Meeting will restart at 1:00 PM (Alaska time)

 If you want to offer a public comment, sign up in "Chat" or the sign up sheet located in the room

 Must sign up by the end of this lunch break.

## **WELCOME BACK**

## Meeting Sign-In



www.AlaskaRRT.org

### AFTERNOON AGENDA

1:00	ALASKA	<b>RAILROAD</b>	CORPORATION	(30 Minutes)
------	--------	-----------------	-------------	--------------

1:30 EAST PALESTINE, OHIO TRAIN DETALMENT EMERGENCY RESPONSE (30 Minutes)

2:00-2:15 BREAK

2:15 ALTERNATE PLANNING CRITERIA (30 Minutes)

2:45 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, PIPELINE AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SAFETY ADMINISTRATION (PHMSA) (30 Minutes)



## **ALASKA RAILROAD CORPORATION**



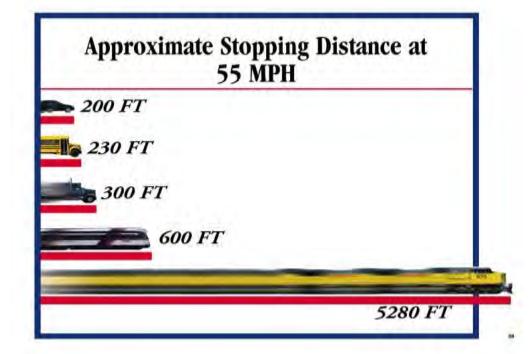


## Safety Minute















## Quick Facts

#### Organization (following State purchase)

- Independent corporation owned by State
- Managed by a seven-member board of directors appointed by Governor
- Mandated to be self-sustaining, responsible for financial and legal obligations

#### **Operating Data**

- 656 Total miles of track
- 912 Freight cars (owned & leased)
- 44 Passenger cars
- 51 Locomotives

#### **2022 Operating Statistics**

- 531,611 passengers
- 3.7 million tons of freight

#### Employees (January 2022)

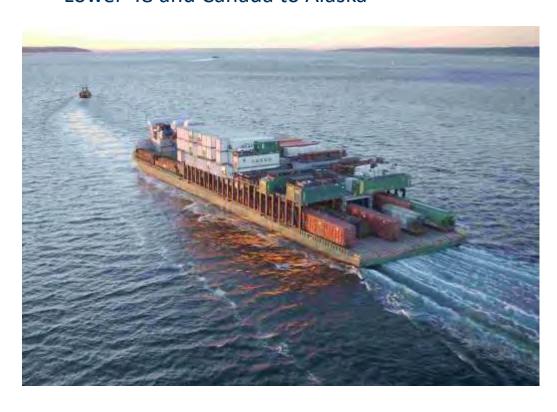
- 571 full-time year-round employees
- ~70% members of 5 unions





## Interstate Service

Lower 48 and Canada to Alaska

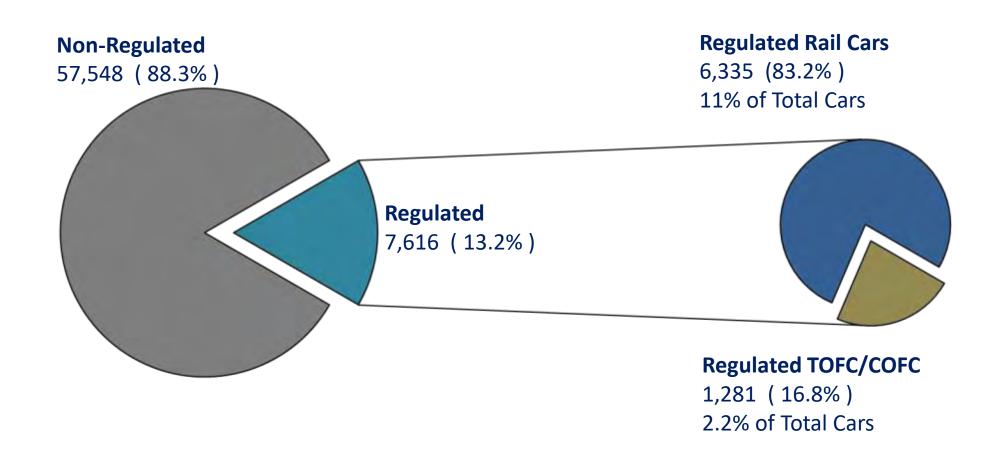


- Seattle or Prince Rupert to Whittier
- Railcar Tracking
- Safe, Reliable, Affordable Service
- Longest Rail-Haul in North America
  - Alaska Railroad from Seattle to Fairbanks - 1815 Miles
  - Interline service from Panama City, Florida to Fairbanks - 4842 Miles



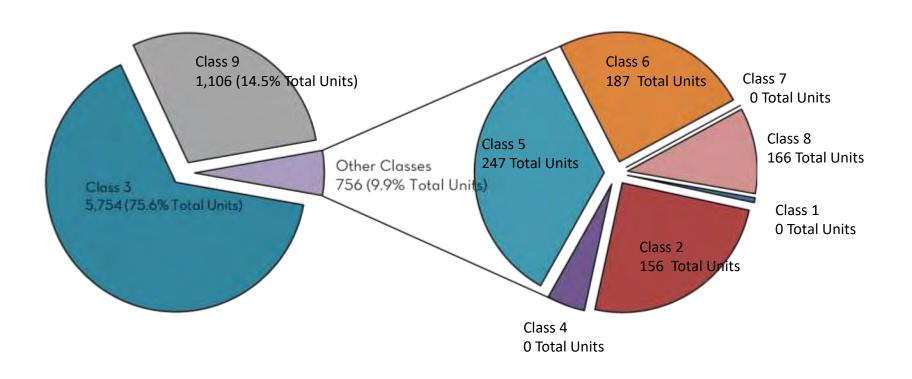
# Rail Cars Transporting Freight

In 2022 ARRC Handled 65,164 Total Rail Cars and TOFC/COFC Transporting Freight





Rail Cars Transporting Hazardous Materials By Hazard Class (2022)



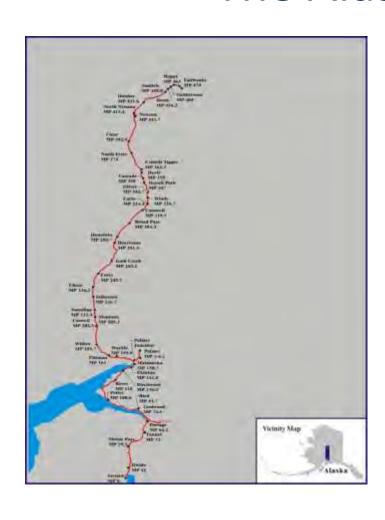


### What ARRC Does NOT Haul...

- Crude Oil
- Ethanol
- Chlorine
- Anhydrous Ammonia
- PIH
- Vinyl Chloride



#### The Alaska Railroad



- Nearly 600 miles of track
- In 2022 ARRC moved 3,288,000 barrels of class 3 liquids

#### Over 138 million gallons



## Regulatory Bodies

- US DOT
  - FRA
  - USCG





ADEC



• US EPA





Transport Canada



Environment Canada



Environnement Canada

Environment Canada



## Why does the ARRC have a C-Plan?

The Alaska Railroad is committed to planning for safe, efficient, and effective responses to oil discharges. The C-Plan is the plan by which responses will be conducted by the ARRC. (or 18 ACC 75.400)



## As of Feb. 28, 2019 FRA...

- **49 CFR 130.100** (a) Railroads must have current written comprehensive oil spill response plans (COSRPs) meeting the requirements of this subpart for any route or route segments to transport either of the following:
- (1) Any liquid petroleum oil or other non-petroleum oil subject to this part in a quantity greater than 42,000 gal per package
- (2) A single train carrying 20 or more loaded tank cars of liquid petroleum oil in a continuous block or a single train carrying 35 or more loaded tank cars of liquid petroleum oil throughout the train consist.
- (i) Blah blah blah, don't count anything not at least combustible or tanks carrying residuals.....
- 130.105 Purpose and general format.....State plans can count as long as..... Contain minimum of federal plan and list of names of qualified individuals and certify the railroad has the means to respond or contracts to respond. (RAC)
- 130.110 Consistency with the National Contingency Plan Including 1) ICS 2) Contact NRC and 3) Safety at the site
- 130.115 Consistency with Area Contingency Plans
- 130.120 Information Summary
- 130.125 Notification Procedures and Contacts
- **130.130 Response and Mitigation Activities** Including resources in 12 hours and Oil Spill Response Organization (OSRO)
- 130.135 Training Including requirements that training on the plan occur every five years.

#### AlaskaRailroad.com



### FRA...

**130.140** Equipment testing and exercise procedures Including describing an exercise program for COSRPs following the National Preparedness for Response Exercise Program (PREP) Guidelines (check the USGC web page)

130.145 Plan review, update, and recordkeeping procedures

130.150 Approval and submission procedures

130.155 Implementation of comprehensive oil spill response plans

Also 174.312 HHFT information sharing notification for emergency response planning

Prior to operating an HHFT must provide the information described in paragraphs (b) and (c) to each State Emergency Response Commission (SERC).....

Weekly, route, description of material, point of contact, update for greater than 25% change via electronic or hardcopy.

#### AlaskaRailroad.com



## What is covered by the C-Plan?

- 1. A railroad tank car on a rail barge and is attached to an ARRC locomotive; or
- 2. A railroad tank car that is not on a rail barge or the property of a non-ARRC facility (in ARRC yards and on sidings; or
- 3. The Spill is from an ARRC locomotive; or
- 4. A railroad tank car is on the property of a non-ARRC facility or on a private track (as defined in 49 CFR 171.8) and the tank car has not been received by the receiving non-ARRC facility.



## What is a Response Planning Standard? (Section 5)

- The Response Planning Standard (RPS) for the Alaska Railroad Corporation (ARRC) for purposes of preparing an Oil Discharge Prevention & Contingency Plan is established in Alaska Statute, Section 46.04.055 (c)(2) which establishes the RPS for railroad tank cars as follows:
- (A) Containment and control of 15 percent of the maximum oil capacity of a train on the railroad within 48 hours: and
- (B) Cleanup of the discharge within the shortest possible time consistent with minimizing damage to the environment.



#### **ARRC RPS Determination**

#### **ARRC Response Planning Standard Volume Determination**

#### **Non-persistent (Fuels):**

Maximum train for non-persistent product is **one hundred twenty five (125) cars** 

Tank car (23,000 gallons = 550 bbls)

Total load = 2,875,000 gallons or 68,452 bbls

(rounded to 68,500 bbls)

**RPS:** 15 % of Total load = 431,250 gallons or 10,267 bbls (rounded to 10,300 bbls)



#### **ARRC RPS Determination**

#### **ARRC Response Planning Standard Volume Determination**

#### Persistent: (Tars):

Maximum train for persistent product is six (6) cars

Tank car (23,000 gallons = 550 bbls)

Total load = 138,000 gallons or 3286 bbls

(rounded to 3300 bbls)

RPS: 15% of Total load = 20,700 gallons or 493 bbls (rounded to 495 bbls)



## How is the ARRC C-Plan organized?

- The ARRC C-Plan is separated into five main categories and supporting information in the appendices.
  - Section 1: Response Action Plan
  - Section 2: Prevention Plan
  - Section 3: Supplemental Information
  - Section 4: Best Available Technology
  - Section 5: Response Planning Standard
  - Appendices



## 1.0 Response Action Plan

- Section 1 of the ARRC Plan details the ARRC program for emergency response
- Actions to be taken in the event of a spill
- 8 subsections detail aspects of the program





### Section 1 Includes:

- 1.1 Emergency Action Checklist
- 1.2 Reporting and Notification
- 1.3 Safety
- 1.4 Communications
- 1.5 Response and Deployment Strategies
- 1.6 Response Scenarios
- 1.7 Non-Mechanical Response Options
- 1.8 Facility Description





# Safety issues

- Incident Safety Objectives
- Responsibility for safety during and incident
- Right of way activities
- Potential safety issues
- Safety of personnel
- Safety of the public
- Contractor safety
- Local coordination
- Chemical hazards
- Physical hazards





### Communications

- Federal Railroad Regulations
- Communications Equipment
- Communication Frequencies
- ARRC system Radio





# Response and Deployment

- Initial response actions
- ARRC response resources
- Models for estimating transport times
- 1.6 details more strategies and scenarios





### Section 2: Prevention Plan

- 2.1 Prevention Programs
- 2.2 Discharge History
- 2.3 Potential Discharge Analysis
- 2.4 Specific Conditions
- 2.5 Discharge Detection





# Section 3: Supplemental Information

- 3.1 Facility Descriptions and Operations
- 3.2 Receiving Environment
- 3.3 Command System
- 3.4 Realistic Maximum Response Operating Limitations
- 3.5 Logistical Support
- 3.6 Response Equipment
- 3.7 Non-Mechanical Response Information
- 3.8 Primary RAC Info
- 3.9 Training
- 3.10 Protection of ESAs
- 3.11 Additional Information
- 3.12 Bibliography





## Section 4: Best Available Technology

- Communications
- Source Control and Procedures
- Trajectory Analysis
- Wildlife Capture, Treatment, and Release
- Oil Discharge Detection
- Spills at Fueling or Filling Locations
- Track Mounted Tank Car Defect Detector Systems
- Avalanche Detection and Mitigation



# **Appendices**

#### Include:

- Spill Report Form (201 Form)
- Oil Spill Site Safety Plan
- Geographic Spill Response Sections (and Maps)
- Petroleum Cargo Characteristics
- MESA Maps
- Oil Spill Equipment Storage Map
- Oil Spill Scenario Maps
- ARRC Spill History
- Response Options for Receiving Environments
- Generic Response Strategies
- List of Facilities and Section Houses
- ARRC Incident Command System Org. Chart





## **Incident Objectives**

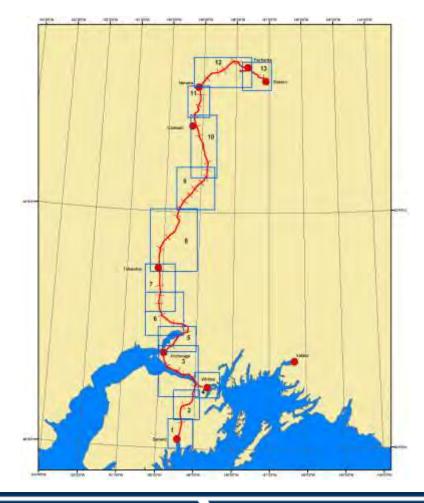
- 1. Safety of Personnel
- 2. Assess
- 3. Stop the Flow
- 4. Contain
- 5. Notify
- 6. Activate Command Organization

- 7. Recovery Strategies
- 8. Restore RailOperations
- Interim and Permanent Disposal
- 10. Decontaminate
- 11. Document



## Geographic Spill Response Sections

- The Alaska Railroad covers 500 miles of very diverse country.
- Section 1.6.13, Geographic Spill
  Response Sections and Receiving
  Environment Categories, catalogs these
  differences and the unique
  characteristics and risk factors to be
  considered in these areas when an
  incident occurs. (Appendix E)
- 13 GSRs



#### Geographic Spill Response Section 5: Anchorage to Knik River Bridge

Extent of Coverage Greatest Oil Cargo	114.3 to 146.4 125 tanks cars @ 23,000 gais/per car
Vol. per train	2.875.000 gallons or 68,452 bits
Areas of Special	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson (JBER) MP 117,15 to MP 131,65, 200' ROW
Attention	Palmer Hay Flats State Game Refuge Approx. MP 145
Oil Terminals Services	Andeavor Petroleum (formerly Flint Hills) loads and receives tank cars of oil at their terminal facilit located in the Port of Anc., serviced by a spur line originating in the ARRC Anc. Terminal facilit [switching yard]
Special Safety Concerns	This area passes through the Elmendorf Air Force Base (between MP 117 and MP 121). Those ar portrolled areas with armed quards, and access must be coordinated with the base security personne Live ordinance and live fire operations may take place on these facilities, and response must b coordinated with on base activities to avoid dangerous exposure to military operations. Call Municipality of Anchorage Emergency Dispatcher 9-911 and ask for Elmendorf 911 emergency dispatcher whe calling the above number.
	Response on the Knik Arm Flats and Turnagain Arm may pose dangers due to extreme tide change resulting in high tidal current velocities, as well as shallow water conditions, sandy/muddy shoats, an tidal mud flats.
	Eagle. Eklutha and Knik Rivers can be extremely dangerous fast moving currents, and in wate response needs to be planned with extreme caution.
	Bears can be a hazard to persons on foot in this entire area anyplace away from the highway area See Appendix C for Wildlife Safety Procedures.
Public Safety	This area passes near residential areas, and community notification and evacuation may be required Public Safety Contacts: Alaska State Troopers. Anchorage Police Department
Access	The section has good side road access through public roads. Coordination will be required through the Military Liaison Officer for access to military reservations.
Assessment	From MP F-5 (Portage Lake) to Portage (MP 64,2), spills to water will run NE from Portage lake alon the Portage Creek drainage and eventually into the saltwater of Turn again Arm. Spills to water will run into rivers (Eagle River, Eklutna River, Knik River) and creeks which all drain into the saltwater of Knik Arm.
Environmental	The primary receiving environment categories in this section are:  # 1: Swift Vater (Eagle River, Eklutha River, Knik River)  # 2: Marsh/Westends  # 8: Tidal Saltwater-Mud Flats  # 7: Small Stream Crossings  # 8: Freshwater Lakes  Primary wildlife resources are present in:  Knik Arm salmon, smelt, seals, shorebirds  Eagle River, Eklutha River, Knik River, salmon, trout  General area: Moose, bear, bald eagle
Primary Containment Strategies in Addition to Direct Containment of the Tank Cars	In summer months  For spills into river, deploy containment, diversion and collection booming  For spills into Knik Arm, containment boom may be deployed only with the direct approval of the Safety Officer.  During freeze up months:  Construct show berms with liner materials to contain and collect spilled product.  During periods of broken ice floes no on-water response will be implemented. Containment an recovery systems may be deployed for periods when high tide waters may inundate the spill area During winter conditions heavy equipment will be utilized for recovery operations. In the initial stages of the response, equipment will be used to dig trenches down gradient of the spill to allow placement of a appropriate skimmer for recovery of product to a portable tank(s). The portable tank(s) will be located to appropriate skimmer for recovery of product to a portable tank(s).



## **Receiving Environments**

- The ARRC right of way has been broken down into 10 different categories of receiving environments. (Section 1.6.13)
- Appendix M, details each of the environments.
- Appendix N, has response strategies specific to each of the environments.



#### Swift Water

- Sensitivity Ranking 4
- Fast boom type response
- Must consider wildlife and current conditions
- During breakup can be very dangerous.
   Water currents and ice are seasonal safety consideration





- Marsh/Wetlands
  - Sensitivity Ranking 8
  - Skimmers and sorbent for response
  - Wildlife sensitive
  - Ice and mud present risks to safety





- Tidally influenced water impoundments
  - Sensitivity Ranking 2
  - Block culverts and use skimmers and sorbent for recovery
  - Seasonal Wildlife
  - Ice and mud present risks to safety





- Beaver ponds
  - Sensitivity Ranking 8
  - Install underflow systems at the beaver dams and use skimmers and sorbent for recovery
  - Year round wildlife present
  - Ice and mud present risks to safety and PFDs should be considered





- Upland right of way with no immediate path to water
  - Sensitivity Ranking 1
  - Sorbents and excavation will be used to recover product
  - Possible wildlife in all areas of the railroad right of way
  - Safety is standard working practices





- Tidal saltwater/mudflats
  - Sensitivity Ranking 4
  - Recovery is extremely difficult due to tide, mud, currents, and weather along the inlets. On-water recovery is possible in limited situations
  - Seasonal Wildlife, marine mammals
  - Mud, ice and weather present risks to safety





- Small Stream Crossings
  - Sensitivity Ranking 8-10
  - Locate locations downstream where collection, diversion, and exclusion berming are possible
  - Seasonal Wildlife and spawning salmon
  - Slip, trip and fall issues, ice, and currents are safety concerns





- Freshwater Lakes
  - Sensitivity Ranking 8-10
  - Containment booming and skimming for recovery of product
  - Local populations of wildlife as well as seasonal Wildlife and spawning fish
  - Must have a water safety and rescue plan, and ice in winter present risks





### RE Section 9

- Temperate Rainforest
  - Sensitivity Ranking 6
  - Runoff must be blocked, sorbent and excavation to remove product from soils
  - Seasonal Wildlife and populations of local
  - Ground can slough, uneven footing and seasonal ice risks

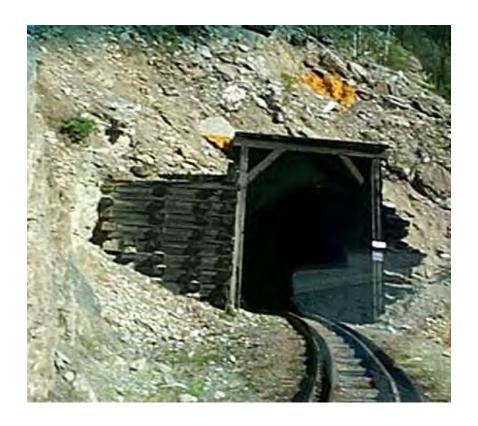




### RE Section 10

#### Tunnels

- Sensitivity Ranking 1
- Use confined space entry if needed, and reference the AK DOT ERP for Whittier Tunnel. Other tunnels may require pump systems and sorbent to recover product.
- Little risk to wildlife
- Ice , falling rocks and poor footing present safety risks







General Information: Wetlands areas are found adjacent to the rail line in every GSRS of the ARRC line. These areas are typically wet with standing water year round. They typically have water tolerant vegetation and are often connected to drainages into streams and rivers.

Safety Issues: While these areas typically appear benign, the potential for drowning in these areas is very real, as well as being stuck in the underlying mud and becoming unable to extract personnel. Personnel would wear PFDs, work in buddy teams and have visual supervision from a safe, upland site at all times. Inflatable rafts may be the best way to safely work in these areas.

Response Strategies: If oil reaches these waters, the primary response strategy will be to use skimmers and absorbent materials to recover oil. Flushing with water from hoses may be required to concentrate recoverable oil into areas free of vegetation where collection and skimming can be effective. These areas can be fragile, in that the impact of human and mechanical activity can last for a long time. Care should be taken to stag response resources in areas of low impact. Damage to the area should be evaluated before choosing response strategies and tactics.

Environmental Considerations: These areas are typically defined as "sensitive" due to the numerous wildifie that they support. Moose, migratory waterfowl, salmon and freshwater fish all utilize these environments. The Environmental Unit Leader should work with ADF&G to identify sensitive areas and develop plans to avoid negative impacts in these environments.

Seasonal issues: During winter months ice is present in many wetland areas, allowing recovery operations on the surface. If pil infiltrates under the ice, recovery from the wetlands may require developing under ice recovery programs using small skimmers in access holes.

Wildlife: These areas have high incidents of wildlife present from May until November, The Environmental Unit Leader will consult with resource agency personnel to decide if work can proceed in the areas. Moose, migratory waterfowl, eagles, salmon and freshwater fish all frequent these environments. Salmon spawning areas will be a high priority.

#### Category 2: Marsh / Wetlands

#### Objectives and Strategies

If of reaches these waters, the primary response strategy will be to use elements and absorber meantain by recover all. Filluring with water from house may be required to concentrate recovered ed into aroses of open setter has of separation effects collection and scirming rate to be frequer. These aroses can be freque, in that the impact of human just mechanical activity care talk to we long time. Care should be selven so stage response recourses in arress of low intext. Damage to the area should be evaluated before choosing response strategies and facilities, in occordination with the Environmental Link Leader.

The general strategy for responding to spills to marehas and wetlands as

- + Identity the perimeter of the spilled area in the murch, deploy contamining it possible.
- Based on above, contrly teasible collection sites and access options to those raise tools ground increase, email wessel platforms may also be possible as platforms to support recovery devices?
- Cold water furning may be used to move oil to recovery sites within the contaminant.
- Choose approxime equipment to establishing collection and recovery operations.
- Mobilize and deploy equipment to recover and store product from the site (s).

#### Deployment Considerations and Limitations

- Vegetation in those areas may act as "apongo" for spiled product, making alimning recovery difficult. Decloyment of soments such as poin points may be the croy effective recovery uptor.
- Permits may be required prior to any temporary staging or #\$ in these areas.
- Recovery operations may require a permit from ADEC to decent free water back into the collection areas.
- . Most of these also will be accessed by the mill line or RCW, with recovered oil pumped to tank cars.

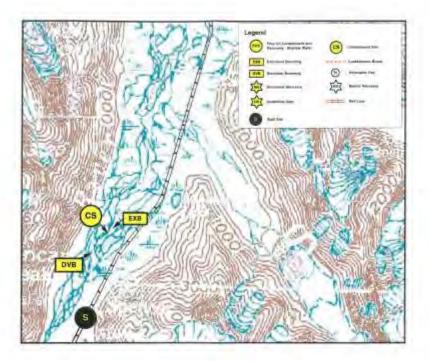
Restriction for these potential stategies vary, and have been divided into two callegones (RA) Reptrictio Access and (NRA) No Access. Restrictions, Each unit is defined to postate in accesses deliced, a storage statete and associated direct as discipport agreement and materials. Quantity of units required will be determined by site, and resource sets may need to be united as all specific requirement attotals. The resources lated balow make up a generic unit or "publishe" as guidance for ordering resources to resource to selfa in this callegony resources and access to the publisher.

#### Collection, Restricted Access (RA)

Description	Type	Function	Guantity
floom	Fatt Water Boom	Containment	500 feet
Skonne	Skim Pac 18000	Recovery	1
Hose & titings	2 suction	Teacurer from alummer to pump	100 feet
Hose & littings	2 discharge	Transfer to storage	200 feet
Anchor systems	20 # Duntorth Kits	Boom configuration	4 sets
Sorberns	Pom Poms	Calactan	E bags (60 per bag)
Borberns	Contractor Sweep	Collectory contaminent	5 sections (100 feet per section)
Decon Unit	Fish Tota decon una	Decon parament	T. Limit
Temporary Storage	Fest Tenk 2,400 palinns	Recover Rould storage	1
Overpack Drutte	55 Gallon DIDT	Temporary stronge of olisid waste	4 drams
Pamp	2' or greater	Flushing	A.
Hose and fittings	2' section	Suction of flurning water	100
Hose and littings	2' discharge	Suction of flushing water	100'
Nozzle	2" fite nozzle	Flushing	1
Vesselt	10' inflatable raft with motor	On water deployment	4.

#### Support Resources

Description	Type	Function	Quantity
Personnel	Response Technicians		4
Asset personnel. Technicien			T



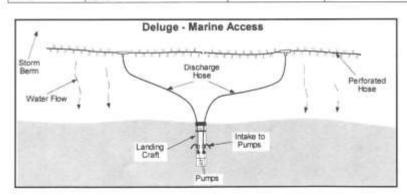
#### Category 2: Marsh / Wetlands (Cont.)

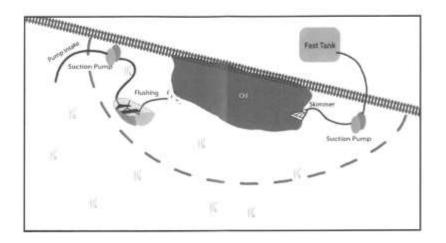
#### Collection, No Restricted Access (RA)

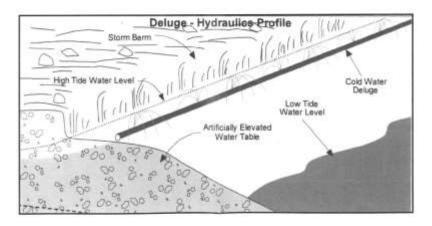
Description	Туре	Function	Quantity
Boom	Fast Water Boom	Containment	500 feet
Skimmer	Skim Pac 18000	Recovery	1
Hose & fittings	2 'suction	Transfer from alummer to pump	100 feet
Hose & Ritings	2' discharge	Transfer to storage	200 feet
Anchor systems	20 # Canforth Kits	Beam configuration	4 sets
Sorbents	Pom Poms	Collection	5 bags (50 per bag)
Sorbents:	Contractor Sweep	Collection/ containment	5 sections (100 feet per section)
Decon Unit	Fish Total decon unit	Decon personnel	1 Unit
Temporary Storage	Fast Tank 2,400 gallons	Recover liquid storage	1
Overpack Drums	55 Galton DOT	Temporary storage of oiled waste	4 drume
Pump	2" or greater	Flushing	.1
Hose and fittings	2' suction	Suction of flushing water	100
Hose and fittings.	2' discharge	Suction of flushing water	100
Nozzie	2" fire nozzle	Flushing	4
Vecoris	10' inflatable reft w/o motor	On water deployment	Toronto
Decon Unit Fish Total	Decon Unit	Decon Personnel	1 Unit
Temporary Storage	Fastank 2400 galls	Recovered Liquid Storage	1
Overpack Drume	55 gal DOT	Temporary Storage of Oily Waste	4 drums
Vacuum Truck with Manta Ray Skimmer	70 Banel	Temporary Storage / Skimming	1
Response Trailer	Support Equipment	On Railroad Flatbed Cars If Rail Line Access is Available	1.
Vessels	12' Jon Boat Style wit motor	On Water Deployment	1
Tank Care	Standard, Empty	If Rail Line Access is available	Additional Discharge Hose may be required based on distance to rail line from collection

#### Support Resources

Description	Туря	Function	Quantity	
Personnel	Perponse Techniciens		4	
Vac Truck Personnel	Operator		1	
Vessel	Operator		1	









# How would ARRC use the Plan in an emergency?

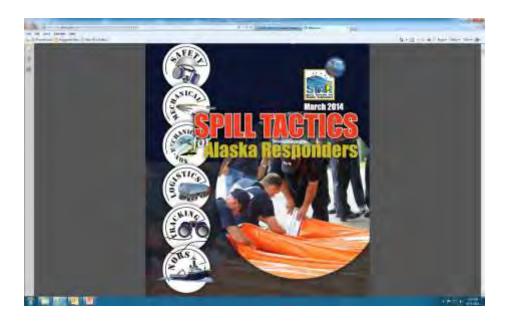
- The ARRC C-Plan is intended to be a working plan to assist in an Emergency
- The Response Action Plan is followed to make responses more effective
- Supporting documentation and information will streamline efforts





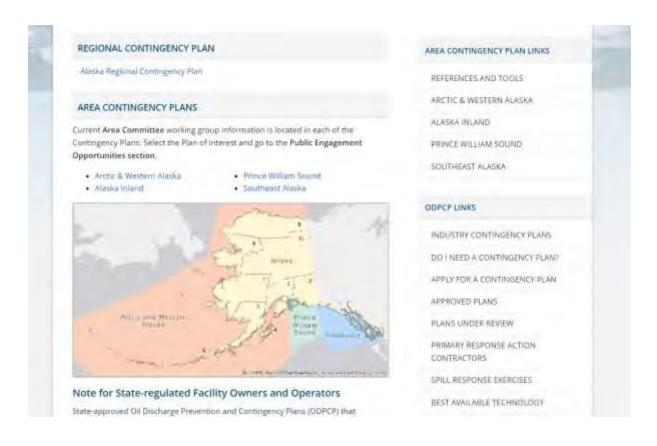
# For Example

- Identify ARRC milepost where spill has occurred;
- Identity which ARRC GSR the spill is located in;
- Review information on the GSR, determine specific relevant information including contacts and ESAs;
- Identify the Receiving Environment Categories in the GSR and consult Appendix M and N for response tactics and required equipment;
- Develop resource requirements for primary strategies appropriate for the receiving environment based on STAR manual and appendices M and N.





#### Other Resources





# https://dec.alaska.gov/spar/ppr/contingency-plans/response-plans/tools/





#### References and Tools Website

National & State Policy
Agency Response Guides
Response Plans
Contact Information

#### By ICS Position

- Command
- Operations
- Planning
- Logistics
- Finance/Cost

#### By Subject

- Wildlife, Fish and habitats
- Cultural Resources and Historic Properties
- Hazardous Substances
- Natural Disasters Stafford Act Disasters
- Mapping/GIS
- Air Operations
- SCAT
- Industry Websites & OSROS, PRACS
- Weather, River, Tides and Ice
- ICS Resources



# AND FINALLY....



# Anchorage equipment

- 3 response vans (DV03, DV06 and DV07)
- Mobile Shop (DV02)
- Mobile Break Room (DV01)
- 1 boxcar of drums, sorbents, and response equipment
- 2ea 50K gallon, 3 ea 20k gallon portable tanks
- HR 1473, Ford F550 with 500g tank or flatbed w/crane
- 16' enclosed trailer
- 4 each shallow water boom vane























#### **Fairbanks**

- 2 Response vans identical to the Anch. Vans (DV04 and DV05)
- The ARR 10157 boxcar with drums
- 2 ea. 20K gallon portable tanks



# Healy

- Boxcar ARR 94101 full of response equipment, pumps, tools, etc.
- 1ea 20K gallon portable tanks







#### Whittier

• 40' Emergency response equipment storage Van with drums, sorbent pads, sorbent rolls, sorbent boom, tools, and various other response supplies.











#### Seward

• 20' van with drums, various sorbents, tools and various other response supplies.



# Along the right-of-way...

Station	MP	ER Equipment	
Whittier	F0.0	CV433 (Drums, Liners, Absorbents Sodium Bicarbonate, Peat Sorb, Generator)	
14,000	1,508	Section House (Two Spill Drums, Absorbents)	
Seward	3	Container #BSTL-02 (Absorbents, Drums)	
- COMMITTEE	30	Roundhouse (Spill Tote, Two 85 gal. Spill Drum)	
Moose Pass	29.4	CV-1236 (Spill Tote, Drums, Absorbents, Peat Sorb)	
Tunnel	51,25	Spill Tote, Drums	
Portage	62.85	Spill Tote	
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.00000	CV403 (Absorbents, Drums)	
Anchorage	114	DV01, DV02, DV03, DV06, DV07, Barrel Farm,	
Birchwood	135.5	Spill Tote	
144 CHI		Spill Tote, Spill Drum	
Wasilla	159	Absorbents, Drums	
Willow	185.5	Spill Tote, Absorbents	
Talkeetna	226.8	Spill Tote, Absorbents	
Hurricane	281.7	Two Spill Totes, Absorbents, Liners	
Cantwell	319.5	Spill Tote	
Denali Park	347.7	Spill Tote	
Healy	359	Section House (Spill Tote)	
rically	309	Boxcar 94101	
Nenana	411.4	Spill Tote	
Fairbanks	469	Freight House (Spill Tote)	
1 411 (1411)		Boxcar 10157, DV04, DV05	



# Spill Tote/Drum











AlaskaRailroad.com



## And the ARRC's PRAC







## Pipeline on Rails

Moving LNG to Fairbanks





## LNG By Rail

**Demonstration Project & First Responder Training** 



- First in nation
- Two tanks from Hitachi
- 8 round trips to Fairbanks
- Multi-modal project
- FRA and other railroads on the ground to observe
- 10 Sessions along Railbelt
- 200+ First Responders
- Classroom & full consist training





# EAST PALESTINE, OHIO TRAIN DERAILMENT EMERGENCY RESPONSE



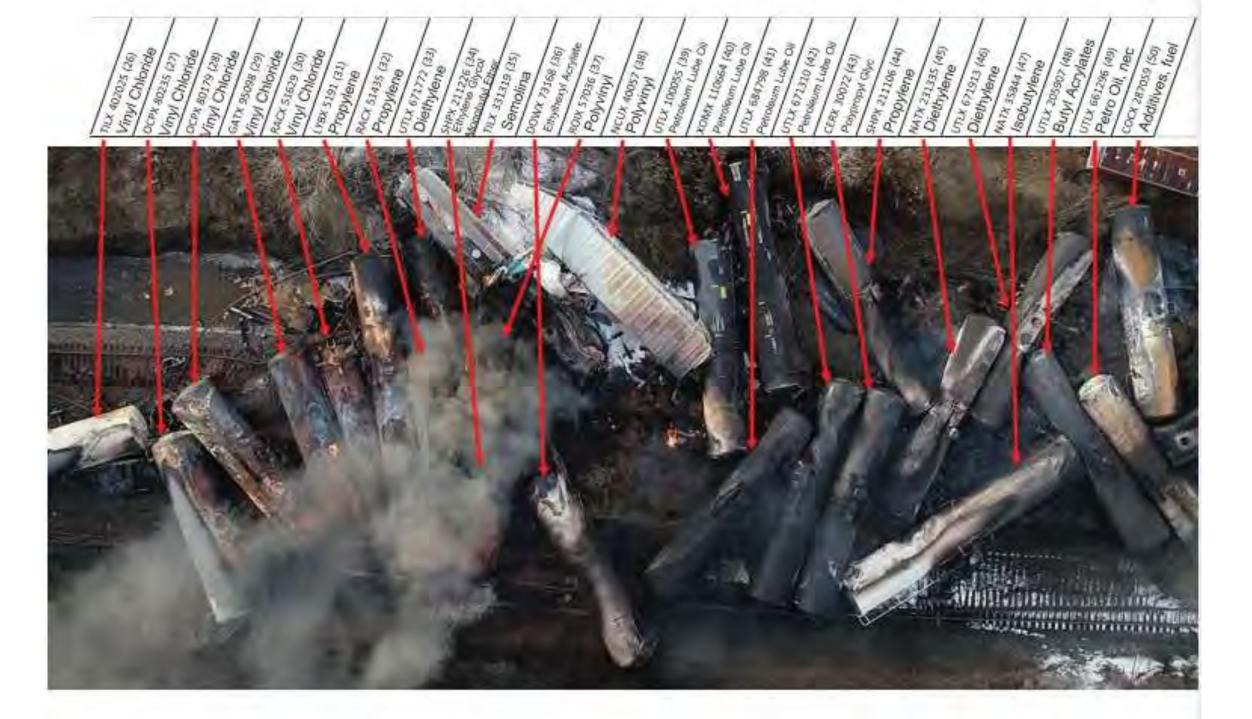








East Palestine Train Derailment Emergency & Cleanup

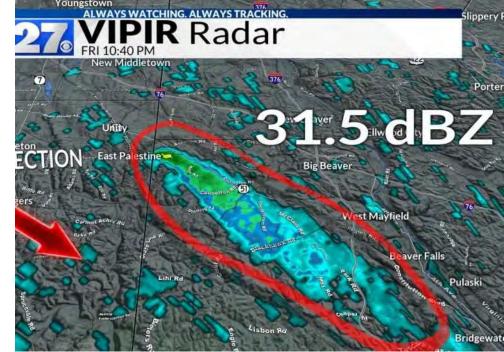


**Unified Command** 



Prepping for the Vent & Burn







#### East Palestine Train Derailment Response

PHASE 1
EMERGENCY
RESPONSE

PHASE 2
ENVIRONMENTAL
CLEANUP

Wind Down...

Lift the evac...

(2/6 - 2/12)

Overseen by state and local authorities

with support from EPA and other federal agencies EPA orders
Norfolk
Southern to
conduct all
cleanup actions

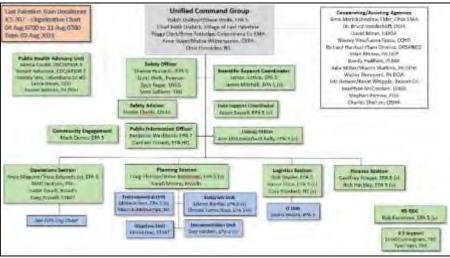
Ramp Up!!!

(2/13 - 2/25)



# Response Organization















#### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGIONS 3 AND 5

# East Palestine Train Derailment Site East Palestine, Columbiana County, Ohio Norfolk Southern Railway Company. Respondent Proceeding under Section 106(a) of the Comprehensive Environmental

Response, Compensation, and Liability

Act, as amended. 42 U.S.C. § 9606(a).

CERCLA Docket No. V-W-23-C-004

UNILATERAL ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER FOR REMOVAL ACTIONS

#### Appendices

Appendix A - Health and Safety Plan

Appendix B - Site Security Plan

Appendix C - Air Sampling and Analysis Plan

Appendix D - Main Line Interim Soil Removal Plan

Appendix E - Characterization and Remediation Work Plan for Derailment-Area Soil

Appendix F - Phase I - Preliminary Residential / Commercial / Agricultural Soil Sampling Plan

Appendix G - Surface Water Sampling and Analysis Plan

Appendix H - Sediment Sampling Work Plan

Appendix I - Groundwater Characterization Work Plan

Appendix J - Potable Water Sampling Work Plan Update

Appendix K - Sentinel Well - Monitoring Well Installation and Groundwater Sampling Work Plan

Appendix L - Waste Sampling and Management Plan

Appendix M - Community Impact Mitigation Plan

Appendix N - Schedule

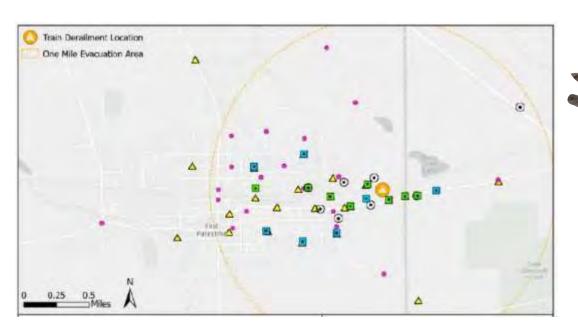
Community
Air Monitoring & Sampling Program

#### Monitoring

- Conducted by EPA & NS for > 180 days
- > 100 million discrete measurements have been collected

#### Sampling

- Over 17,500 air samples collected
- SUMMA canisters, badges, sorbent tubes



Monitoring & sampling for the primary contaminants of concern (vinyl chloride, n-butyl acrylate) have not been detected at sustained levels of concern in the community for the duration of the response.



# Site Safety

- Site wide HASP
  - > 500,000 person hours without serious incident
- OSHA in Unified Command since February
- Comprehensive safety audit conducted
  - OSHA, EPA ERT, 3rd party construction/traffic safety consultants
  - Implemented all recommendations



## Public Health



#### Unified Command - Public Health Advisory Unit

• EPA convenes state, federal and local health officials regularly to keep lines of communication open w/ UC

#### Independent Initiatives

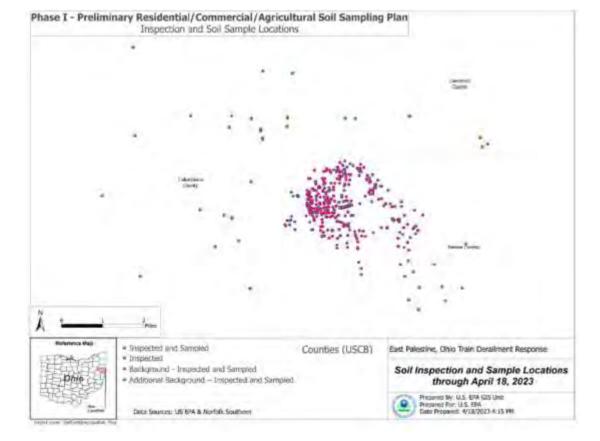
- National Academies of Science, Engineering, & Medicine workshop
- University of Kentucky health research grant
- Several academic institutions conducting independent research

#### Potable Water Sampling

- 860+ private well samples (to date)
- 24 rounds of sampling public water supply (to date)

# Phase 1 Residential/Commercial/Agricultural Soil Sampling - Comparison Study

- Evaluate the area of interest against U.S. background conditions (select PAHs, Dioxins)
- Compare shallow surface soil to deeper surface soil
- Results
  - Results consistent with typical background conditions
  - A few outliers associate with public right-of-way (roadside)





Phase 1 (completed April 14)
- inspected 359 locations sampled 146 locations

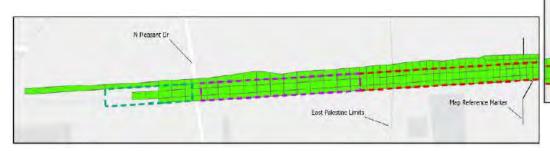
# **Main Line Soil Removal**

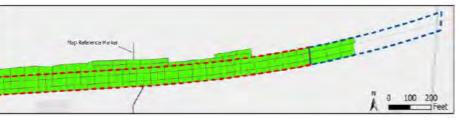


Completed on June 26 both lines are currently operational



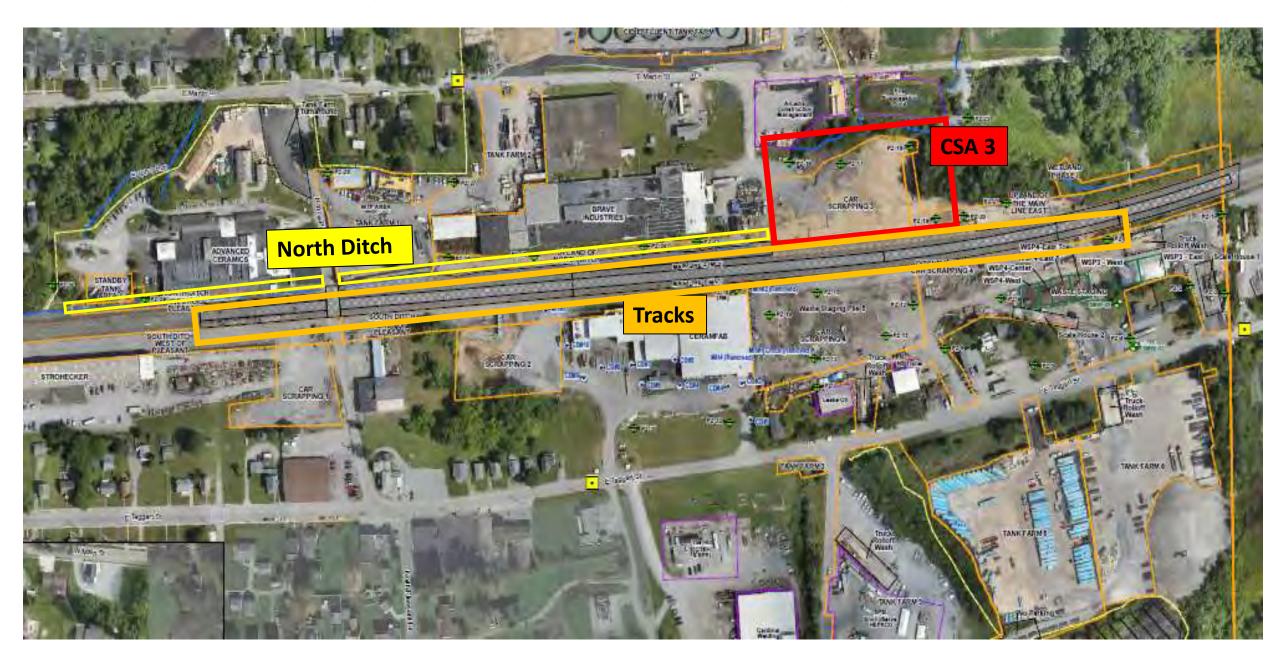








# **Derailment Area Excavations**



# Waste Management

(as of September 1)

**Soil Disposal** 

Over 100,000 tons





#### **Liquid Disposal**

Over 30 million gallons

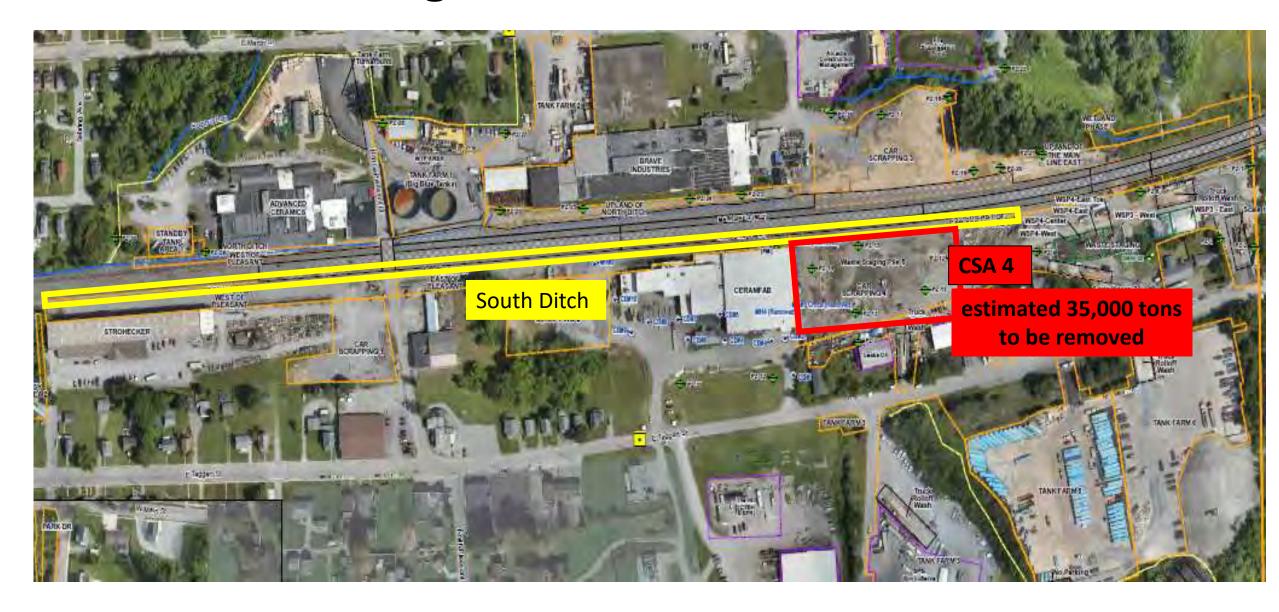


# Remaining Work

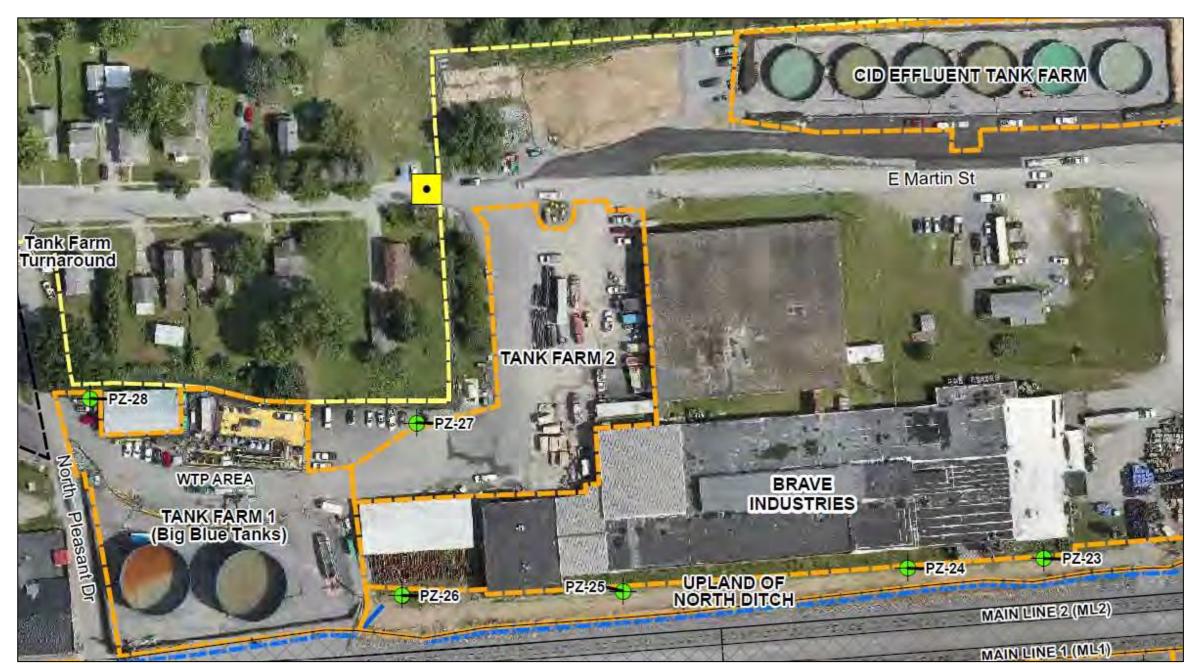
# Car Scrapping Area 4 (CSA 4)



# Remaining Derailment Site Excavations



# Wastewater Treatment Area



# Structure Cleaning

- Enrollment August 1 Sept 14
  - Mailer
  - Websites
- Client interviews
- Schedule cleanings
- Oversight
- Confirmation of completion

### Final Soil Assessment & Stream Work CSA 3 **North Ditch Tracks** CSA 4 **South Ditch** Number Analyte of Samples 2,594 VOC SVOC 85 Dioxin 21 MAIN MAP AREA 28 **PFAS** PARK DRIVE AREA

# Schedule for Remaining Work

TASK	2023			2024			
IASK	September	October	November	December	January	February	March
Structure Cleaning							
CSA 4 / South Ditch excavation							
Water Treatment							
Final soil assessment							
Restoration							



# Community Involvement

- Welcome Center
  - > 1,100 calls, > 990 visitors
- Public open houses (February/March)
- Public information sessions
  - Topic based community meetings
  - Recorded and posted
- Community partners engagement
  - Over 30 public events
  - Bi-weekly newsletters / content
  - In the moment videos
  - Leads on community-based events

A Quick Look Back Evaluate early communications

Longer term community engagement

On-going misinformation concerns

Training and exercises

Technology and resources

Continuity

## Forward

Increasing numbers of emergencies and disasters

Internal resource challenges

External resources needs

Increased collaboration

Whole of government response

# Thanks to all who supported this very challenging response!

East Palestine Train Derailment Emergency & Cleanup



# **APC OVERVIEW**



# VESSEL OPERATIONS

#### Types of Operations:

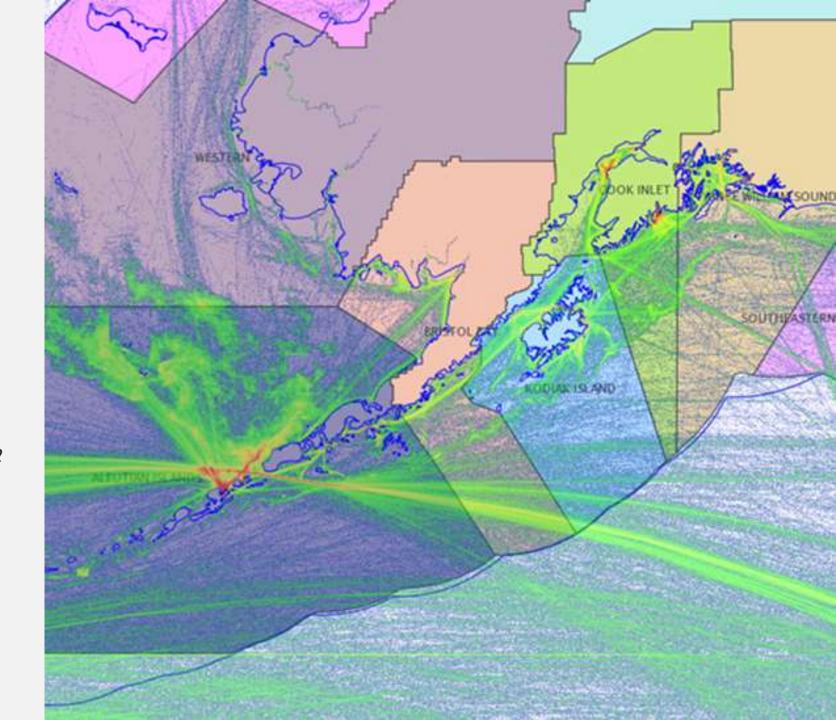
- Transits (Tank and Non-tank)
- Oil transfers (bunkering/lightering)
  - Tanker to Barge
  - Barge to Barge
  - Barge to Facility

#### **Vessel Specifics:**

- Where & when operations are conducted?
- Volume and Types of oils?

#### **COTP Zone Differences for NPC:**

- Prince William Sound Higher Volume Port
- Southeast Alaska Inland Operating Environment (OE)
- Western Alaska Nearshore OE





#### VRP sections:

- General information and introduction;
- Notification procedures;
- Shipboard spill mitigation procedures;
- Shore-based response activities;
- List of contacts;
- Training procedures;
- Exercise procedures;
- Plan review and update procedures;
- Geographic-specific appendix (GSA) for each Captain of the Port (COTP) zone in which the vessel or vessels operate; and
- An appendix for vessel-specific information for the vessel or vessels covered by the VRP

33 CFR 155.5030:

Non-tank vessel response plan requirements

# S ~ **AMPD**

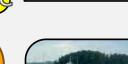




**Aerial Tracking** 



**Logistical Support & Sustainment** 





**On-water Recovery:** 



**On-water Recovery: MMPD** 



**On-water Recovery:** WCD



**Shoreline Protection** 



**Shoreline Cleanup** 





**Dispersants** 



Salvage: Assess & Survey



Salvage: **Stabilization** 



Salvage: Special Ops



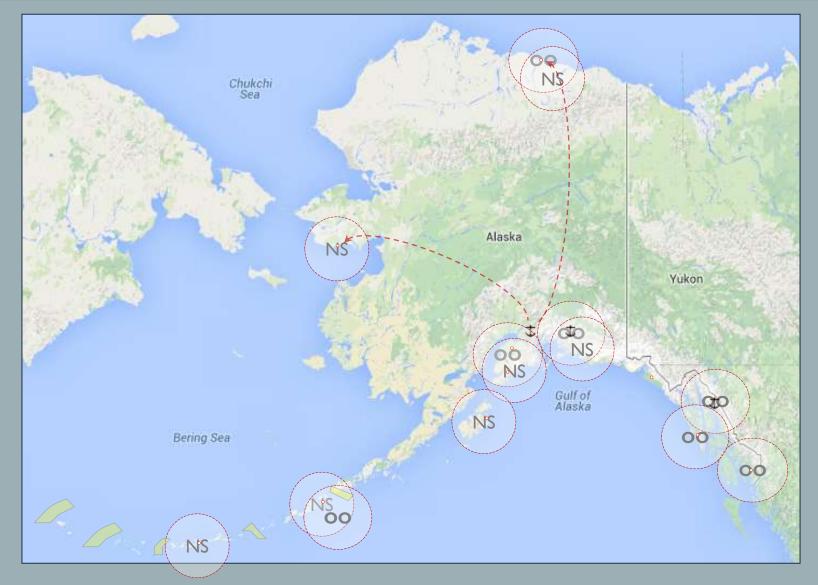
**Marine Firefighting** 

# Why APCs: OSRO COVERAGE















#### APC REQUIREMENTS

I. Reason(s) and supporting info for the APC request;

2. Identification of regs necessitating the APC request;

3. Proposals for alternative procedures, methods, or equipment standards, where applicable, to provide for an equivalent level of planning, response, or pollution mitigation strategies;

4. Prevention and mitigation strategies that ensure low risk of spills and adequate response measures as a result of the APC; and

5. Environmental and economic impact assessments of the effects.

WHAT'S
NEXT FOR
APCS IN
ALASKA
AND
BEYOND...

- MORPAG Results and Response to Comments
- MERCAT establishment
- Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022
  - Western Alaska Oil Spill Planning Criteria
  - Regulation process
  - Program Manager
- USCG Engagement with Area Committees
  - Repeatable process throughout CG
  - Consultation vs Concurrence



QUESTIONS?



# PIPELINE AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SAFETY ADMINISTRATION



## **PHMSA Mission**

To protect people and the environment by advancing the safe transportation of energy and other hazardous materials that are essential to our daily lives.



#### PHMSA's Two Safety Programs

- Pipeline Safety
- Hazardous Materials Safety







# Office of Pipeline Safety

#### **Data and Risk Analysis**

Analyze data to identify, assess and manage safety risks.

#### **Outreach**

Enhance safety and education through stakeholder outreach and engagement.

#### **Engineering & Research**

Conduct research and development to innovate and improve transportation safety policies, techniques, processes, and procedures. Review and issue Special Permits, and some notifications by operators for excursions from regulatory requirements.

#### **Regulations and Standards**

Write new regulations and incorporate necessary standards to improve pipeline safety.

#### **Training**

Provide training for federal and state pipeline inspectors through PHMSA's training center.

#### **Enforcement**

Maintain the registry of issued enforcement actions including publicly available documents on the Enforcement Transparency Webpage.

#### **State Programs**

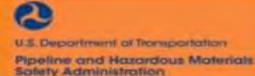
Manage effectiveness of and resources for state programs.

#### **Inspections**

Inspect pipeline operators and their facilities to ensure pipeline safety standards are being met.

#### **Accident Investigations**

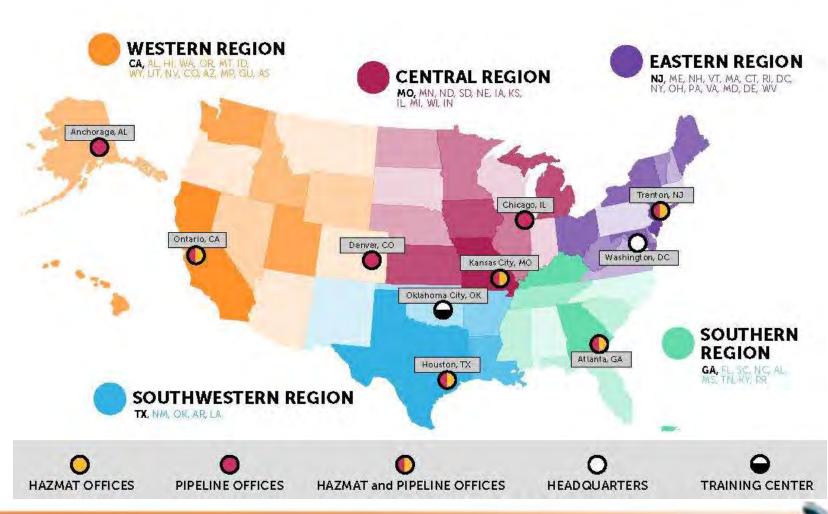
Investigate pipeline failures/release.







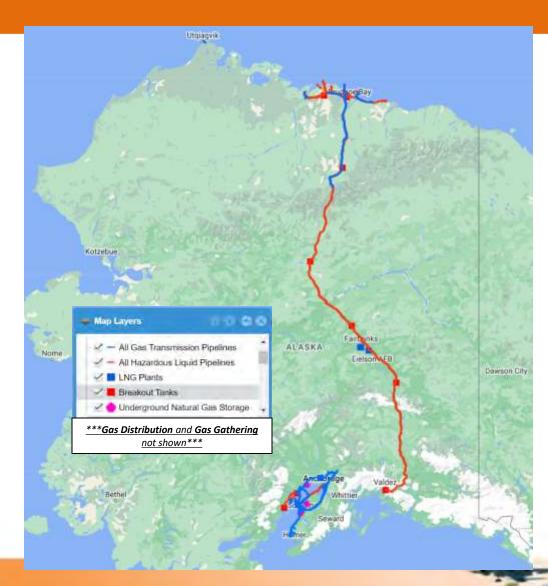
# PHMSA Regional Offices





## PHMSA Alaska

- Western Region office in Lakewood, CO
- Anchorage satellite office has seven inspectors
- Perform inspection on highest risk assets
- Aid accident/incident investigation as needed
- Site visits as circumstances require



# Regulated Infrastructure in Alaska

#### **AK Pipeline Facilities by System Type**

*				
System Type	Miles	% of Miles	# of Operators	
Hazardous Liquid	1,258, 12 tanks	14%	14	
Gas Transmission (Interstate + Intrastate)	885	10%	14	
Gas Gathering	70	< 1%	3	
Gas Distribution (Mains + Services)	6,591	75%	5	
TOTAL	8,804			
Underground Natural Gas Storage	4 facilities	5 reservoirs, 27 wells	2	
Liquified Natural Gas	5 plants	10 tanks	2	

Figures as of January 26, 2023



## **PHMSA Jurisdiction**

- Jurisdiction is based on *function* of pipelines—facilities transporting natural gas and hazardous liquids are within PHMSA's jurisdiction:
  - Transportation pipelines:
    - Transmission, gathering, distribution pipelines
  - Commodities:
    - Natural gas, liquified petroleum gas (LPG), hazardous liquids (petroleum products, anhydrous ammonia, ethanol, non-petroleum fuel including biofuel which is flammable, toxic, or harmful to the environment if released), carbon dioxide
  - Underground natural gas storage facilities, liquified natural gas (LNG) facilities, breakout tanks within jurisdictional pipeline systems



# Inspections & Enforcement Topics

#### Reporting

Operators are required to annually report information to the Federal government about their jurisdictional assets as well as certain safety conditions, or leaks or incidents that meet thresholds in the code.

#### **Design & Materials**

Requirements for the design of new pipelines and allowable materials are included in 49 C.F.R. Part 192 (natural gas), Part 193 (LNG), and Part 195 (hazardous liquid)

#### Construction

Requirements for pipeline construction.

#### Welding (& Plastic Pipe Joining)

Regulations require welding practices & procedures, and welders are qualified, and includes requirements for testing of welds.

#### **Corrosion Control**

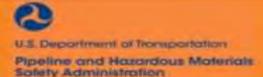
Requirements for corrosion inspections, and cathodic protection on pipelines.

#### **Maintenance & Operations**

Code requires operators to write, update, and follow a manual of procedures that outlines the required M&O tasks such as surveillance of pipeline ROW & patrols & facility security, installing & maintaining line markers, odorization (gas) & leak detection, maintaining maps & records, valve, overpressure protection, and facility inspection & maintenance.

#### **Integrity Management**

Operators are required to inspect their pipelines' integrity, assess the risks of their assets and take measures to prevent and mitigate risks.







# **PHMSA Authority**

Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49 Transportation

**Subchapter D – Pipeline Safety** 

Part 190 – Pipeline Safety Enforcement and Regulatory

**Procedures** prescribes PHMSA's enforcement authority to inspect and investigate pipeline operators and to use enforcement tools:

Warnings

Notices of Amendment (NOA) of plans or procedures

Notices of Probable Violation (NOPV)

Compliance Orders (CO)

Consent Orders (agreement)

Civil Penalties

Corrective Action Orders

**Emergency Orders** 

Safety Orders

Criminal Enforcement



# **Response Coordination**



# Preparedness, Emergency Support, and Security Division of OPS

- Oil Spill Response branch reviews and approves oil spill plans for onshore pipeline facilities as required by Part 194.
- *Emergency Support* branch coordinates PHMSA's response to manmade, natural disasters, and security matters of national significance. PHMSA's Emergency Coordinator (EC) is also the member for the U.S. National Response Team.

# **Abandoned Pipelines**

- PHMSA regulations do not recognize an "idle" status for pipelines.
- The regulations consider pipelines to be either active and fully subject to all relevant parts of the safety regulations or abandoned.
- The process and requirements for pipeline abandonment are captured in §§ 192.727 and 195.402(c)(10) for gas and hazardous liquid pipelines.
- Abandoned pipelines must comply with requirements to purge all combustibles and seal any facilities left in place.

# **Abandoned Pipelines**

• August 2016 PHMSA issued Advisory Bulletin [Docket No. PHMSA-2016-0075] Pipeline Safety: Clarification of Terms Relating to Pipeline Operational Status:

Pipelines not currently in operation are sometimes informally referred to as "idled," "inactive," or "decommissioned." These pipelines may be shut down and still contain hazardous liquids or gas... If a pipeline is not properly abandoned and may be used in the future for transportation of hazardous liquid or gas, PHMSA regulations consider it as an active pipeline. Owners and operators of pipelines that are not operating but contain hazardous liquids and gas must comply with all applicable safety requirements, including periodic maintenance, integrity management assessments, damage prevention programs, response planning, and public awareness programs.

- PHMSA will except deferral of certain activities for pipelines that are purged but expected to be used in the future.
- Operators planning to defer maintenance for purged pipelines should coordinate in advance with regulators.



# **Questions?**

US Department of Transportation **Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration**188 W. Northern Lights Blvd. Suite 520, Anchorage, AK, 99503

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## **Public Comment**



# Alaska Regional Response Team







# **NEXT MEETINGS**

- March 5-7, 2024
- September 10-12, 2024
- March 19-20, 2025

# REVIEW OF PARKING LOT ISSUES & CLOSING REMARKS



# Alaska Regional Response Team





